# GHALIB HIGH SCHOOL, CONNTONMENT, BALLARI.

BRIDGE COURSE
SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE
ENGLISH MEDIUM

8<sup>TH</sup>,9<sup>TH</sup>,10<sup>TH</sup>
2024-25

# Perseverance is the key to success

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#### COMPETENSIES

CLASS:8<sup>TH</sup> SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

- 1- THE COLONIES OF EUROPEANS IN INDIA.
- 2- IMPORTANCE OF SOCIAL AND RELIGIOUS REFORMS IN INDIA.
- 3- IMPACT OF THE BRITISH RULE.
- 4- PHYSICAL DIVISIONS OF INDIA
- 5- FIRST WAR OF INDIAN INDEPENDENCE 1857
- 6- FREEDOM MOVEMENT
- 7- MAIN ORGANS OF UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION (U.N.O.)
- 8- BHAKTHI CULT AND SUFI HERITAGE IN INDIA
- 9- THE UNION GOVERNMENT
- 10- INDIA AND NEIGHBOURING COUNTRIES

CLASS:8<sup>TH</sup>

**SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE** 

1- The sea route between India and Europe was discovered by
2- Albuquerque came to India in year
3is known as 'The Father of Indian Renaissance'.
4- The founder of Prathana Samaj is
5- Mahal means
6- Lord Wellesley started a college at
7- The Indian physiography has been divided into major parts.
8- Greater Himalaya is also called
9- British historians refer to the 1857 revolt as
10- Indian historians refer to the 1857 revolt as
11- Founder of the Indian National Congress was
12- The Indian National Congress was established in the year
•
13- The Head office of the UNO is situated in
14- Maintenance of international peace and security is the main
function of the of the UNO.
15 is the pen name of Akkamahadevi.
16- Adikeshava is the pen name of
17- One has to complete years to become a member of
the Lok Sabha.
18- One has to complete years to become a member of
the Rajya Sabha.
19- Bangladesh which was the part of Pakistan was called
20- India was disappointed when Chinese forces occupied Tibet in

- 1-Vasco da Gama
- 2-1509
- 3- Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- 4- Dr Athma Ram Panduranga
- 5- village
- 6- Calcutta
- 7-4
- 8- Himadri
- 9- The Sepoy Mutiny
- 10- The First War of Independence
- 11- A.O.Hume
- 12-1885
- 13- New York
- 14- The Security Council
- 15-Channamallikarjuna
- 16- Kanakadasa
- **17-25**
- 18-30
- 19- East Pakistan
- 20-1958

#### **POST-TEST**

CLASS:8<sup>TH</sup> SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

# **Student Name:**

1-	The capital of French in India was
2-	The Dutch is relatedcountry
3-	The founder of Satya Shodak Samaj is
4-	Aligarh movement was started by
5-	Civil courts were called
6-	criminal courts were called
7-	In the central part of IndiaNorth latitude passes.
8-	The highest mountain peak in the world is
9-	During the 1857 revolt, at Barakpura, British officer was killed
by	•
10-	Jhansi Rani fought against British and took under her
cor	ntrol.
11-	Chowri-Chowra incident took place in the year
	·
12-	The General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party was
	•
13-	Total permanent members of the UNO Security Council is
	members.
14-	The International Court of Justice is headquartered at
<b>15</b> -	Chaithanya's first name is
16-	Sufi saint Khwaja Bande Nawaj's another name is
<b>17</b> -	was the first PM of India.
18-	is the present PM of India.
19-	Expand SAARC
20-	In the SAARC came into force.

- 1- Pondichery
- 2- Holland (the Netherlands)
- 3- Mahatma Jyothibha Phule
- 4- Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
- 5- Diwani Adalats
- 6- Fauji Adalats
- 7- Tropic of Cancer
- 8- Mount Everest
- 9- Mangal Pandey
- 10- Gwalior
- 11- 1922
- 12- Jayaprakash Narayan
- 13- 5
- 14- Hague in the Netherlands.
- 15- Vishwambara
- 16- Khaja Moyinuddin Chisthi
- 17- Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru
- 18- Sri. Narendra Modi
- 19- South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation
- 20-1985

# **Bridge course test- Results analysis**

Subject: Social Science Class:8<sup>th</sup>

SI no	Name of the students	Test	Ability1	Ability2	Ability3	Ability4	Ability5	Ability6	Ability7	Ability8	Ability9	Ability10	Ability11	Ability12	Ability13	Ability14	Ability15	Ability16	Ability17	Ability18	Ability19	Ability20	A	В	Remedial students
			1	2	က	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20			
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#### COMPETENSIES

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CLASS:9 <sup>TH</sup>	SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE
1- SOURCES, IDENTIFIES THE DIFFE	RENT SOURCES OF HISTORY.
2- ANALYZES HOW THE URBAN PLA COMPARES WITH THOSE OF THE N	ANNING OF INDUS VALLEY CIVILIZATION MODERN TIMES.
3- DIFFERENT RELIGION AND THEIR	R TEACHINGS.
4- IMPORTANCE OF POLITICAL SCI CITIZENSHIP	ENCE, DEMOCRACY, CITIZEN AND
5- IMPORTANCE OF SOCIOLOGY, C	CULTURE AND SOCIETY.
6- LATITUDE, LONGITUDE, LAND A	ND WATER BODIES.
7- MEANING AND IMPORTANCE O HYDROSPHERE AND BIOSPHERE.	F LITHOSPHERE, ATMOSPHERE,
8- MEANING AND IMPORTANCE O	F BUSINESS.
9- MEANING, IMPORTANCE AND T	YPES OF ECONOMICS.
10- EMERGENCE OF DIFFERENT BUS	SINESS ORGANISATIONS

#### PRE-TEST

CLASS:9TH

**SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE** 

1- The two kinds of literary sources are and
2- A literary source of Ashwaghosha is
3- Harappa was found in the Valley of Punjab.
4- Total vedas are
5- The first Jain Tirthankara was
6- Vardhamana was born at
7- The word Politics was derived from the Greek word
8- Aristotle wrote a book on political science and it is called
9- Man is a animal.
10- The Father of Sociology is
11- The 23½0 North latitude is called as
12- The Indian Standard Time is based on longitude.
13- The continental crust is also called
14- The lowest layer of the atmosphere is
15- The best example for Entrepot trade is
16- Cottage industries are mainly concentrated in
17- The word 'Economics' originates from the Greek root words
and
18- The quality of the goods and services which can satisfy man's wants is
called
19- The Indian Partnership Act was passed in the year to regulate the
affairs of the partnership firms.
20- The Maximum number of partners in a firm which carries out banking
business is

- 1- Native Literature 2. Foreign Literature
- 2- Buddha Charita
- 3- Sindhu
- 4-4
- 5- Rishabha
- 6- Kudala
- 7- Polis
- 8- The Politics
- 9-Social
- **10- Auguste Comte**
- 11- Tropic of Cancer
- 12-82½° East
- 13- SIAL
- 14-Troposphere
- 15-Singapore
- 16- Villages
- 17- 'okos', 'nomos'
- 18- Utility
- 19-1932
- 20- ten

#### **POST TEST**

CLASS:9<sup>TH</sup> SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

1-A literary source of Kautilya's
2- The first inscription found in Kannada language is
3- Harappan people depended on agriculture and
4- The Oldest Veda is
5- The original name of Gautama Buddha was
6- The first sermon of Buddha is called
7- Citizenship Act was passed in the year
8- A temporarily residing foreigner in our country is called
9- Culture means
10- We get to see unity in India.
11- The total geographical area of the Earth isSq. Kms.
12- The shape of the Earth is
13- The average depth of the continental shelf is
14-The variety of flora (plants) and fauna (animals) in a region is known as
15-The manufacture of chemicals is carried out in industries.
16-The sole objective of business should be earningprofit.  17-If the national income is divided by the nation's total population we get
18- Workers involved in carrying materials loading and unloading the cargo are called
19- The Head of the Hindu undivided family business is known as
20-The only business concern under private business organization found in India is

- 1- Arthashastra
- 2- Halmidi
- 3- Trade
- 4- Rig-Veda
- 5- Siddhartha
- 6- Dharma Chakra Pravarthana
- 7- **1955**
- 8- Alien
- 9- good behaviour
- 10-in diversity
- 11-510 million
- 12-Geoid
- 13-100 fathoms
- 14-Biodiversity
- 15-small scale
- 16-reasonable
- 17-per capita income
- 18-physical labour
- 19-**Karta**
- 20- Hindu undivided family business

# **Bridge course test- Results analysis**

Subject: Social Science Class:9<sup>th</sup>

SI no	Name of the students	Test	Ability1	Ability2	Ability3	Ability4	Ability5	Ability6	Ability7	Ability8	Ability9	Ability10	Ability11	Ability12	Ability13	Ability14	Ability15	Ability16	Ability17	Ability18	Ability19	Ability20	A	В	Remedial students
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#### **COMPETENSIES**

CLASS:10<sup>TH</sup> SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

- 1- RELIGIONS OF THE WORLD AND THEIR PRINCIPLES.
- 2- LIFE AND TEACHINGS OF RELIGIOUS PROMOTERS AND SOCIAL REFORMERS.
- 3- QUALIFICATIONS NEEDED TO BECOME A MEMBER OF LOK SABHA AND RAJYA SABHA.
- 4- FACTORS WHICH ENABLE UNITY IN DIVERSITY.
- 5- MEANING, CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPES OF FAMILY.
- 6- AGENCIES OF SOCIALIZATION.
- 7- PHYSICAL DIVISIONS OF KARNATAKA.
- 8- MEANING AND IMPORTANCE OF TRANSPORT.
- 9- MEANING AND TYPES OF NATURAL RESOURCES.
- 10- ECONOMIC STRUCTURE

# PRE-TEST

CLASS:10 <sup>11</sup>	SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE
1- Progenitor of Judaism is	•
2- The founder of Zoroastrianism	·
3- Shankaracharya was born at	_ in Kerala.
4- "The world is an illusion, Brahma alone is the by	Truth". This was propounded
5- One has to complete years to become	ne a member of the Lok Sabha
6- The Commander-in-Chief of the three Armed	Forces is the
7- Republic Day is one of the festiva	als.
8- Number of languages recognised as official la is	nguages in our constitution
9- The living cell of the society is	
10- The family is a unit of	
11- The process of evolution of man as a social k	peing is
12- Mother is the child's first	
13- The State to the east of Karnataka is	
14- The largest district in Karnataka is	
15- Villages and towns are linked by t	ransport.
16- The first Railway Line in Karnataka was esta	blished in the year
17- Kudremukh in Karnataka is noted for	ore.
18- The best-quality iron ore is	-
19- Positive change relates to activities	<b>5.</b>
20- In the ancient economies, was the	e main one

- 1- Abraham
- 2- Zarthustra
- 3- Kalati
- 4- Shankaracharya
- **5-25 years**
- 6- President
- 7- national
- 8-22
- 9- family
- 10- society
- 11- socialization
- 12- teacher
- 13- Andhra Pradesh
- 14- Belagavi
- 15- Road
- 16-1864
- 17-Iron
- 18- magnetite
- 19- economic
- 20- agriculture

#### **POST TEST**

CLASS:10<sup>TH</sup> SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

1- Muhammad the Prophet was born at
2- The Holy book of Islam is
3- Ramanujacharya's disciples are called
4- Proponent of Dwaita philosophy is
5- The Karnataka Legislative Council comprises members.
6- The Governor is appointed by the
7- Our National Animal is
8- Our National Bird is
9- When the father is the head of the family, that family is calledfamily
10 family is seen among the Nairs of Malabar in Kerala
11- Home is the child's first
12- The tender minds of children blossom through
13- Karnataka is in the part of India.
14 island is located near Malpe.
15- The district with least number of district roads in Karnataka is
16- The port that is called the 'Gateway of Karnataka'is
17- The leading producer of manganese in Karnataka is
18- The metal that is produced from bauxite ore is
19- There are sectors in a simple economy.
20-) 'Static economics' has been derived from the word

- 1- Macca
- 2- Quran
- 3-Shrivaishnavites
- 4- Madwacharya
- 5-75
- 6- President
- 7- Tiger
- 8- Peacock
- 9- patriarchal
- 10- Matriarchal
- 11- school
- 12- socialization process
- 13- southern
- 14-St. Mary
- 15- Raichur
- 16- Mangalore
- 17- Sandur in Bellary
- 18- aluminium
- 19- household and manufacturing
- 20- Greek word 'statika'

#### **SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE**

# **Bridge course test- Results analysis**

Subject: Social Science Class:10<sup>th</sup>

SI no	Name of the students	Test	Ability1	Ability2	Ability3	Ability4	Ability5	Ability6	Ability7	Ability8	Ability9	Ability10	Ability11	Ability12	Ability13	Ability14	Ability15	Ability16	Ability17	Ability18	Ability19	Ability20	A	В	Remedial students
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