



CLICK & JOIN



CDP – Daily Practice Questions (Part 1)

- The statement related to growth is _____
 - A ten years old boy speaks clearly than a two years old kid.
 - Smitha a 5th standard student writes a very good handwriting.
 - Ramu is the tallest boy in the class.**
 - Sarojini sings very well.
- Growth is _____
 - An abstract concept.
 - Visible, measurable and quantifiable.**
 - Enhancement in thinking capacity.
 - The resultant of learning
- Development involves _____
 - Growth, learning, maturation, equilibration and synthesis**
 - Increase in height and weight.
 - Increasing of certain abilities.
 - Becoming an elderly person
- Development is _____
 - Not related growth.
 - A concrete process.
 - An abstract process, hence not possible to measure.
 - A process involving both quantitative and qualitative enhancement**
- Growth means, it _____
 - Cannot be imparted through training.**
 - Is the only factor that is responsible for development.
 - Is under an individual's control.
 - Could be planned and brought out.
- Development is a process involving _____
 - Only physical development.
 - Different phases like baby hood, childhood, adult hood and old age.**
 - Ceases after crossing particular age.

- d) Chronological enhancement
7. The areas which are identified under the process of development _____
- a) Skills
 - b) Vocabulary
 - c) Numerical ability
 - d) Physical development, cognitive/ mental development**
8. A properly developed person can be identified by his _____
- a) Matured behaviour**
 - b) Huge size
 - c) Talkative nature
 - d) Childish activities
9. The terms 'Growth' and 'Development' _____
- a) Can be used inter changeably
 - b) Are synonymous
 - c) Are not one and the same
 - d) Inter-dependent and hence, influence each other**
10. Whatever we are today is because of _____
- a) Our parents
 - b) Our teachers
 - c) Environment
 - d) Our learning**
11. Learning means _____
- a) Acquiring knowledge
 - b) Change of behaviour
 - c) A desirable, relatively permanent change of behaviour**
 - d) Reading and writing
12. Most of our learning is due to _____
- a) Reading books
 - b) Obeying elders.
 - c) Parents and teachers
 - d) Experiences**
13. Learning is a _____
- a) Process that takes place in the classroom
 - b) Process of continuum, from birth to the death of an individual**
 - c) Stops automatically after a certain age of an individual
 - d) An indirect process which is not possible to observe
14. The school going child will _____
- a) Learn certain social disciplines**
 - b) Become more intelligent
 - c) Develop faster
 - d) Become more obedient

15. Maturity means _____
- a) Physical development
 - b) Physiological development
 - c) Both physical and physiological development
 - d) Far more than physical and physiological development**
16. A matured person will _____
- a) Be older by age
 - b) Be an experienced one
 - c) Have vast knowledge
 - d) Have a balanced state of mind with strong problem solving ability**
17. The integral part of a matured personality is _____
- a) Rich vocabulary
 - b) Empathy
 - c) Life skills and a high emotional intelligence**
 - d) A handsome/beautiful look
18. According to Krogman, maturation is _____
- a) Ageing**
 - b) Learning
 - c) Development
 - d) Growth
19. According to Baldwin, maturation is _____
- a) Physical growth
 - b) Development of values
 - c) An increase in competency and adaptability**
 - d) Transformation from adolescence to adulthood
20. Maturation is a process which _____
- a) Greatly depends upon heredity and also partly on environment**
 - b) Greatly depends upon environment and also partly on heredity
 - c) Depends upon both heredity and environment equally
 - d) Depends only on environment
21. According to Boaz (1984) learning of complex tasks (symbolic learning) predominantly depends upon _____
- a) Maturation of the cerebral cortex and its associated areas**
 - b) Size of the brain
 - c) Conductive environment
 - d) Effective teaching
22. The changes produced in behaviour by maturation are because of _____
- a) Interaction with the environment
 - b) Unfolding and ripening of inherited traits**
 - c) Formal learning
 - d) Informal learning

23. Synthesis being a cumulative process involves _____
- a) **Experience, maturation, equilibration and social transmission**
 - b) Integration of several learnt skills
 - c) Subsuming of lower capabilities with the higher ones
 - d) Addition of different abilities sequentially
24. The process of development is _____
- a) **The product of heredity and environment.**
 - b) The integration of language development and the communication skills.
 - c) The synthesis of all the factors of personality development.
 - d) The social transformation of an individual
25. The analogy that suits synthesis is _____
- a) **All the individual parts aggregate to form a whole**
 - b) The whole could be disintegrated in to parts
 - c) Just adding of or total collection of different factors
 - d) None of the above

