

# KARTET 2021

## PRACTICE PAPER 01

### SOCIAL SCIENCE (CONTENT)

50 X 1 = 50 Marks

For CDP / Science / ENGLISH / EVS Practice Papers

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- Which of the following Vedas deals with magic spells and witchcraft?  
(a) Rigveda (c) Yajurveda  
(b) Samaveda (d) Atharvaveda
- The later Vedic Age means the age of the compilation of  
(a) Samhitas (c) Aranyakas  
(b) Brahmanas (d) All the above
- The Vedic religion along with its Later (Vedic) developments is actually known as  
(a) Hinduism (c) Bhagavatism  
(b) Brahmanism (d) Vedic Dharma
- The Vedic Aryans first settled in the region of  
(a) Central India (c) Saptasindhu  
(b) Gangetic Doab (d) Kashmir and Punjab
- Which of the following contains the famous Gayatrimantra?  
(a) Rigveda (c) Kathopanishad  
(b) Samaveda (d) Aitareya Brahmana
- The famous Gayatrimantra is addressed to  
(a) Indra (c) Pashupati  
(b) Varuna (d) Savita
- Two highest ,gods in the Vedic religion were  
(a) Agni and Savitri (c) Indra and Varuna  
(b) Vishnu and Mitra (d) Surya and Pushan
- Division of the Vedic society into four classes is clearly mentioned in the  
(a) Yajurveda (c) Upanishads  
(b) Purusa-sukta of Rigveda (d) Shatapatha Brahmana



9. This Vedic God was 'a breaker of the forts' and also a 'war god'

- (a) Indra
- (b) Yama
- (c) Marut
- (d) Varuna

10. The Harappan or Indus Valley Civilisation flourished during the \_\_\_\_ age.

- (a) Megalithic
- (b) Paleolithic
- (c) Neolithic
- (d) Chalcolithic

11. The utensils of the Indus Valley people were mainly made of

- (a) clay
- (b) copper
- (c) bronze
- (d) brass

12. Which of the following metals was not known to the Indus valley people?

- (a) gold
- (b) silver
- (c) copper
- (d) iron

13. Which of the following objects was not worshipped by the Indus valley people

- (a) Mother Goddess
- (b) Pashupati Shiva
- (c) Trees such as Peepal and Acacia
- (d) Trimurti

14. At which of the following Harappan sites has a supposed dockyard been found?

- (a) Kalibangan
- (b) Lothal
- (c) Suktagendor
- (d) Sotka Koli

15. The economy of the Indus Valley people was based on?

- (a) Agriculture
- (b) Trade and Commerce
- (c) Crafts
- (d) All the above

16. The Harappan Civilisation declined as a result of

- (a) Aryan invasion
- (b) Decline in foreign trade
- (c) Ecological factors
- (d) Not definitely known factors



17. The most common animal figure found at all the Harappan sites is

- (a) unihorn bull
- (b) cow
- (c) bull
- (d) tiger

18. The term Aryan, Indo-Aryan or Indo-European denotes a \_\_\_\_ concept?

- (a) Linguistic
- (b) Racial
- (c) Religious
- (d) Cultural

19. According to the most widely accepted view, the Aryans originally came from

- (a) India
- (b) Central Asia
- (c) Central Europe
- (d) Steppes of Russia

20. Which of the following Vedas was compiled first?  
(a) Rigveda (c) Yajurveda  
(b) Samaveda (d) Atharvaved

21. Which among the following is not a correct pair?  
(a) Ellora Caves – Rastrakuta Rulers  
(b) Mahabalipuram – Pallava Rulers  
(c) Khajuraho – Chandellas  
(d) Elephanta Caves – Maurya Era

22. Which among the following Kavya of Sanskrit, deal with court intrigues & access to power of Chandragupta Maurya?  
(a) Mrichhakatika  
(b) Ritusamhara  
(c) Kumarasambhava  
(d) Mudrarakshahsa

23. On which of the following systems of Hindu Philosophy, Shankaracharya wrote commentary in 9th century AD?  
(a) Sankhya  
(b) Vaisheshika  
(c) Yoga  
(d) Uttarmimansa



24. The eighth-century tripartite power struggle was among which of the following?  
(a) Cholas, Rastrakutas and Yadavas,  
(b) Chalukyas, Pallavas and Pandyas  
(c) Cholas, Pandyas and Chalukyas  
(d) Chalukyas, Pallavas and Yadavas

25. Where were the hymns of Rigveda composed?  
(a) Punjab (c) Rajasthan  
(b) Gujarat (d) Uttar Pradesh

26. Which among the following is a place in Larkana district of Sind province in Pakistan?  
(a) Alamgirpur (c) Rangapur  
(b) Harappa (d) Mohenjo-Daro

27. What led to the end of Indus Valley Civilization?  
(a) Invasion of Aryans (c) Earthquakes  
(b) Recurrent Floods (d) All the above

28. Who was the main male God worshipped by Indus people?  
(a) Lord Vishnu (c) Brahma  
(b) Vishnu (d) Indra

29. Which empire lasted the longest among the following?  
(a) The Palas (c) The Rashtrakutas  
(b) The Pratiharas (d) The Senas

30. Which of the following statement is wrong?  
(a) Dharmapala was the founder of Pala dynasty.  
(b) Vikramashila University was founded by Dharmapala ?  
(c) Bhoja was the founder of Pratihara Empire.  
(d) Krishna III was the last Rashtrakuta king.

31. Who was the ruler of the kingdom between the rivers Jhelum and Chenab?  
(a) Alexander the Great  
(b) Darius III  
(c) King Porus  
(d) Chandragupta Maurya

32. Who was the last Hindu emperor of northern India?  
(a) Harsha (c) Rajyavardhana  
(b) Pulakesin II (d) Skandagupta

33. Which among the following is not correct?  
(a) The capital of Pandyas was Madurai  
(b) The capital of Cheras was Vanchi  
(c) Capital of the Videha Kingdom – Mithila  
(d) Capital of Gahadwal Dynasty – Kannauj



34. Which king started the organization of Kumbh fair at Allahabad?  
(a) Harshavardhana (c) Narshimhvarman  
(b) Dhruvasena II (d) Akbar

35. Upanishads are books on :  
(a) Politics (c) Medicine  
(b) Philosophy (d) Social life

36. Who was the first Indian ruler who had territory outside India?  
(a) Ashoka (c) Kanishka  
(b) Chandragupta Maurya (d) Huvishka

37. Which of the following statement is wrong?  
(a) Sunga dynasty was founded by Pushyamitra  
(b) Ashoka the Great Mauryan king died in 332 BC  
(c) Ashoka invaded the Kalinga in 261 BC  
(d) Chandragupta Maurya earned the title of the Liberator.

38. Who among the following was worshipped during Early Vedic Civilization?  
(a) Varuna (c) Surya  
(b) Indra (d) All the above

39. Gautam Buddha as a prince was known as

- (a) Gautam (c) Rahul  
(b) Siddhartha (d) Suddhodhana

40. Ashoka has been particularly Influenced by the Buddhist monk

- (a) Ambhi (c) Asvaghosha  
(b) Upagupta (d) Vasubandhu

41. During Kanishka's reign, the centre of political activity shifted from Magadha to

- (a) Delhi (c) Kannauj  
(b) Ayodhya (d) Purushapura

42 Which of the following Sanskrit language?

- (a) Kushanas (c) Guptas  
(b) Mauryas (d) Indo-Greeks

43. Who had got the Konark Sun Temple constructed?

- (a) Kanishka (c) Narasimha Deva II  
(b) Ashoka (d) Rajendra Chola

44. Which one of the following sculptures invariably used green schist as the medium?

- (a) Maurya sculptures  
(b) Mathura sculptures  
(c) Bharhut sculptures  
(d) Gandhara sculptures



45. Who among the following is known for his work on medicine during the Gupta period?

- (a) Saumilla (c) Shaunaka  
(b) Sudraka (d) Susrutha

46. In the context of ancient Indian society, which one of the following terms does not belong to the category of the other three?

- (a) Kula (c) Kosa  
(b) Vamsa (d) Gotra

47. Who wrote Mrichchhakatika ?

- (a) Akbar (c) Sudraka  
(b) Kalidas (d) Dandin

48. After the partition of India, the largest number of Harappan towns and settlements have been found In

- (a) Punjab (c) Gujarat  
(b) Haryana (d) Uttar Pradesh

49. The Indus Valley civilisation can be said to belong to the

- (a) Paleolithic age (c) Neolithic age  
(b) Primitive age (d) Bronze age

50. Who among the following used to hold a religious assembly at Prayag every five year?

- (a) Ashoka (c) Kanishka  
(b) Harshvardhana (d) Chandragupta Vikramaditya

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