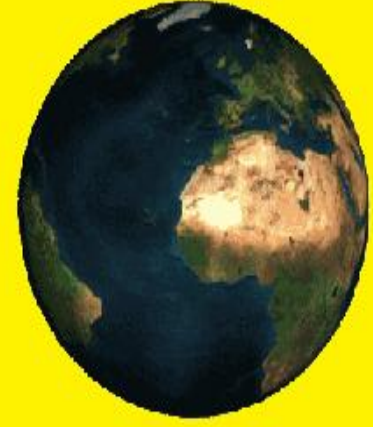




Government of Karnataka
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION



Government Adarsha Vidyalaya H D Kote Town, Tq



Social science



Question - Answer 2021

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MCQ

I. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet:

1. Which one of the following pair is incorrect?

- a) Annie Besant – Benaras Hindu University
b) Raja Ram Mohan Roy – Vedanta College
c) Dayananda Saraswati – Anglo-Vedic College
d) Syed Ahmed Khan – Anglo Oriental College

Ans : c) Dayananda Saraswati – Anglo-Vedic College

2. As per this amendment, the words ‘Secular’ and ‘Socialist’ were added to the constitution

- a) 42
b) 86.
c) 73
d) 51

Ans : a) 42

3. The backward regions in Karnataka have been accorded special status by Article

- a) 371 (A)
b) 371 (H)
c) 371(J)
d) 371(O)

Ans : c) 371(J)

4. The environmental movement where people hugged the trees was successful in these states

- a) Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh
b) Karnataka and Kerala
c) Uttar Pradesh and Karnataka.
d) Kerala and Gujarat

Ans : c) Uttar Pradesh and Karnataka.

5. In every Anganwadi of the State, this started for girl’s empowerment

- a) Girls Rights Club
b) Girls protection committees
c) Girls Gramasabha Committees
d) Baalika Sanghas
Ans : d) Baalika Sanghas

6. Tilaya project was constructed across this river

- a) Mahanadi.
b) Sutlej.
c) Rihand
d) Damodar

Ans : d) Damodar

7. “The development of its villages is the true development in India”. was said by

- a) Dr. B R Ambedkar.
b) Mahatma Gandhi
c) Jawaharlal Nehru.
d) Lal Bahadur Shastri

Ans : b) Mahatma Gandhi

8. A person who buys goods or avails services for price or wages is

- a) Consumer
b) Producer
c) User
d) Supplier

Ans : a) Consumer

9. The main reason for considering the 18th century as the century of political problems was

- a) The death of Chikkadevaraja Wodeyar
b) The death of Aurangzeb
c) The changes in politics of Karnataka
d) Hyder Ali’s death

Ans : b) The death of Aurangzeb

10. The reform movement which existed during the same period was

- a) Arya Samaj and Young Bengal Movement
b) Ramakrishna mission and Young Bengal Movement
c) Sathya Shodak Samaj and Young Bengal Movement
d) Brahma Samaj and Young Bengal Movement

Ans : d) Brahma Samaj and Young Bengal Movement

11. The leader popularly called as African Gandhi is

- a) Nelson Mandela.
b) Kofi Anan
c) Mahatma Gandhi
d) Roosevelt

Ans : a) Nelson Mandela.

12. An example of Anti-social elements leading the public towards destroying public property is

- a) Struggle
b) Mob
c) Movement
d) Mob violence

Ans : d) Mob violence

13. According to constitution, a child labour is defined as

- a) Minor children working for wages
b) Children who work in factories and fields

- c) Drop out cases of school d) Children below the age of 14 years working for financial consideration
b) Children who work in factories and fields

14. In India, during summer the weather is hot, dry and sultry because

- a) The sun's rays fall vertically over Northern hemisphere b) The sun's rays fall vertically over Southern hemisphere
c) The sun's rays fall vertically over Eastern hemisphere d) The sun's rays fall vertically over Western hemisphere
a) The sun's rays fall vertically over Northern hemisphere

15. The most important function of Panchayat Raj is,

- a) Reservation for women b) Preparing plans for local region
c) Organising election for local institutions d) Supervision of local institution
b) Preparing plans for local region

16. The first country to start consumer protection movement was

- a) India. b) USA. c) Canada d) Britain
b) USA.

17. In the Second Anglo Mysore war, Hyder Ali was defeated at the battle of

- a) Solignur b) Pulicat c) Port Nova. d) Bidanur
c) Port Nova.

18. Chamaraj Wodeyar X was advised to open schools for untouchable children by

- a) Ramakrishna Paramahansa b) Swami Vivekananda c) Dayanand Saraswati d) Jyothiba Phule
b) Swami Vivekananda

19. The personality who lost life in Karnataka fighting for the prohibition of alcohol was

- a) N.D.Sundaresh b) Rudrappa. c) Basavalingappa d) Kusuma Soraba
d) Kusuma Soraba

20. The principle of eye for an eye in foreign policy was followed by

- a) Lal Bahadur Shastri & Indira Gandhi b) Jawaharlal Nehru & Lal Bahadur Shastri
c) Indira Gandhi & Atal Bihari Vajpayee d) Indira Gandhi and Lala Lajpat Rai
a) Lal Bahadur Shastri & Indira Gandhi

21. Child Adolescent labour prohibition and regulation act was implemented in

- a) 2002 b) 2016 c) 1985 d) 1986
d) 1986

22. The hottest place in India is

- a) Delhi b) Bhopal c) Chennai. d) Ganganagar
d) Ganganagar

23. An important body of Gram Panchayat is

- a) Gram Sabha b) Reservation Committee c) Permanent Committee d) Elected voters committee
a) Gram Sabha

24. Sitting at home and buying the goods using the information technology is

- a) Mega Shopping b) Tele shopping c) Off line shopping d) Offer shopping
b) Tele shopping

25. Even today Periyar remains as an ideological symbol in Tamil Nadu politics. This is more evident in

- a) Forming the Dravida Movement as people's movement
b) Formation of an association called Dravida Kazhagam
c) The political parties of Tamil Nadu retaining the word Dravida
d) Conversation of Non-Brahmin movement as Cultural and Political movement
c) The political parties of Tamil Nadu retaining the word Dravida

39. The aim of introduction of Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme is

- a) Creation of employment and housing
 - b) Creation of employment and irrigation
 - c) Creation of employment and alleviation of poverty
 - d) Creation of employment and development of cottage industries
- c) Creation of employment and alleviation of poverty

40. The king of the market is

- a) Distributor
 - b) Consumer
 - c) Industrialist
 - d) Middleman
- b) Consumer

41. The society which wanted the revival of Hindu religion based on the modern thoughts of West was

- a) Arya Samaj
 - b) Prarthana Samaj
 - c) Sathyashodak Samaj
 - d) Brahma Samaj
- b) Prarthana Samaj

42. The Europeans who found shelter in India till 1961

- a) Portuguese
 - b) French
 - c) British
 - d) Dutch
- a) Portuguese

43. Population and improved technology has led to the problem of

- a) Unemployment
 - b) Corruption
 - c) Communalism
 - d) Regional imbalance
- a) Unemployment

44. Prof. M.D.Nanjundaswamy led this movement

- a) Environmental movement
 - b) Labour movement
 - c) Farmer's movement
 - d) Alcohol Prohibition movement
- c) Farmer's movement

45. The prevention of growth of female child inside mother's womb is

- a) Female foeticide
 - b) Female infanticide
 - c) Female mortality rate
 - d) Gender ratio
- a) Female foeticide

46. By the end of summer season, Central India develops

- a) High pressure area
 - b) Low pressure area
 - c) High temperature and high pressure area
 - d) Low temperature and low pressure area
- b) Low pressure area

47. The prime reason for rural backwardness and poverty of rural people is

- a) Over dependency on agriculture
 - b) Lack of money and basic facilities
 - c) Slow growth of rural and cottage industries
 - d) Stagnation and slow growth of agriculture
- a) Over dependency on agriculture

48. The chairman of National Consumer Protection Council is

- a) President
 - b) Vice-President
 - c) Prime Minister
 - d) Central Consumer Affairs Minister
- d) Central Consumer Affairs Minister

49. Tippu signed the treaty of Srirangapatna in the year

- a) 1769
 - b) 1784
 - c) 1792
 - d) 1799
- c) 1792

50. The person inspired by the principles of Arya Samaj was

- a) Dr.B.R.Ambedkar
 - b) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 - c) Lala Lajpat Rai
 - d) M.G.Ranade
- c) Lala Lajpat Rai

51. Non-Alignment means

- a) Not joining both power blocs and remaining independent
 - b) Supporting the hegemony of USA
 - c) Opposing the two power blocs
 - d) Supporting the communist bloc of Russia
- a) Not joining both power blocs and remaining independent

52. Pro-labour philosophy has been evolving in opposition to

- a) More opportunities in industries due to Industrial Revolution
- b) Implementation of labour and employment laws
- c) Conducive working conditions
- d) The exploitation of capitalism

53. As per the law, the age fixed for marriage is

- a) Girls 18 years, boys 20 years
- b) Girls 19 years, boys 21 years
- c) Girls 20 years, boys 21 years
- d) Girls 18 years, boys 21 years

54. Which of the following is not a tributary of the river Krishna?

- a) Bhavani
- b) Koyna
- c) Bhima
- d) Ghataprabha

55. The amendment which led to the establishment of Panchayat Raj Institutions

- a) 86th amendment
- b) 73rd amendment
- c) 93rd amendment
- d) 42nd amendment

56. The President who gave the 4 rights to consumers in America was

- a) George Washington
- b) Abraham Lincoln
- c) Roosevelt
- d) John.F.Kennedy

57. The Home Rule League movement in Madras was started by

- a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- b) Mahatma Gandhi
- c) Annie Besant
- d) M.G.Ranade

58. Nizam of Hyderabad refused to join the Indian Union because

- a) He wanted to join Pakistan
- b) government refused to pay privy purse
- c) People's refusal to join India
- d) He wanted to remain free

59. The institution which checks corruption in Karnataka is

- a) Lokpal
- b) Lokayukt
- c) Awareness camp
- d) Corruption control -troop

60. The year in which the government of India implemented an act to ensure social justice for labourers was

- a) 1923
- b) 1935
- c) 1942
- d) 1945

61. The number which you need to dial when you find your 10th classmate getting married during school days is

- a) 1098
- b) 1092
- c) 1094
- d) 1010

62. The region receiving the lowest rainfall in India is

- a) Royli
- b) Dras
- c) Ganganagar
- d) Mawsynram

63. Panchayat Raj Institutions work under the principle of

- a) Centralisation
- b) Decentralisation
- c) Co-operation
- d) Development

64. If the compensation to be received is above Rupees 50 Lakh, then the consumer should contact

- a) National Commission
- b) State Commission
- c) District fourm
- d) Planning Commission

70. The rebel who carried out an armed struggle against British was

- a) Venkatappa Nayak
- b) Veerappa
- c) Dondiya Wagh
- d) Sangoli Rayanna

71. Dayanand Saraswati gave a call to go back to Vedas because

- a) Vedas emphasise on one God
 - b) He believed that learning of Vedas can eradicate caste system
 - c) He felt that reading of Vedas can free common man
 - d) He believed that only Vedas can solve India's problems.
- d) He believed that only Vedas can solve India's problems.

72. India promoted disarmament because

- a) India is a peace loving nation
 - b) India is a developing nation
 - c) India has strong military
 - d) India has massive nuclear weapons
- a) India is a peace loving nation

73. The chief minister of Karnataka during 1970 ushered in various social reformation

- a) Basavalingappa
 - b) Nijalingappa
 - c) M.D.Nanjunda swamy
 - d) Devraj Urs
- d) Devraj Urs

74. Prohibition of Female Foeticide Act was introduced in

- a) 1975
 - b) 2006
 - c) 2012
 - d) 1994
- d) 1994

75. The rivers of South India are also called

- a) West flowing rivers
 - b) East flowing rivers
 - c) Himalayan rivers
 - d) Peninsular rivers
- d) Peninsular rivers

76. Rural development is National development because

- a) There is participation of people in development
 - b) There is development of agriculture and agro based sectors
 - c) There is development of raw materials in local region
 - d) More people in India stay in villages
- d) More people in India stay in villages

77. The Chairman of District forum is appointed by

- a) State government
 - b) District Collector
 - c) Zilla Panchayat
 - d) High court
- a) State government

78. Nawaba of Jungadha refused to join Indian Union because

- a) He wanted to join Pakistan
 - b) Indian government refused to pay Privy purse
 - c) People refused to join Indian Union
 - d) He wanted to remain free
- a) He wanted to join Pakistan

78. Identify the correct group of leaders of Prarthana Samaj

- a) M.G.Ranade, R.G.Bhandarkar, N.G.Chandravarkar
 - b) Atmaram Pandurang, M.G.Ranade, Lala Lajpat Rai
 - c) Atmaram Pandurang, M.G.Ranade, Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 - d) Atmaram Pandurang, M.G.Ranade, Eshwar Chandra
- a) M.G.Ranade, R.G.Bhandarkar, N.G.Chandravarkar

79. Who is the founder of Indian National Congress

- a).A.O. Hume
 - b) Lord Curzon.
 - c) W C Banerjee
 - d) RC.Dutt
- a).A.O. Hume

80. The season of unsettled weather conditions is

- a) Winter season
 - b) Summer season
 - c) Retreating monsoon season
 - d) South west monsoon season
- c) Retreating monsoon season

81. According to Karl Marx "Division of labour" creates

- A) Less skilled workers
 - B) More skilled workers
 - C) Organized workers
 - D) Unorganized workers
- A) Less skilled workers

82. Uniform system of Panchayat Raj institutions were introduced in India in

- a) 1983
 - b) 2003
 - c) 1993
 - d) 2013
- c) 1993

83. Consumer Protection Act gave an opportunity to establish this council

- a) Central Consumer Protection Council
 - b) Consumer welfare council
 - c) Consumer awareness council
 - d) Consumer education council
- a) Central Consumer Protection Council

84. The Peshwa of the Marathas after Salbai agreement was

- A) Raghunath Rao B) Nana Padnavis C) Madhava Rao II D) Madhava Rao
C) Madhava Rao II

85. "All the natives of Hindustan are completely corrupt". This statement was argued by

- A) Lord Cornwallis B) Lord Dalhousie C) Robert Clive D) Lord Wellesley
A) Lord Cornwallis

86. Human Rights day is celebrated every year on

- A) March-15 B) January 26 C) October 24 D) December 10
D) December 10

87. Jharkhand Mukti Morcha is related to the following movement

- A) Environmental Movement B) Women's Movement C) Farmer's Movement D) Labour's Movement
A) Environmental Movement

88. In India, the first Railway line was laid between

- A) Kolkata and Raniganj B) Madras and Arkonam C) Bombay and Thane D) Bangalore and Madras
C) Bombay and Thane

89. This account is most suitable for saving money for future requirements.

- A) Savings Bank Account B) Current Account C) Recurring Deposit Account D) Fixed Deposit Account
C) Recurring Deposit Account

90. The agreement signed after the Anglo-Sikh wars was

- A) Salbai Agreement B) Bassein Agreement C) Srirangapatna Agreement D) Lahore Agreement
D) Lahore Agreement

91. The British officer who facilitate the expansion of the modern education in India is

- A) Warren Hastings B) Jonathan Duncan C) Charles Grant D) Lord Dalhousie
A) Warren Hastings

92. The Human Rights Declaration was adopted by UNO in the year

- A) 1945 B) 1948 C) 1956 D) 1961
B) 1948

93. Inequality in labour starts in the society

- A) After the specialization B) With the emergence of stratified division of labour
C) After the division of labour D) After the social division
B) With the emergence of stratified division of labour

94. Silent Valley Movement was held in the following state.

- A) Karnataka B) Tamil Nadu C) Kerala D) Maharashtra
C) Kerala

95. The oldest and still existing newspaper of India is

- A) Kesari B) Prajavani C) Mookanayaka D) Bombay Samachar
D) Bombay Samachar

96. The program which implemented for to provide shelter to the shelterless people in rural areas is

- A) Pradhan Mantri Gram SadkYojana B) Ambedkar-Valmiki Housing Program
C) Women Self-Help Groups D) Mahatma Gandhi national rural employment guarantee scheme
B) Ambedkar-Valmiki Housing Program

97. The bank which called as the "Mother of All banks"

- A) State Bank of India B) Reserve Bank of India C) Karnataka Bank D) Punjab National Bank
B) Reserve Bank of India

98. The battles which led to the British to gain complete political control over Bengal were

- A) Carnatic Wars B) Battles of Plassey and Buxar C) Anglo-Maratha Wars D) Anglo-Sikh Wars
B) Battles of Plassey and Buxar

99. The post of Superintendent of Police (SP) was created by

- A) Lord William Bentinck B) Lord Dalhousie C) Lord Cornwallis D) Warren Hastings
C) Lord Cornwallis

100. One of the historical milestone in the history of the protection of human rights is

- A) The establishment of the United Nations Human Rights Commission B) The American War of Independence
C) The Universal Declaration of Human Rights D) The establishment of the United Nations Organization
C) The Universal Declaration of Human Rights

101. In the present digital world, the division of labour is done through

- A) Machines B) Computers C) Social Stratification D) Specialization
B) Computers

102. In 1925, Self –Respect Movement started by Periyar Ramaswamy was recognized the part of the following movement

- A) Untouchability prevention movement B) Alcohol prohibition movement
C) Environmental protection movement D) Women exploitation opposition movement
A) Untouchability prevention movement

103. TV broadcasting was started Under DD for the first time in India in the year

- A) 1952 B) 1954 C) 1959 D) 1961
C) 1959

104. Generally, the members of the Gram Sabha are

- A) All elected members of the Gram Panchayat B) All citizens of the village
C) All voters of the village D) Government employees of the village
C) All voters of the village

105. The institution which issues Kisan Vikas Patra is

- A) Central Bank B) Post Office C) Cooperative bank D) Rural Development bank
B) Post Office

106. The President of State Reorganization committee

- A) K.M. Pannikker B) Fazal Ali C) H.N Kunjru D) Dr. D.M Nanjundappa
B) Fazal Ali

107. During British Administration, Fouzadaari Adalat means

- A) Revenue Office B) Criminal Court C) Civil Court D) Police Station
B) Criminal Court

108. The person who belongs to Karnataka State Ryot Sangha.

- A) Kusuma Soraba B) Prof. M.D Nanjundaswamy C) Medha Patkar D) Basavalingappa
B) Prof. M.D Nanjundaswamy

109. Highest peak of World

- A) Godwin Austin B) Anna Mudi C) Mount Abu D) Mount Everest
D) Mount Everest

110. Total value of all goods and service produced in a country during one year

- A) National Income B) Per Capita Income. C) True National Income. D) Economic Development
A) National Income

111. The first Nation who started Consumer Protection Movement.

- A) USA B) Russia C) Germany D) Britain
A) USA

112. Swami Vivekananda started “Ramakrishna Mission at

- A) Jaipur B) Chicago C) Banglore D) Kolkota
D) Kolkota

113. Maratas accepted the treaty with British in 1st Anglo Marata War

- A) Salbai Treaty B) Bassien treaty C) Lahore Treaty D) Srirangapattana treaty
A) Salbai Treaty

114. Veto Power means

- A) Positive power B) Negative power C) Special Permission D) It's an institution
B) Negative power

115. If Any family engaged their children of below 14 years in any household activities during school hours imposed a fine of

- A) 10000 rupees B) 50000 rupees C) 100000 rupees D) 20000 rupees
A) 10000 rupees

116. 45 article of Constitution says,

- A) social Justice and development of people B) Right to speech and freedom
C) children under 14 years parents should be provided with free & compulsory education D) Cultural rights of Minorities
C) children under 14 years parents should be provided with free & compulsory education

117. Climatic condition of India during winter season

- A) Low temperature, high humidity & sky is clear B) High temperature, low Humidity & sky is clear
C) Low temperature, low Humidity & sky is not clear D) low temperature, low Humidity & sky is clear
D) low temperature, low Humidity & sky is clear

118. The percentage of people lived in villages according to 2011 census.

- A). 70.83% B) 52.01% C) 68.84% D) 80.42%
C) 68.84%

119. Entrepreneurs, Businessmen can open a bank account

- A) S.B account B) Current account C) Recurring deposit account D) Term [fixed] deposit account
B) Current account

120. Who explained Indian wealth was drained by British through his book

- A) Bal Gangadhar Tilak B) R.C Datt C) S.N Bannerji D) V.D Savarkar
B) R.C Datt

121. The base of Modern Education in India:

- A) Charles Wood's Commission B) Macaulay submission C) Cornwallis submission D) Peel submission
B) Macaulay submission

122. The main aim of Article 371(J)

- A) Solve cast based discrimination B) Solve gender based discrimination
C) Solve communalism D) Solve Regional Imbalance
D) Solve Regional Imbalance

123. "Invisible Hunger" means

- A) Nutrition B) Hunger in rich people C) Malnutrition D) Balanced food
C) Malnutrition

124. Division of labour leads to

- A) Social benefit B) Economic benefit C) specialization D) unorganized work
C) specialization

125. Laterite soil not suits for agriculture because,

- A) High temperature and rainfall B) leached soil C) Not fertile D) all are correct
D) all are correct

126. The word 'real' refers in economic development means.

- A) Peoples health B) Educational level C) Purchasing power D) increase of price
C) Purchasing power

141. Consumer Court receives the case of compensation of more than one crore rupees

- A) District Forum B) State Commission C) National Commission D) Women Commission
C) National Commission

142. The rebellion against British at Bidanoor and Shikaripura in 1800 is

- A. Hyder Ali B. Dondiya Wagh C. Chennamma D. Sangoli Rayanna
B. Dondiya Wagh

143. Derozio had to resign from his teaching post because of

- A. The pressure from his colleagues and opponents B. His ill health
C. His interest in studies on Vedas D. The pressure from the Government to return back to England
A. The pressure from his colleagues and opponents

144. Panchasheela principles were signed between

- A. Jawaharlal Nehru and Meiji B. Motilal Nehru and Chou Enlai
C. Jawaharlal Nehru and Chou Enlai D. Motilal Nehru and Cha-cha Nehru
C. Jawaharlal Nehru and Chou Enlai

145. Migration is one of the main features of

- A. Organized sector labourers B. Unorganized sector labourers C. Child labourers D. Female labourers
B. Unorganized sector labourers

146. The history of 19th century regarding untouchables and backward classes 'untouchability opposition movement' organized by

- A. Medha Patkar B. Arjun Aradhya C. Jyothibha Phule D. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
C. Jyothibha Phule

147. Nagarjun Sagar project is built across the river

- A. Rihand river B. Kaveri river C. Sutlej river D. Krishna river
D. Krishna river

148. 'Ashraya Yojana' was implemented with the intention of

- A. Providing employment B. Providing house C. Providing agricultural lands D. Providing education
B. Providing house

149. The consumer protection act was passed in the year

- A. 1976 B. 1986 C. 1963 D. 1960
B. 1986

150. The founder of Ramakrishna Mission is

- A. Swami Vivekananda B. Annie Besant C. Jyothibha Phule D. Raj Ram Mohan Roy
A. Swami Vivekananda

151. Iron Man of India is

- A. Jawahar Lal Nehru B. Mahatma Gandhiji C. Sardar Vallabhabai Patel D. Subhash Chandra Bose
C. Sardar Vallabhabai Patel

152. The main objective of the establishment of Lokpal Institution is

- A. removing regional imbalance. B. fighting against corruption. C. eradicating communalism. D. bringing gender equality
B. fighting against corruption

153. The minister who tried to eradicate the practice of carrying night soil on the head in Karnataka?

- A. M.D. Nanjundaswamy B. Mr Basavalingappa C. Rudrappa D. Shivaram Karanth
B. Mr Basavalingappa

154. The 'Child Adolescent Labour Prohibition and Regulation Act of 1986 is amended in the year

- A. July 2006 B. July 2019 C. July 1986 D. July 2016
D. July 2016

155. The place which receives the highest rainfall in India is

- A. Chirapunji B. Agumbe C. Ganganagar D. Mawsynram
D. Mawsynram

156. Every year the consumer day is observed on

- A. August, 10 B. March, 15 C. November, 01 D. January, 26
B. March, 15

157. 'Shuddhi Movement' was started by -----

- A) Raja Ram Mohan Roy B) DayanandSaraswati C) Annie Besant D) Periyar

158. The first governor general of independent India.

- A) Lord Mountbatten B) Jawaharlal Nehru C) Rajendra Prasad D) SardarVallabhbhai Patel
A) Lord Mountbatten

159. Total Alcohol Prohibition was a part of-----

- A) freedom struggle B) Chipko movement C) environmental movements D) All are correct
D) All are correct

160. The lowest temperature in India is recorded at-----

- A) Dras in Himachal Pradesh B) Ganganagar in Rajasthan C) Royli in Rajasthan D) Myanmar in Meghalaya
A) Dras in Himachal Pradesh

161. The foreign policy of India formulated by

- A.Nehru B.Gandhi C.Indira Gandhi D.Vajpayee
A.Nehru

162. Letter mentioned about division of labour in the book

- A. Politics B. The Republic C. Academy D. Foot Losers
B. The Republic

163. Leader of the movement opposing Kaiga

- A.Shivarama Karanth B. K.B.Karant C..Kusuma Saurabh D.Medha Patkar
A.Shivarama Karant

164. Hirakud project is built around the river

- A. Damodar B.Tungabhadra C. Mahanadi D. Satluj
C. Mahanadi

165. Protection Of Children from Sexual Offences (POCSO)Act was enacted in the year.

- A. 2012 B. 2016 C. 2014 D. 2010
A. 2012

166. AWARE started at

- A.Delhi B.Bangalore C.Mumbai D.Kolkata
C.Mumbai

167. The Guru of swami Vivekananda was

- A. Narayana Guru B.Annie besant C. Ramakrishna paramahamsa D. periyar
C. Ramakrishna paramahamsa

168. The affiliated body of the UNO which appears Like a cabinet committee is

- A. General Assembly B. International court of justice C. Security council D. Secretariat
C. Security council

169. Another example of mob behavior is _____

- A. Movements B. Regionalism C. Communalism D. Mob violence
D. Mob violence

170. The coldest month of India is

- A. January B. February C. November D. December
A. January

171. The Bangalore International Airport is called

- A. Rajiv Gandhi International Airport B. Indira Gandhi International Airport
C. Kempe Gowda International Airport D. Deve Gowda International Airport
C. Kempe Gowda International Airport

172. After The 73rd constitutional Amendment _____ levels of panchayats institutions has come into existence.

- A. a one-tier System B. a Two-tier System C. a Three-tier System D. a four-tier System
C. a Three-tier System

173. The other Name of the consumer is

- A. User B. Trader C. Provider D. Producer
A. User

174. The capital of French in India

- A) Surat B) Mahe C) Pondicherry D) Machilipatnam
C) Pondicherry

175. Surapur is in the present district of

- A) Koppal B) Yadgir C) Vijayapura D) Gadag
B) Yadgir

176. The human rights declaration was adopted by one affiliated body of UN called

- A) Trusteeship council B) Secretariat C) Security council D) General assembly
D) general assembly

177. The physical division of India being a part of Gondwana land

- A) Northern mountain B) Northern plain C) Peninsular plateau D) Coastal plain
C) Peninsular plateau

178. The Bedas of Halgali rebelled against the British because

- A. They were exploited by the British B. The British occupied Halgali
C. The British dethroned the king of Halgali D. The British asked them to surrender their weapons
D. The British asked them to surrender their weapons

179. The Book 'Foot Loosers' is a study on

- A. Social security of labours B. Child labour C. Migration of labours D. Exploited of women in unorganised sector
C. Migration of labours

180. The multi-purpose river valley project jointly undertaken by Bihar and West Bengal is

- A. Damodar valley project B. Hirakud project C. Kosi project D. Bhakra-Nangal project
A. Damodar valley project

181. The Consumer Protection Act extends to the whole of India except

- A. Jammu and Kashmir B. National territory C. Rajasthan D. Andaman and Nicobar

A. Jammu and Kashmir

182. Amarasulya rebellion was basically a

- A) Soldier rebellion B) Labourers rebellion C) Farmer rebellion D) kings rebellion
C) Farmer rebellion

183. A journal published by Raja Ram Mohan Roy was

- A) Samvada Komudhi B) Common Wheel C) New India D) Bahiskrit Bharat
A) Samvada Komudhi

184. The movement took place in Palghat of Kerala was

- A) Narmada Bachavo Andolan B) Silent Valley Movement C) Opposing Kaiga power Plant D) Chipko Movement
B) Silent Valley Movement

185. Marriage age is mandatory for the girl to complete 18 years to attain marriage because..

- A) Illegal B) the womb evolved completely by the age of 18 years C) play age D) Crime
B) the womb evolved completely by the age of 18 years

186. It is a joint multi-purpose river valley project of Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh.

- A) Tungabhadra B) Nagarjuna Sagar C) Upper Krishna D) Bhakra-Nangal
C) Upper Krishna

187. The program which implemented for the organization of poor rural women and economic self-reliance is

- A) Formation of women farmer association B) Formation poor women organization
C) Formation of women self-help groups D) Formation of women labour organization
C) Formation of women self-help groups

188. The president of the National Consumer commission appointed by

- A) Central Government B) Supreme court judge C) Prime Minister D) President
A) Central Government

189. The Lahore agreement of 1846 leads to

- A) Freedom of Punjab B) The British resident become the de facto ruler of Punjab
C) Ranjit Singh was Killed D) Kashmir coming under the control of British

Ans : B) The British resident become the de facto ruler of Punjab

190. 15th august 1947, when the entire country was celebrating independence Gandhiji was at

- A) Lahore B) Delhi C) Naukli D) Amritsar

Ans : C) Naukli

191. India promotes disarmament because India

- A) Possess nuclear weapon B) Has the highest military C) Is a peace loving country D) Is a developing country

Ans : C) Is a peace loving country

192. The child labour is fostered by

- A) Unorganized labour sector B) organized labour sector C) Unpaid labour sector D) Paid labour sector

Ans : A) Unorganized labour sector

193. The help line provided to prevent children exploitation is

- A) 1912 B) 1098 C) 1800 D) 1909

Ans : B) 1098

194. The eastern slopes of Western Ghats do not receive rain as much as western slopes because they

- A) Lie in southern part B) Lie in rain shadow region C) receive more snowfall D) Have thick forest

Ans : B) Lie in rain shadow region

195. To file the case in Consumer Court the fee and stamp duty is

- A) Twelve percent of the products or services B) Ten percent of the products or services
C) No fees at all (free) D) Minimum stamp duty of hundred rupees

Ans : C) No fees at all (free)

196. The Constantinople was called as the 'Gate way of European trade' because

- A) Constantinople was the capital of Byzantine empire B) Constantinople was captured by the Turks
C) Constantinople was Land route for trade with eastern countries D) Italians had monopoly on trade

Ans : C) Constantinople was Land route for trade with eastern countries

197. The U.N.O. as the world organization came into existence on

- A) 24th October 1946 B) 25th October 1946 C) 25th October 1945 D) 24th October 1945

Ans : D) 24th October 1945

198. The major function of consumer protection council is

- A) Producing goods and services at lower price B) Ensuring quality goods and services
C) Providing all the goods and services at door step D) Distributing goods through public distribution system

Ans : B) Ensuring quality goods and services

199. The Treaty that ended the first Anglo Mysore war was

- a) The treaty of salbai b) The treaty of Madras c) The treaty of Mangalore d) The treaty of srirangapattana

Ans : b) The treaty of Madras

200. The prime minister of China who signed Panchsheel principles was

- a) Sun-yat-sen b) Ching kai shek c) Chou En lai d) Mao tse tung

Ans : c) Chou En lai

201. Movement opposing Kaiga nuclear power plant took place in which state

- a) Uttarpradesh b) Tamilunau c) Karnataka d) Gujarat

Ans : c) Karnataka

202. Eastern coastal plain is

- a) broader b) Narrow c) Steep d) Rocky

Ans : a) broader

203. Office of the World Trade Organisation is located at

- a) Rome b) Paris c) Geneva d) Washington

Ans : c) Geneva in Switzerland

204. The one who started the newspaper 'New India' is

- (A) Raja Rammohan Roy (B) Mahatma Gandhi
(C) Annie Besant (D) Dayanand Saraswati

Ans. : (C) — Annie Besant

205. Black soil is suitable for dry farming as it

- (A) is formed in heavy rainfall region (B) has less moisture retention capacity
(C) has high moisture retention capacity (D) is formed from weathering of crystalline rocks

Ans. : (C) — has high moisture retention capacity

206. The construction of Damodar river project has resulted in

- (A) Damodar as no more 'Sorrow of Bengal' (B) increasing landslides
(C) causing heavy earthquakes (D) submerging many major industrial areas

Ans. : (A) — Damodar as no more 'Sorrow of Bengal'

207. The merchants who monopolised trade among European nations are

- (A) Italian merchants (B) Arab merchants (C) French merchants (D) Indian merchants.

Ans. : (A) — Italian merchants

208. The Governor General who introduced Doctrine of subsidiary alliance is

- (A) Lord Wellesley (B) Lord Cornwallis (C) Lord Dalhousie (D) Lord William Bentinck.

Ans(A) Lord Wellesley

209. The agreement at Tashkent between India and Pakistan was in the year

- (A) 1962 (B) 1963 (C) 1965 (D) 1966.

Ans. : (D) — 1966

210. The highest peak in India is

- (A) Himalaya (B) Gouri Shankar (C) Mt. Everest (D) Godwin Austen / Mt. K2 .

Ans. : (D) — Godwin Austen / Mt. K2 .

211. Which one of the following forests refer to the stilt like roots ?

- (A) Evergreen forests (B) Monsoon forests (C) Mangrove forests (D) Mountain forests.

Ans. : (C) — Mangrove forests

212. Headquarters of Food and Agricultural Organisation is at

- (A) Rome (B) New Delhi (C) New York (D) Geneva.

Ans. : (A) — Rome

213. One has to interpret one's religion according to the changing times. Otherwise, religion becomes sluggish. Stated by

- A. Dayananda Saraswathi B) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan C) Swami Vivekananda D) Mahatma Jyothiba Phule

Ans: B) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

214. 'No corner of world From the fear of Third World shall have Imperialism' declared India in the conference of Asian countries held in----- and.....

- A) New Delhi and Bangalore B) New Delhi and Mangalore C) New Delhi and Bandung D) New Delhi and Lahore

Ans: C) New Delhi And Bandung conference

215. Four Varna System is formed based on the

- A) Karma theory B) Varna theory C) Caste theory D) Knowledge theory

Ans: A) Karma theory

216. Identify the correct group of east flowing rivers in South India.

- A) Ganga, Sharavathi, Krishna, Kaveri B) Mahanadi, Godavari, Krishna, Kaveri
C) Kali, Godavari, Krishna, Netravathi D)Mahanadi, Sindhu,Krishna,Brahmaputra

Ans: B) Mahanadi, Godavari, Krishna, Kaveri

217. The important function of the Panchayat Raj Institutions is

- A) Preparing the local plans of various schemes. B) Conducting elections to the local bodies
C) Supervising the municipal institutions D) Providing reservations to women.

Ans: A) Preparing the local plans of various schemes.