#### OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTIONS

**AND** 

DISTRICT INSTITUTE OF EDUCATIONAL TRAINING

HASSAN DISTRICT, HASSAN



# SOCIAL SCIENCE

10 MODEL QUESTION PAPERS

BASED ON REDUCED SYLLABUS

SSLC 2020-21

SOCIAL SCIENCE SUBJECT TEACHERS FORUM, HASSAN DISTRICT

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#### **FOREWORD**

Dear teachers, Social Science subject has secured a good result in 2019-20 by your hard work of teaching, revision, practice of 14 model question papers prepared by district office, participating in online quiz and discussing live on phone in program of AIR Hassan Radio station with collaboration of DIET and DDPI office, Hassan. In the current situation of pandemic, the authority has reduced the syllabus due to lack of working days. So we have to adapt ourselves in the present situation of teaching ,learning and evaluation process. To overcome the problem of English medium Social Science teachers and students, District office along with Social Science subject teachers forum has prepared a set of 10 Social Science, model question papers based on the reduced syllabus and model papers published by SSLC board. These papers are for practice. To reach the summit of result in Social Science, textbook reading is preferential

**D T PUTTARAJU** 

**PRAKASH K S** 

DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTIONS (DEVELOPMENT)

DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTIONS (ADMINISTRATION)

HASSAN DISTRICT ,HASSAN

HASSAN DISTRICT ,HASSAN





#### OFFICE OF THE DDPI, HASSAN DISTRICT - MODEL PAPER 01

CLASS: 10<sup>TH</sup> STANDARD **SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE** TIME:3:00 HOURS MARKS:80 I. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet: (8X1=8)1. Which one of the following pair is incorrect? a) Annie Besant – Benaras Hindu University b) Raja Ram Mohan Roy – Vedanta College c) Dayananda Saraswati – Anglo-Vedic College d) Syed Ahmed Khan – Anglo Oriental College 2. As per this amendment, the words 'Secular' and 'Socialist' were added to the constitution a) 42 b) 86 d) 51 c) 73 3. The backward regions in Karnataka have been accorded special status by Article c) 371(J) a) 371 (A) b) 371 (H) d) 371(O) 4. The environmental movement where people hugged the trees was successful in these states a) Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh b) Karnataka and Kerala c) Uttar Pradesh and Karnataka d) Kerala and Gujarat 5. In every Anganwadi of the State, this started for girl's empowerment a) Girls Rights Club b) Girls protection committees c) Girls Gramasabha Committees d) Baalika Sanghas 6. Tilaya project was constructed across this river a) Mahanadi b) Sutlei c) Rihand d)Damodar 7. "The development of its villages is the true development in India". was said by a) Dr. B R Ambedkar b) Mahatma Gandhi c) Jawaharlal Nehru d) Lal Bahadur Shastri

8. A person who buys goods or avails services for price or wages is a) Consumer b) Producer c) User d) Supplier II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each (8x1=8)9. Which was the first state to be formed on the basis of language? 10. Why did Dayanand Saraswathi give a call of "Go back to Vedas"? 11. "December 10, 1948 is considered as a milestone in the history of human rights". Why? 12. Why child marriages should not be done? 13. What is Mango showers? 14. Why was Ennore port established? 15. What is the aim of Ashraya yojana? 16. Define Teleshopping. III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each (8x2=16)17. How was trade carried out in Middle Ages between India and Europe? 18. What were the causes of I Anglo-Maratha War? 19. What are the measures taken to eradicate the problem of unemployment? Or What are the objectives of Indian foreign policy? 20. What is the opinion of Karl Marx about division of labour? Or "Mob-violence is anti-social activity" Why? 21. How is alluvial soil different from black soil? 22. What are the features of Tropical Evergreen forests? 23. Describe the role played by women self-help group in rural development. 24. What are the functions of Banks? IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each (9x3=27)25. Describe the judicial system introduced by British through English East India Company? Describe the role played by Sangoli Rayanna in the freedom struggle? 26. What were the teachings of Brahma Samaj?

- 27. Which were the economic factors that led to the first war of Indian Independence?
- 28. Which factors promote corruption? How can we check it?
- 29. "Untouchability is a social evil" How?
- 30. What are the causes and effects of landslides?
- 31. Explain the Golden Quadrilateral project and Super Highways.

Or

Which factors determine the localization of industries?

32. What is the role of Panchayat Raj in rural development?

Or

Explain the process of development?

33. What are the procedures to be followed to open a bank account?

Or

What are the rights of the consumers?

#### V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)

34. What were the meaningful achievements of Gandhiji?

Or

How did Jayaprakash Narayan direct the Quit India movement after Gandhiji's imprisonment?

- 35. What was the role of BalGangadhar Tilak in the freedom movement?
- 36. Describe the structure and function of General Assembly of UNO.
- 37. "The proper use of land is essential for the growth of an economy". Justify this statement.

- a) Tea Port of India
- b) Coromandal Coast
- c) Jaipur
- c) Pampasagar

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> Standard Subject: Social science Timing: 3 Hours Total Marks: 80

# I. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet: (8X1=8)

- 1. The main reason for considering the 18<sup>th</sup> century as the century of political problems was
- a) The death of Chikkadevaraja Wodeyar
- b) The death of Aurangzeb
- c) The changes in politics of Karnataka
- d) Hyder Ali's death
- 2. The reform movement which existed during the same period was
- a) Arya Samaj and Young Bengal Movement
- b) Ramakrishna mission and Young Bengal Movement
- c) Sathya Shodak Samaj and Young Bengal Movement
- d) Brahma Samaj and Young Bengal Movement
- 3. The leader popularly called as African Gandhi is
- a) Nelson Mandela b) Kofi Anan
- c) Mahatma Gandhi
- d) Roosevelt
- 4. An example of Anti-social elements leading the public towards destroying public property is
- a) Struggle
- b) Mob
- c) Movement
- d) Mob violence
- 5. According to constitution, a child labour is defined as
- a) Minor children working for wages
- b) Children below the age of 14 years working for financial consideration
- c) Drop out cases of school
- d) Children who work in factories and fields
- 6. In India, during summer the weather is hot, dry and sultry because
- a) The sun's rays fall vertically over Northern hemisphere
- b) The sun's rays fall vertically over Southern hemisphere
- c) The sun's rays fall vertically over Eastern hemisphere
- d) The sun's rays fall vertically over Western hemisphere
- 7. The most important function of Panchayat Raj is,

- a) Reservation for women
- b) Preparing plans for local region
- c) Organising election for local institutions
- d) Supervision of local institution
- 8. The first country to start consumer protection movement was
- a) India
- b) USA
- c) Canada
- d) Britain

#### II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each

(8x1=8)

- 9. Which British officer encouraged the expansion of the Modern education in India?
- 10. Why did the refugees from Bangladesh settle in West Bengal?
- 11. Name the programme implemented by the Government of Karnataka to develop rural Women?
- 12. What is invisible hunger?
- 13. Which is the zone of minimum intensity of earthquake?
- 14. Which kind of climate is found in India?
- 15. Define Per Capita Income.
- 16. When is World Consumers' day celebrated?
- III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each (8x2=16)
- 17. Which factors promoted the discovery of new sea route to India?
- 18. What are the aims of Arya Samaj?
- 19. "There is no cordial relation between India and China now-a-days". Why?

Or

Which were the problems faced by the world after the Second World War? 20. List out the environmental movements.

Or

State the problems faced by the labourers of unorganised sector.

- 21. Which factors determine the Indian climate?
- 22. Mention the importance of forests.
- 23. Why can't the National income be considered to measure development?
- 24. What are the reasons for consumer exploitation?
- IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each (9x3=27)
- 25. How was the fourth Anglo Mysore war helpful to establish the British rule in Mysore region?

- 26. What were the reforms introduced in the Police system during the British rule?
- 27. What were the changes seen in British administration and Indian freedom struggle due to the first war of Indian Independence?

Or

"Young Bengal Movement was a movement of different thinking". Justify this statement.

- 28. List out the measures taken by Government to uplift the status of women.
- 29. How is the life style of organised sector labourers different from unorganised sector—labourers?
- 30. What is the importance of road transport?

Or

Which factors determine the location of iron and steel industries?

- 31. State the causes for floods.
- 32. How does the women self-help group empower women?

O

What are the key features of Panchayat Raj system?

33. What are the functions carried out by banks?

Or

What are the objectives of Consumer Protection act?

- V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)
- 34. What were the reasons for withdrawal of declaration of Partition of India?
- 35. Explain the initial protests of Gandhi.

Or

Explain the Quit India Movement.

- 36. Describe the structure and function of General Assembly.
- 37. Explain the role of Horticulture and Floriculture in making agriculture profitable.
- VI.38. Draw an outline map of India and mark the following in it (1+4=5)
- a) Nava-Sheva
- b) Anaimudi
- c) Kosi Project
- c) Zaruki International Airport

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> Standard **Subject: Social science** Timing: 3 Hours **Total Marks: 80** I. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter (8X1=8)of alphabet: 1. In the Second Anglo Mysore war, Hyder Ali was defeated at the battle of a) Solignur b) Pulicat c) Port Nova d) Bidanur 2. Chamaraj Wodeyar X was advised to open schools for untouchable children by b) Swami Vivekananda a) Ramakrishna Paramahamsa c) Dayanand Saraswati d) Jyothiba Phule 3. The personality who lost life in Karnataka fighting for the prohibition of alcohol was a) N.D.Sundaresh b) Rudrappa d) Kusuma Soraba c) Basavalingappa 4. The principle of eye for an eye in foreign policy was followed by a) Lal Bahadur Shastri & Indira Gandhi b) Jawaharlal Nehru & Lal Bahadur Shastri c) Indira Gandhi & Atal Bihari Vajpayee d) Indira Gandhi and Lala Lajpat Rai 5. Child Adolescent labour prohibition and regulation act was implemented in a) 2002 b) 2016 c) 1985 d) 1986 6. The hottest place in India is c) Chennai a) Delhi b) Bhopal d) Ganganagar 7. An important body of Gram Panchayat is a) Gram Sabha b) Reservation Committee

d) Elected voters committee

c) Permanent Committee

- 8. Sitting at home and buying the goods using the information technology is
  - a) Mega Shopping

b) Tele shopping

c) Off line shopping

d) Offer shopping

#### II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each

(8x1=8)

- 9. Who established Fouzdaari Adalat?
- 10. Which kingdom refused to join Indian Union?
- 11. Regional imbalances of the country should be eradicated. Why?
- 12. Who is a Child Labour?
- 13. What is the reason for erosion in the eastern coast of India?
- 14. Which is the driest place in India?
- 15. Why is Consumer Protection required?
- 16. What is economic development according to Prof. Colin Clark?

#### III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each (8x2=16)

- 17. Why was Constantinople called Gateway of European trade?
- 18. Why is the 19<sup>th</sup> Century considered as the period of New Awakening in India?
- 19. What are the problems faced by India and Pakistan?

Or

Which incident in history provided more strength to Human Rights?

20. Which were the revolutionary reforms introduced by Devaraj Urs?

Or

What are the facilities provided to organised sector?

- 21. Describe the two branches of South West monsoon.
- 22. What are the objectives of Biosphere reserves?
- 23. Why is Per Capita Income not considered as a true indicator of development?
- 24. Which are the rights assured to consumers as per Consumer Protection Act?

#### IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each (9x3=27)

25. What was the impact of British Education on India?

"The eighteenth century in Indian history is considered as "The century of Political

problems". Justify this statement.

- 26. What are the contributions of Dayanand Saraswati to Indian Society?
- 27. State the reasons for the failure of revolt of 1857.
- 28. Which are the measures to be taken to eradicate communalism?
- 29. How do you prove that there is inequality in labour?
- 30. Describe the importance of communication.

OR

List the names of 6 iron and steel industries under the Public Sector.

- 31. What are the precautionary measures to be taken during Earthquake?
- 32. Explain the importance of Rural development.

OR

Why is the Human Development Index low in India?

33. How is Savings Bank Account different from Current Bank account?

#### V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)

- 34. What are the geographical conditions required for the cultivation of rice and wheat?
- 35. Explain the structure and functions of Economic and Social Council of UNO.
- 36. Describe the partition of Bengal.
- 37. What were the achievements of Subash Chandra Bose in the Indian Freedom struggle?

- a) Nilgiri
- b) Gobind Vallabh Pant Sagar
- c) The longest river of South India
- d) Ennore

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> Standard **Subject: Social science Timing: 3 Hours Total Marks: 80** I. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet: (8X1=8)1. Even today Periyar remains as an ideological symbol in Tamil Nadu politics. This is more evident in a) Forming the Dravida Movement as people's movement b) Formation of an association called Dravida Kazhagam c) The political parties of Tamil Nadu retaining the word Dravida d) Conversation of Non-Brahmin movement as Cultural and Political movement 2. State Reorganisation act was passed in the year b) 1949 c) 1953 a) 1956 d) 1947 3. The main aim of implementing Streeshakthi programme was a) To stop exploitation of rural women b) To provide political representation for rural women c) To provide self employment opportunities for rural women d) To foster means of progress for rural women 4. Chipko Movement took place in a) Palghat of Kerala b) Mangalore of Karnataka c) Kaiga of Karnataka d) Tehri-Gargwal of U.P 5. The punishment to be imposed in the industry who used a X class boy named Vivek for repairing cars is b) 1 year jail & 50,000 fine a) 2 years jail & 10,000 fine c) 2 years jail & 40,000 fine d) 2 years jail & 50,000 fine 6. The most important type of irrigation in India is a) Well b) Canal c) Tank d) Drip

7. The members of Grama Sabha are a) Elected members of the village b) All the adults in the voters list c) Permanent elected members of the Panchayat d) Female voters of a village 8. Complaints exceeding the compensation of 20,00,000 should be submitted to b) District forum a) State Commission d) Government Commission c) National Commission (8x1=8)II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each 9. What mad Jawaharlal Nehru to think of forming a secular nation? 10. Who started a free thinking debate association called Academic Association? 11. Why is Indian Foreign policy called Nehru's Foreign policy? 12. What was the gender ratio in Karnataka as per the census of 2001? 13. Why does India experience high temperature in Summer season? 14. Why is dredging required in the Port of Kolkata? 15. What are the reasons for decline of gender ratio in India? 16. What was the main aim of Consumer movement? III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each (8x2=16)17. What were the results of Battle of Buxar? 18. State the reasons for the outbreak of II Anglo Maratha War. 19. List out the causes of Unemployment in India. OR What are the basic aspects of Indian Foreign policy? 20. Explain the concepts of inequality in labour. OR Describe the Chipko Movement. 21. What are the causes of soil erosion? 22. List the different types of forests in India. 23. How is the economic condition of rural people in India?

24. What are the advantages of opening a Bank account? **IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each** 

25. What were the effects of British Education on India?

(9x3=27)

- 26. What are the contributions of Sri Narayan Dharma Paripalana Yogam?
- 27. What were the political causes of the First War of Indian Independence?
- 28. What are the negative effects of corruption?
- 29. How were the untouchables denied the educational opportunities and property rights?
- 30. Name the ports of East and West coast of India.

OR

Where are the Aluminium industries distributed in India?

- 31. State the effects of Earthquake.
- 32. What is the role of Woman Self-help groups in rural development?

OR

How can we achieve gender equality?

33. What are the characteristics of Banks?

OR

Which are the information to be included in the complaint filed in Consumer court?

#### V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)

- 34. How was the agitation of Moderates different from that of Radicals?
- 35. What were the developments seen during the Non-cooperation movement?

OR

What were the contributions of Jawaharlal Nehru as the Prime Minister of India?

- 36. What is the role of UNO in establishing peace and attaining Social achievements?
- 37. Mention the types of agriculture.

- a) The highest peak of India
- b) Koraput
- c) Hirakud Dam
- d) Haldia

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> Standard **Subject: Social science** Timing: 3 Hours **Total Marks: 80** I. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter (8X1=8)of alphabet: 1. The main reason for political instability in Kodagu against British was a) Dethroning of Chikkaveerarajendra b) Arrest of Swami Aparampara c) Hanging of Putta Basappa d) The Government formed by Rebels 2. The movement led by Narayan Guru and his companions to enter the Shiva temple is called b) Home rule a) Self respect d) Vaikom c) Dharma Paripalana Yogam 3. The article which advocated International peace and co-operation is a) 42 c) 51 b) 86 d) 45 4. The agitators who protested against the construction of Dam at Palghat in Kerala is a) Kerala Shastra Sahitya Parishad b) Kerala Sahitya Parishad c) Keral Shastra Parishad d) Keral Shastra Sahitya Environment Parishad 5. If the nutritional requirements are not fulfilled then the condition is called a) Hunger b) Invisible hunger c) Malnutrition d) Hunger Index 6. The multipurpose river valley project of Uttar Pradesh is a) Kosi b) Rihand d) Damodar c) Bhakra-Nangal 7. The aim of introduction of Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme is a) Creation of employment and housing

b) Creation of employment and irrigation

c) Creation of employment and alleviation of poverty

d) Creation of employment and development of cottage industries

- 8. The king of the market is
  - a) Distributor
- b) Consumer c) Industrialist
- d) Middleman
- II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each

(8x1=8)

- 9. Who established Diwani and Fauzdari adalat?
- 10. Who was the President of State Re-organisation Commission?
- 11. Which article has granted special status to the backward regions of Karnataka?
- 12. Which is the main reason for the occurrence of earthquakes in India?
- 13. When was the Child marriage prohibition act introduced?
- 14. Why do the monsoon winds retreat in the month of October?
- 15. Who is a Consumer?
- 16. Which organisation has taken up the responsibility of constructing HDI?

#### III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each (8x2=16)

- 17. Why was Mir Qasim dethroned by British?
- 18. What are the important teachings of Brahma Samaj?
- 19. "Though there are border disputes between India and China, the relation between the two

countries are improving". Justify the statement.

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What are the efforts taken by UNO to protect Human Rights?

20. Why did the women unite for the movement of prohibition of alcohol movement?

OR

Why are the unorganised sector labourers not provided with social security?

- 21. What is the economic importance of Peninsular Plateau?
- 22. State any four measures to be taken to conserve forests?
- 23. How is the Human Development Index calculated?
- 24. What are the objectives of Consumer Protection act introduced by Indian Government?

#### IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each (9x3=27)

25. What kind of reforms were introduced in military system during the British period?

- 26. What was the role of Prarthana Samaj in the Social reformation of India?
- 27. Which are the conditions put forward according to Queen's declaration of 1858?
- 28. "Communalism is a threat to the unity of India". How?
- 29. Which are the legal and constitutional measures to be taken to eradicate untouchability?
- 30. State the importance of Railways.

OR

Name the industrial regions of India.

- 31. What are the causes of landslides?
- 32. Describe the importance of Rural development.

OR

What are the achievements of India in the Human Development Index?

33. Which are the types of Banks?

OR

Differentiate between State Commission and National Commission.

#### V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)

- 34. "The principles followed by Moderates and Radicals were different to oppose British". Explain.
- 35. Describe the tribal protest during the period of freedom struggle.

OR

What was the role of Dr.B.R.Ambedkar in achieveing Social justice?

- 36. What was the role of IMF and IBRD in finding solutions to economic problems in the world?
- 37. State the difference between Kharif and Rabi season

- a) Narmada
- b) Malabar Coast
- c) Bhopal
- d) Subash Chandra Bose International Airport

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> Standard Subject: Social science Timing: 3 Hours Total Marks: 80

Timing: 3 Hours	Total Warks: 80				
I. Choose the correct answer and writ of alphabet:	e the complete answer along with its letter (8X1=8)				
1. The society which wanted the reviva	al of Hindu religion based on the modern				
thoughts of West was					
a) Arya Samaj b)	Prarthana Samaj				
c) Sathyashodak Samaj d)	Brahma Samaj				
2. The Europeans who found shelter in	India till 1961				
a) Portuguese b) French	c) British d) Dutch				
3. Population and improved technolog	y has led to the problem of				
a) Unemployment	b) Corruption				
c) Communalism	d) Regional imbalance				
4. Dr. M.D.Nanjundaswamy led this mo	ovement				
a) Environmental movement	b) Labour movement				
c) Farmer's movement	d) Alcohol Prohibition movement				
5. The prevention of growth of female	child inside mother's womb is				
a) Female foeticide	b) Female infanticide				
c) Female mortality rate	d) Gender ratio				
6. By the end of summer season, Centr	al India develops				
a) High pressure area b) Low	pressure area				
c) High temperature and high pr	essure area				
d) Low temperature and low pre	essure area				
7. The prime reason for rural backward	lness and poverty of rural people is				
a) Over dependency on agricultu	ıre				
b) Lack of money and basic facili	ties				
c) Slow growth of rural and cotta	age industries				
d) Stagnation and slow growth o	f agriculture				
. The chairman of National Consumer Protection Council is					

b) Vice-President

d) Central Consumer Affairs Minister

a) President

c) Prime Minister

#### II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each

(8x1=8)

- 9. Where were the Tibetan refugees sheltered in Karnataka by the government?
- 10. Why was Annie Besant called "Shweta Saraswathi"?
- 11. Who is popularly called as African Gandhi?
- 12. When was Human Rights declared?
- 13. Why does India experience low temperature in winter?
- 14. Which is the most destructive atmospheric natural disaster?
- 15. What is the aim of Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee scheme?
- 16. Define consumer.

#### III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each

(8x2=16)

- 17. What was the role of Fransisco-de-Almeida and Alfonso de Albuquerque?
- 18. Describe the Anglo- Sikh war.
- 19. What are the steps taken by Government to improve the status of women in India?

OR

Why is India termed as an influential nation?

20. Why is child labour increasing today?

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Explain the Silent Valley movement.

- 21. How can we check soil erosion?
- 22. What are the characteristics of Tropical shrubs and grasslands?
- 23. Describe briefly the importance of Rural Development.
- 24. What are the functions of banks?

#### IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each

(9x3=27)

25. What kind of struggle was led by Dondia Wagh in freedom struggle?

OR

What were the reforms introduced in Civil service during the British period?

- 26. Describe the contributions of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan to uplift the Muslim society.
- 27. Explain the spread of revolt of 1857.

- 28. Which are the measures taken to check unemployment in India?
- 29. Explain the concept of inequality in labour in our society.
- 30. List the ports in East and West Coast of India.

OR

What is the importance of knowledge based industries in India?

- 31. What are the effects of North East monsoons?
- 32. Explain Gandhi's concept of Grama Swaraj in the background of decentralisation.

OR

Define development and explain the process of development.

33. What are the advantages of opening a bank account?

OR

How does the consumer protection act safeguard the welfare of consumers?

#### V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)

- 34. Who were Moderates? How did they expose the bad effects of British administration?
- 35. What was the role of farmers in the freedom struggle of India?

OR

What were the achievements of Jawaharlal Nehru in the freedom struggle?

- 36. Explain the structure and function of Security Council of UNO.
- 37. What are the geographical conditions required for the cultivation of Sugarcane and Tea?

- a) Northern Circar coast
- b) Vishakapattna
- c) The river Gandak
- d) Rajeev Gandhi International Airport

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> Standard **Subject: Social science Timing: 3 Hours Total Marks: 80** I. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet: (8X1=8)1. Tippu signed the treaty of Srirangapattna in the year a) 1769 b) 1784 c) 1792 D) 1799 2. The person inspired by the principles of Arya Samaj was a) Dr.B.R.Ambedkar b) Raja Ram Mohan Roy d) M.G.Ranade c) Lala Lajpat Rai 3. Non-Alignment means a) Not joining both power blocs and remaining independent b) Supporting the hegemony of USA c) Opposing the two power blocs d) Supporting the communist bloc of Russia 4. Pro-labour philosophy has been evolving in opposition to a) More opportunities in industries due to Industrial Revolution b) Implementation of labour and employment laws c) Conducive working conditions d) The exploitation of capitalism 5. As per the law, the age fixed for marriage is a) Girls 18 years, boys 20 years b) Girls 19 years, boys 21 years c) Girls 20 years, boys 21 years d) Girls 18 years, boys 21 years 6. Which of the following is not a tributary of the river Krishna? a) Bhavani b) Koyna c) Bhima d) Ghataprabha 7. The amendment which led to the establishment of Panchayat Raj Institutions a) 86<sup>th</sup> amendment b) 73<sup>rd</sup> amendment c) 93<sup>rd</sup> amendment d) 42<sup>nd</sup> amendment 8. The President who gave the 4 rights to consumers in America was a) George Washington b) Abraham Lincoln c) Roosevelt d) John.F.Kennedy

#### II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each

(8x1=8)

- 9. Who established Hindu University in Benaras?
- 10. In which year was Goa merged with Indian Union?
- 11. Which is the most important factor required to check corruption?
- 12. When was Female Foeticide Prohibition act introduced?
- 13. Why are the Eastern Coastal Plains affected by North East monsoon winds?
- 14. Why are the Eastern side of Western Ghats called the Rain Shadow region?
- 15. When was Consumer Protection Act introduced?
- 16. What is Inclusive Development?

#### III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each

(8x2=16)

- 17. Name the Europeans who came to Trade with India.
- 18. What were the aims of Aligarh Movement?
- 19. What are the measures taken to improve the conditions between India and Pakistan?

OF

What are the measures taken by India to promote Human Rights?

20. Explain the movement opposing Kaiga Nuclear Power plant

OR

Differentiate between Organised and Unorganised labourers.

- 21. Differentiate between Eastern and Western Ghats.
- 22. Differentiate between Tropical Evergreen and Tropical Deciduous forests.
- 23. List the objectives of Rural Development.
- 24. What are the problems faced by consumers?

#### IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each

(9x3=27)

25. What are the contributions of British in the introduction of Modern Education in India?

OR

How were the third and fourth Anglo Mysore war favourable to British to consolidate their

power in Mysore?

- 26. What were the contributions of Swami Vivekananda towards social reforms?
- 27. What were the military cause and immediate cause of 1857- the first war of Indian

Independence?

- 28. Which measures can be adopted to remove unemployment?
- 29. Explain the two types of labour as per Karl Marx.
- 30. Write a note on Golden Quadrilateral and Super Highways.
- 31. Through the constitutional rights, efforts are made to remove the educational inequalities.

How?

32. Mention the factors that determine the location of paper Industries? Where are they

distributed?

OR

Which are the Earthquake sensitive zones in India?

- 33. How are Current accounts different from Recurring Deposit Account?
- V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)
- 34. "Indian National Congress changed the Political direction of India". Explain.
- 35. Explain the Initial protests carried out by Gandhiji.

OR

What was the role of Mohammad Ali Jinnah in the partition of India?

- 36. Explain about Food and Agriculture Organisation and World Health Organisation.
- 37. What are the steps followed in shifting and sedentary cultivation?

- a) Nagarjun Sagar
- b) The port at the head of Gulf of Kutch
- c) Sri Guru Ramdas International airport
- d) Kanchenjunga

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> Standard **Subject: Social science Timing: 3 Hours Total Marks: 80** I. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet: (8X1=8)1. The Home Rule League movement in Madras was started by a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak b) Mahatma Gandhi c) Annie Besant d) M.G.Ranade 2. Nizam of Hyderabad refused to join the Indian Union because b) government refused to pay privy purse a) He wanted to join Pakistan d) He wanted to remain free c) People's refusal to join India 3. The institution which checks corruption in Karnataka is c) Awareness camp d) Corruption control b) Lokayukt a) Lokpal 4. The year in which the government of India implemented an act to ensure social iustice for labourers was b) 1935 a) 1923 c) 1942 d) 1945 5. The number which you need to dial when you find your 10<sup>th</sup> classmate getting married during school days is a) 1098 b) 1092 c) 1094 d) 1010 6. The region receiving the lowest rainfall in India is b) Dras a) Royli c) Ganganagar d) Mawsynram 7. Panchayat Raj Institutions work under the principle of a) Centralisation b) Decentralisation c) Co-operation d) Development 8. If the compensation to be received is above Rupees 50 Lakh, then the consumer should contact a) National Commission b) State Commission c) District fourm d) Planning Commission

#### II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each

(8x1=8)

- 9. What is the aim of Shuddi Movement?
- 10. Who formulated the drain theory?
- 11. What does article 51 of our constitution state?
- 12. Why did labourers move towards industries in European countries?
- 13. Which are the 2 branches of the South West monsoons?
- 14. 'Black soil retains moisture for a long time'. Why?
- 15. What is the importance of the Public distribution system introduced in villages?
- 16. Which bank is termed as Banker's bank?

#### III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each

(8x2=16)

- 17. How was the Dual government favourable to establish the British in Bengal?
- 18. State the result of III Anglo-Mysore war.
- 19. What are the measures to be taken to curb corruption?

OR

Which factors determine the Indian foreign policy?

20. What are the ill effects of child labour?

OR

What were the objectives of labour movement?

- 21. Why should soil be conserved?
- 22. Write a short note on Mangrove forest.
- 23. What are the necessary measures to be taken for Rural development?
- 24. Name the different types of bank account.

#### IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each

(9x3=27)

- 25. Explain the Police system during the British rule in India.
- 26. How did Hyder Ali rise to power?

OR

What were the contributions of Annie Besant to India?

- 27. What were the effects of Doctrine of Lapse policy?
- 28. "India observes the foreign policy of the USA and frames its own foreign policy". Why?
- 29. What is Social Stratification? What are the reasons of social inequality?
- 30. Describe the Railways of India.

State the importance of Knowledge based industries.

- 31. What are the causes of Coastal Erosion? Where is it distributed in India?
- 32. 'Income indicators cannot be used to measure the economic development of our country'. Why?

OR

What are the measures to be taken for the Rural development?

33. What are the benefits enjoyed by a person by opening a bank account?

OR

Explain the structure and function of State Commission.

#### V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)

- 34. Describe the first and second Round Table Conference.
- 35. How were the Revolutionaries a role model in the freedom struggle of India?

  OR

How was the Non-Co-operation Movement organised?

- 36. Explain the structure and function of Economic and Social Council of UNO.
- 37. What are the conditions required for the cultivation of Rice and Wheat?

- a) Konkan coast
- b) The river Tapi
- c) Mawsynram
- d) The biggest port of India

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> Standard **Subject: Social science Timing: 3 Hours Total Marks: 80** I. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet: (8X1=8)1. The rebel who carried out an armed struggle against British was a) Venkatappa Nayak b) Veerappa c) Dondiya Wagh d) Sangoli Rayanna 2. Dayanand Saraswati gave a call to go back to Vedas because a) Vedas emphasise on one God b) He believed that only Vedas can solve India's problems. c) He felt that reading of Vedas can free common man d) He believed that learning of Vedas can eradicate caste system 3. India promoted disarmament because a) India is a peace loving nation b) India is a developing nation c) India has strong military d) India has massive nuclear weapons 4. The man responsible for social reforms in Karnataka during 1970s was a) Basavalingappa b) Nijalingappa c) M.D.Nanjunda swamy d) Devraj Urs 5. Prohibition of Female Foeticide Act was introduced in a) 1975 b) 2006 c) 2012 d) 1994 6. The rivers of South India are also called a) West flowing rivers b) East flowing rivers c) Himalayan rivers d) Peninsular rivers 7. Rural development is National development because a) There is participation of people in development b) More people in India stay in villages c) There is development of raw materials in local region d) There is development of agriculture and agro based sectors 8. The Chairman of District forum is appointed by a) State government b) District Collector

d) High court

c) Zilla Panchayat

#### II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each

(8x1=8)

- 9. Who introduced the post of Superintendent of Police?
- 10. What was the main aim of Shri Narayana Guru Paripalana Yogam?
- 11. India opposed imperialism. Why?
- 12. When was child labour prohibition and regulation act passed?
- 13. Which is the lowest temperature recorded region in India?
- 14. Which programme is implemented by government to develop rural roads in India?
- 15. How does the gram Panchayat enrich rural art and culture?
- 16. Which department issues National Savings Certificate?

#### III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each (8x2=16)

- 17. "Scientific innovations led to Sea Voyages". Substantiate this statement.
- 18. What were the main features of Periyar movement?
- 19. Which factors deteriorated the relation between India and Pakistan?

OR

What measures were taken by India to promote Human Rights?

20. What were the demands of Karnataka state Ryot Sangha?

 $\bigcirc$ E

Which factors contribute to understand the Hunger Index?

- 21. What is the importance of Northern plains?
- 22. Name the important National Parks of India.
- 23. What is the role of Woman self help group in Woman empowerment?
- 24. Why is March 15<sup>th</sup> 1962 considered as an important day in the history of Consumer

movement?

#### IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each

(9x3=27)

25. Explain the revolt of Surapura.

OR

"The British education created a new generation of Indians with progressive attitudes". Justify this statement.

- 26. What were the works carried out by Dayanand Saraswati to reform the society?
- 27. What were the military and administrative causes for the first war of Indian Independence?
- 28 What is Communalism? How is it a threat to the unity of India?
- 29. List out the articles of our constitution which tries to remove educational inequalities.
- 30. What is the role of Radio and Television as a means of communication?
- 31. Which factors determine the location of Aluminium industry? Where are they distributed?
- 32. Explain the progress of Human Development in India.

OR

Explain in detail the meaning of Rural development.

33. Which agencies work for the safety of Consumers as per the consumer protection act?

OR

Differentiate between Recurring Deposit Account and Fixed Deposit Account.

#### V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)

- 34. Why was the period of Moderate called as the period of Liberal Nationalism?
- 35. Describe the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre.

OR

Explain the Civil Disobedience Movement.

- 36. What are the functions of UNICEF and UNESCO?
- 37. What is Agriculture? What is its importance?

- a) Upper Krishna project
- b) Godavari
- c) Surat
- d) Port Blair

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> Standard Subject: Social science Timing: 3 Hours Total Marks: 80

N	<b>IODEL PAP</b>	<b>PER – 10 (SOC</b>	IAL SCIE	ENCE)			
I. Choose the correct	t answer and	write the com	plete an	swer along with its lette			
of alphabet:				(8X1=8)			
1. The institution wh	ich checks co	orruption in Kar	nataka is				
a) Lokpal		b) Lokayukta					
c) Awareness s	quad	d) Corruption	removal	l troop			
2. Identify the correct	t group of le	aders of Prarth	ana Sama	aj			
a) M.G.Ranade	e, R.G.Bhand	arkar, N.G.Char	dravarka	ar			
b) Atmaram Pa	b) Atmaram Pandurang, M.G.Ranade, Lala Lajpat Rai						
c) Atmaram Pandurang, M.G.Ranade, Raja Ram Mohan Roy							
d) Atmaram Pa	d) Atmaram Pandurang, M.G.Ranade, Eshwar Chandra						
3. Nizam of Hyderab	ad refused to	o join Indian Un	ion beca	use			
s) He wanted t	s) He wanted to join Pakistan						
b) Indian gove	b) Indian government refused to pay Privy purse						
c) People refused to join Indian Union							
d) He wanted	to remain fre	ee					
4. The year in which	the law for s	ocial security of	laboure	rs was passed is			
a) 1923	b) 1935	c) 19	942	d) 1945			
5. The season of uns	ettled weath	er conditions is					
a) Summer season		b) W	b) Winter season				
c) Retreating r	nonsoon sea	son d) S	outh wes	st monsoon season			
6. India signed UN Cl	nild Rights co	nvention in					
a) 1990	b) 1994	c) 19	992	d) 1996			
7. Uniform system of	f Panchayat F	Raj institutions v	were intr	oduced in India in			
a) 1983	b) 2003	c) 19	993	d) 2013			
8. Consumer Protect	ion Act gave	an opportunity	to estab	lish this council			
a) Central Con	a) Central Consumer Protection Council b) Consumer welfare council						
c) Consumer a	wareness co	uncil	d) Con	sumer education counci			

#### II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each

(8x1=8)

- 9. When was Hyderabad merged with Indian Union?
- 10. Who started the newspaper 'New India'?
- 11. Define Communalism.
- 12. Why did people protest against establishment of Kaiga Nuclear plant?
- 13. Which are the two branches of the South –West monsoon?
- 14. 'Laterite Soil is not fertile". Why?
- 15. What is Sustainable development?
- 16. Raju wants to buy a car in future. Which account will you suggest to him?

#### III. Answer the following questions in four sentences each (8x2=16)

- 17. What were the effects of fall of Constantinople?
- 18. What were the results of Second Anglo Maratha war?
- 19. What are the measures taken to control Communalism?

OR

What kind of historical relationship is shared between India and China?

20. What are the negative effects of child marriage?

OF

What are the features of social stratification?

- 21. What is the importance of Coastal plains of India?
- 22. List out the types of soil found in India.
- 23. What are the key features of Panchayat Raj system in India?
- 24. What are the services rendered by banks?

#### IV. Answer the following questions in six sentences each (9x3=27)

25. Explain the works carried out by British Governors and Officers to introduce Modern

Education in India.

26. Describe the Revolt of Halagali Bedas.

OR

"Theosophical Society tried to revive the Hindu Religion". Explain.

27. "The first war of Indian Independence gave a new direction to Indian freedom movement".

Explain.

- 28. What are the negative effects of corruption?
- 29. Which are the major forms of social stratification?
- 30. Write a note on Inland navigation and Ocean waterways.
- 31. What is the importance of Industries in the economic development of India?

OR

What are the effects of floods? Which are the flood prone region of India?

32. Explain the concept of Real National Income as an indicator of Economic development.

OR

State the importance of decentralisation in Rural development.

33. Explain the relationship between banker and customer.

OR

What are the information to be included in the complaints filed in consumer court?

- V. Answer the following questions in about eight sentences each (4x4=16)
- 34. How were the Radicals different from Revolutionaries in the freedom struggle?
- 35. Which conditions led to Partition of India?

 $\bigcirc$ E

Write about the Chauri-Chaura incident and later developments.

- 36. Describe the structure and functions of International Labour Organisation.
- 37. What are the conditions required for the cultivation of Tobacco and Cotton?
- VI.38. Draw an outline map of India and mark the following in it (1+4=5)
- a) The first Multi-purpose river valley project of India.
- b) The oldest port of India with artificial harbour
- c) Biju Patnaik International airport
- d) Eastern Ghats