

# **District Institute of Education and Training Kudige - Kodagu**

## **Question bank English (Second language english) 2019-20**

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# **Question Bank**

## **English (Second language)**

### **Part - A**

**(Unit wise questions**

**Questions for two or three sentences - five or six sentences and extracts with memorisation poems as per new pattern of S.S.L.C exam board)**

#### **Unit 1**

#### **A Hero**

#### **3 marks question**

**Answer the following questions in 5 or 6 sentences.**

- 1. Write about Swami's frightful proposition in the night.**
- 2. How did nightmares frighten swami?**
- 3. How did Swami become Hero Overnight?**
- 4. What was the news report and how did it affect Swami?**
- 5. What was Swami's reaction when he saw a shadow and how did he respond?**
- 6. What desperate attempts did Swami make to escape from sleeping alone in the office?**

#### **Extracts: (3 marks Questions )**

**Read the extract and answer the questions that follow.**

- 1 "Leave alone strength. Can you prove you have courage?"**
  - a. Who is the speaker here?**
  - b. What was the view of speaker regarding courage?**
  - c. How did he want his son to prove that he had courage?**
- 2 "A frightful proposition, Swami thought"**
  - a. Whose proposition it was?**
  - b. What was the frightful proposition?**
  - c. Why did Swami regard it as frightful?**
- 3 "You must sleep alone hereafter!"**
  - a. Who is 'you' here?**
  - b. Who did he usually sleep with?**
  - c. Why did he forced to sleep alone?**

**4 “Your office room is very dusty and there may be scorpions behind your law books”.**

- a. Who is 'your' here?**
- b. Why did Swami make this remark?**
- c. What does it reveal about his character?**

**5 “He wished that the tiger had not spared the boy”**

- a. Who is the 'boy' here?**
- b. What do the underlined words imply?**
- c. Why did Swami have such thoughts?**

**6 ‘Aiyo, Something has bitten me’**

- a. Who's cry it was?**
- b. Why had he been bitten?**
- c. How did the speaker suffer as a result of being bitten?**

**7 “Why don’t you join the police when you are grown up?**

- a. Who is speaker?**
- b. Who is 'you' here?**
- c. Did he wanted to join the police when he grew up?**

**8 “Congratulations were showered on Swami next day”**

- a. Where the congratulations showered on Swami next day?**
- b. Why was Swami congratulated?**
- c. Why Swami deserves the praise?**

**9 ”Leave alone strength, can you prove that you have courage? Let me see if you can sleep alone tonight in my office room?”**

- a. Who posed this challenge?**
- b. Did he accept the challenge? If not why?**
- c. Why did the speaker pose this challenge?**

**10 ”Please, please shut up granny. Don’t talk to me, and don’t let anyone call me even if the house is on fire. If I don’t sleep at once, perhaps I shall die.”**

- a. Where this request was made?**
- b. Who requested like this?**
- c. Why did he request so?**

**11 ”Aiyo! Something has bitten me,” went forth an agonized, thundering cry and was followed by a heavy tumbling and falling amidst furniture.**

- a. Who cried”Aiyo! Something has bitten me,”?**
- b. Why did he make an agonized cry?**
- c. Who tumbled amidst the furniture?**

- 12 "Why don't you join the police when you are young."  
a. Who said this?  
b. Who is the 'you'?  
c. What reply did the speaker get?
- 13 "Courage is everything, strength and age are not important."  
a. Who is the speaker?  
b. Who was it said to?  
c. What does the speaker mean by this sentence?
- 14 " Your office room is very dusty and there may be scorpions behind your law books"  
a. Whose office room is referred here?  
b. What does statement reveal about Swami's character?  
c. Why did Swami make this remark?
- 15 "Don't cover the face. Are you really very sleepy?  
a. Who is referred 'you' here?  
b. Who said this?  
c. Why was the other person covering his face?
- 16 "You must cultivate good habits"  
a. Who is the speaker?  
b. Who does 'you' refer to?  
c. What good habits did the speaker expect from the other?
17. "You needn't risk his life again"  
a. Who had faced the risk before?  
b. Who said this?  
c. What risk had he faced?
- 18 "You must sleep alone here after."  
a. Who is the 'you'?  
b. Where was the other person asked to sleep?  
c. Why was it said?
- 19 "Aiyo! Something has bitten to me.a.  
a. Who is the 'me'?  
b. Why had he been bitten?  
c. What was the result of his cry?
- 20 "You think you are wiser than the newspaper?"

- a. Who is the 'you'?
- b. What was in the newspaper?
- c. What made him say so?

21 " Can you prove you have courage?"

- a. Who put forth this challenge?
- b. Who is the 'you'?
- c. How did the speaker want his son to prove his courage?

22 "How could a boy fight with a tiger?"

- a. Who made this remark?
- b. Who was it asked?
- c. What does the speaker mean by this sentence?

23 "A frightful proposition, Swami thought"

- a. What does frightful 'proposition' mean here?
- b. What was the frightful proposition?
- c. Why did Swami feel it as frightful?

24 "He wished that the tiger had not spared the boy"

- a. Who is the 'he' here?
- b. Why did Swami have such thoughts?
- c. Who is 'the boy' here?

## Poetry

### Grandma climbs a Tree

3 or 4 marks questions.

1. How can you say that poet's Grandma was genius?
2. Grandma was happier to be on the tree than in a lift or house. Support this statement.
3. Explain about Grandma's unusual passion.
4. Write a summary of the poem "Grandma climbs a tree".

**Unit 2**  
**THERE'S A GIRL BY THE TRACKS**

**2 marks questions.**

1. How did Roma fall on the tracks?
2. What did Baleshwar Mishra do as soon as he saw the girl lying next to the tracks?
3. Who volunteered to help Baleshwar? How did he help him?
4. "Behenji, aap theek hai?" but there was no response and no help in sight. Why was it so?
6. "Take the girl to Airoli," suggested the cop. But Baleshwar disagreed. Why did he do so?
7. Why did Baleshwar revisit the spot where Roma had fallen?
8. After Roma's recovery, what did she say about Baleshwar?
9. Was Baleshwar right in asking Roma her name while she lay in critical condition? Justify.
10. The doctors at the Divine Multi speciality hospital admitted Roma without any formalities. What made him do so?
11. If Baleshwar had not come forward to help Roma, what would have happened to her?
12. Baleshwar felt that people of Mumbai were afraid. What were they afraid of according to him?
13. What did Roma do when she boarded the train?
14. Why did Baleshwar take Roma to the Multi speciality hospital?
15. Whom did Baleshwar call? What was that person doing at that time?
16. How was Roma treated in the multi speciality hospital?
17. What were the extent of Roma's injuries?
18. What was astonishing to Roma?
19. Why did Baleshwar help Roma?
20. Who was Roma Talreja? Where was she going?
21. Who was Baleshwar Mishra? How did he help Roma?
22. How did Roma spend her time in and around her office?
23. Why didn't the motorists stop to help Baleshwar? Who helped him?
24. Who suggested to take Roma to Airoli? Why did Baleshwar disagree the suggestion?
25. Why did the on duty Physician advise Baleshwar to take Roma to nearby hospital?
26. Where was Roma admitted later? How was she treated there?
27. What did Baleshwar notice in Mumbai?
28. How can you say that Baleshwar was highly sympathetic?

**29. Why does Roma consider Baleshwar's action to be amazing?**

**Extracts: (3 marks Questions )**

- 1. “There’s a girl by the tracks!”**
  - a)Where was the speaker?**
  - b)Who was the speaker?**
  - c)Why was she by the tracks?**
  
- 2. “Let’s go and help her.”**
  - a)where was she?**
  - b)what happened to her?**
  - c)why did they have to help?**
  
- 3. “I hope I’m not too late.”**
  - a)who is I here?**
  - b)what did he have to do?**
  - c)Why did he hope so?**
  
- 4. “Please help me take her to the hospital”**
  - a)Who was requesting?**
  - b)Whom did he request?**
  - c) Why did he have to take her to the hospital?**
  
- 5. “ Chacha can I borrow your mobile?”**
  - a)Who is ‘your’ in this context?**
  - b)Who wanted the mobile?**
  - c)Why did he want the mobile?**
  
- 6. “It’s a regular scene”**
  - a)Which regular scene is referred here?**
  - b)Where can one find this regular scene?**
  - c)Name the lesson?**
  
- 7. “I can’t imagine what would have happened if Baleshwar hadn’t been there”**
  - a)who is the I here?**
  - b)Why was Baleshwar there?**
  - c)What would have happened?**
  
- 8. “They fear getting trapped in the courts or with the police”**
  - a)who do ‘they’ refer to?**
  - b)Who said this?**
  - c)Why do they fear?**

9. "I can never repay Baleshwar"
- Who is I here?
  - Who is Baleshwar?
  - Why can't she repay?
10. "Behenji aap theek hai?" he asked. But there was no response, and no help in sight.
- Who is 'he' here?
  - Who does behenji refer to?
  - Why there was no response?
11. "Take the girl to Airoli," suggested the cop, there's a hospital there. But Baleshwar disagreed.
- What happened to the girl?
  - Who is the girl here?
  - Why did Baleshwar disagree with the suggestion?
12. "Oh I couldn't thank him," Baleshwar thought.
- Who was not thanked?
  - Why should he thank him?
  - Why couldn't he thank him?
13. "whom can I call? "
- Who is I here?
  - Who does he want to call?
  - Whom did he ask?
14. So why did he do it?
- Who does 'he' refer to?
  - What did he do?
  - Why did he do it?

## Unit 3

### Gentleman of Rio en Medio

#### 2 marks questions

- Describe the old man's property. .
- Explain briefly the appearance and manners of Don Anselmo?
- How did the old man greet the people who had been waiting for him?
- What did the Americans discover after the survey?
- The storyteller offered the old man almost the double of what he had quoted earlier. Why?



6. What was the reaction of the old man to the story teller's offer?
7. After the survey why did the Americans offered double the quoted price for the old man's land?
8. Why do you think the Americans wanted to buy Don Anselmo's land?
9. Why did the story teller say that Americans buena gente?
10. Why do you think Don Anselmo did not sell the trees in the Orchard?
11. How do you say that Don Anselmo was generous?
12. What was the complaint of Americans?
13. What changes did the Americans make to Don Anselmo's property? OR

What were the changes made on the ranch after it was sold?

14. What did the story-teller request Don Anselmo to do after the complaint?
15. What was Don Anselmo's reply to the story teller's request?
- 16.. Do you agree with Don Anselmo's defence about not selling his trees to Americans. If yes, how?
17. Describe the old man's appearance and his social/living condition.
18. What was the reaction of the man to the story teller's offer?

### Extracts: (3 marks Questions )

1. "It took months of negotiation to come to an understanding with the old man"
  - a. Who is the old man in this context?
  - b. What was the negotiation about?
  - c. Why do you think it took months to come to an understanding?
2. 'The old man removed his hat and gloves carefully'
  - a. Why did he do so?
  - b. Who is the old man referred here?
  - c. Whose style did it remind the writer of?
3. "We have made a discovery"
  - a. Who are 'we' here?
  - b. What did they discover?
  - c. What was the result of the discovery?
4. "These Americans are Buena gente"
  - a. Who said this?
  - b. What is the meaning of Buena gente according to the context?
  - c. Why did the speaker called Americans Buena gente?
5. He said, "I do not like to have you speak to me in that manner"
  - a. Who is 'he' here?

- b. What is the mood of the speaker?**
  - c. What made him to react so?**
- 6. “I have agreed to sell my house and land for twelve hundred dollars and that is the price?”**
  - a. Who is the speaker here?**
  - b. When did the speaker say this?**
  - c. What does this statement tell about the speaker?**
- 7. “I did not sell them the trees in the Orchard”.**
  - a. Who is 'I' here?**
  - b. Why didn't he sell the trees in the orchard?**
  - c. How did Don Anselmo defend his statement?**
- 8. “The trees in that Orchard are not mine”.**
  - a. Who is 'mine' in this context?**
  - b. According to Don Anselmo, who did the trees belong to?**
  - c. Why did he feel so?**
- 9. “It took months of negotiation to come to an understanding with the old man.**  
**He was in no hurry. What he had the most of was time.”**
  - a. Who is the old man here?**
  - b. Who did the old man negotiated with?**
  - c. What were the terms of negotiation?**
- 10. “ He lived up in Rio en Medio where his ancestors lived. He tilled the same land they had tilled”**
  - a. Who does “he” refer to?**
  - b. Who does “they” refer to?**
  - c. What does the statement convey?**
- 11. “I know these Americans are good people, and that is why I have agreed to sell to them, but I do not care to be insulted. I have agreed to sell my house and land for twelve hundred dollars and that is the price.”**
  - a. Who is the speaker here?**
  - b. What did he sell them and how much did he offer?**
  - c. Why did he feel insulted? Who insulted him?**
- 12. “They are good people and want to be your good neighbors always.”**
  - a. Who are called good people here?**
  - b. Who is he speaking to?**
  - c. Who are the neighbors referred here?**

13. "I have planted a tree for every child. The trees in the orchard are not mine, they belong to the children of the village."
- Who is the speaker here?
  - Who planted trees?
  - Why did not the trees belong to him?

**Poetry**  
**I am the land**

**3-4 marks question**

- In the poem "I am the land, the speaker is patient yet assertive. Substantiate in your own words.
- How does the poet Marina De Bellagenta express the feeling of the land.
- Write a summary of the poem "I am the land".

**Unit 4**  
**Dr. B. R Ambedkar**

**2 marks questions**

- Ambedkar had a great thirst for books When he was a student.Explain.
- How did the 14<sup>th</sup> amendment to U.S.constitution and Mahatma Phule influence On Ambedkar?
- There were great luminaries on the Drafting Committee. Ambedkar is remembered as the pilot. Give reasons.
- What was Ambedkar's idea/perception of the three pillars of State?
- What are the significant observations of Dr.Ambedkar on the Constitution?
- Why did Nehru choose Dr.Ambedkar as the law minister of India?
- What made Dr.Ambedkar describe the methods of Civil Disobedience, Non-cooperation and Satyagraha as the 'Grammar of anarchy'?
- How did Dr. Ambedkar and Mahatma Gandhi try to wipe out caste discrimination from India?
- What are the purposes of a Constitution according to Dr.Ambedkar?
- What remains to be done on the social plane, according to the author 'Dr.B.R.Ambedkar'?
- Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constitution Assembly? Who were the other members of the committee?
- Write a short note on Dr. Ambedkar's idea/perception of the three pillars of state. .

13. What are the significant observations of Dr. Ambedkar on the constitution?
14. Ambedkar had a great thirst for books when he was a student. Explain.
15. How did the fourteenth amendment to the U.S constitution and Mahatma Phule influence on Ambedkar?
16. What are the significant observations of Dr. B.R.Ambedkar on the constitution?
17. Nehru chose Dr. B.R.Ambedkar as the law minister .What might have prompted Nehru to do so?

## Poetry

### The song of India

#### 4 marks questions

1. How does the poet portray positive side of India in the poem “The song of India”?
2. How does the poet portray negative side of India in the poem “The song of India”?
3. Describe the picture of India as per the view of V.K Gokak?
4. Write in your own words the summary of the poem “The song of India”

## Unit-5

### The Concert

#### Extracts: (3 marks Questions )

**Read the following extracts and answer the questions given below:**

- 1 “You’ll wake him up. You know he needs all the sleep and rest he can get”
  - a. Who is the speaker?
  - b. Who needed rest?
  - c. Why did he need sleep and rest?
  - d. Who does ‘him’ refer to?
2. “ I’ve – I’ve always wanted to hear him and see him”.....
  - a. Who is the ‘I’?
  - b. Whom does the speaker want to hear and see?
  - c. Why did the speaker want to hear him?
3. “It’s the chance of a lifetime”.
  - a. Who is the speaker?
  - b. Whom was it a chance of a lifetime?

- c. Why was it a chance of a lifetime?
  - d. What was the chance?
  - e. Did he get the chance? When?
4. “ Take him home, Give him the things he likes, indulge him”.
- a. Who is the speaker?
  - b. Who does ‘he’ refer to?
  - c. Why did the speaker say so?
5. “ But they did not voice their fears”.
- a. Who did not voice their fears?
  - b. What was the fears?
  - c. How did they manage the situation?
6. “ A walk in the park might make you feel better”.
- a. Who suggested a walk in the park?
  - b. Whom was it suggested to?
  - c. Why did the speaker suggest a walk in the park?
  - d. What was the result of the walk?
7. “ Panditji is a busy man you must not bother him with such requests”.
- a. Who is the speaker?
  - b. Who is the ‘you’?
  - c. When did the speaker say so?
  - d. What was the request?
  - e. Why was this request made?
8. “ They could not believe their eyes”.
- a. Who does they refer to?
  - b. What could they not believe?
  - c. Why could they not believe?
9. “Tomorrow morning we perform for the boy”
- a. Who does ‘we’ refer to?
  - b. Who is the boy referred to?
  - c. What was the performance?
  - d. Why did they perform for the boy?
10. “little girl, said the moustachioed man who had made a long speech Panditji is a busy man, you must not bother him with such requests”
- a. Who is the mustachioed man?
  - b. Who does you refer to?
  - c. Why did the listener come there?

11. "Enjoy yourself, lucky you!"
- Who is considered as 'lucky'?
  - Why is she lucky?
  - Why did speaker say like this?
12. No, how can I? We've always done things together"
- Who has done the things together?
  - Why is it not possible now?
  - How was he consoled?

**Poem-5**  
**Jazz poem two**  
**4 marks questions**

- Describe about the pathetic figure of jazz player.
- Describe solitary state of jazz player two.
- How does jazz player feels when he lifts up his saxophone?
- How does the poet describes the jazz player's appearance and his mental condition.

**Unit-6**  
**The Discovery**

**Extracts: (3 marks Questions )**

Read the following extracts and answer the questions given below:

- "A good sailor knows his place"
  - Was Columbus giving to Diego a piece of advice or was it an indirect command?
  - What was 'Diego's reaction?
  - Why did the speaker say so?
- He said, "The Santa Maria will be lighter for his carcass".
  - Whose words was Pepe quoting here?
  - What do the words reveal about the person who said this?
  - What does the word 'carcass' mean here?
- "Once clear of the Devil's track to nowhere", we'll blow our way back home".
  - What does 'Devil's track to nowhere' suggest about the thinking of the seamen?



- b. Who is he speaking to?**
- c .Why did he speak so?**

**12. “We’re like bats trying to fly by day. It’s time he gave way. Why should one man have the lives of fifty in his hands?”**

- a.. Who is compared to bats?**
- b. What does the speaker mean?**
- c. Who had the lives of fifty in his hands?**

**13. “A curb for my tongue-oh, a curb for my unbridled tongue, my worst enemy”**

- a. Who said this ?**
- b. Whom is this said to?**
- c .What does the word “unbridled” mean?**

**14. “I do not claim your confidence, Sir.”**

- a. Who do ‘I ‘refer to? Who is the ‘sir ‘here?**
- b. What was he confident in?**
- c. what was the reason for his not being confidence?**

**15. “I prefer your company to theirs.”**

- a. Whose company does the speaker prefer to?**
- b. Whose company doesn't he like?**
- c .Why did he like his company?**
- d. Who is the speaker?**

**16. “They are simple men and must have their relaxation. We have not all your visions, Captain.”**

- a. Who does ‘they’ refer to?**
- b. Who is the captain?**
- c. What were his visions?**
- d. What were they doing for relaxation?**

**17. “So far, I have discovered but one thing”**

- a. Who does ‘I’ refer to?**
- b. When did the speaker say this?**
- c. What had he discovered?**

**18. ‘What! Does that child stand between me and death?**

- a. Who does the ‘child’ refer to?**
- b. When did the speaker say so?**
- c. What character does the child’s action reveal?**

**19. “Cowards, Cowards! You will have to kill me first”**



- a. Who is the speaker and whom did he call cowards?
- b. When did the speaker say these words?
- c. What character does it reveal about the speaker.

20. “Stop! What is the meaning of this wild uproar? The first man to move shall spend the rest of the night in irons!”

- A. Who is speaker?
- b. Who is he speaking to?
- c. Why did he say so?

21. “Your duty is to obey me as mine is to obey the Royal Sovereign of Spain who sent me”

- a. Who is the speaker here?
- b. When did the speaker say these words?
- c. What character does this statement reveal about the speaker?

22. “Have him down! Pitch him over head! Put him in Irons! Devil’s tool!

- a. Who is the speaker?
- b. Who is the devil's tool?
- c. What mood of the speaker expressed here?

#### POEM-6

### BALLAD OF THE TEMPEST

#### Extracts: (3 marks Questions )

Read the given extracts and answer the questions that follow:

1. “ We were crowded in the cabin, Not a soul would dare to sleep’

- a. Who does the word ‘ we’ refer here?
- b. Not a soul would dare to sleep – why was it so?
- c. What does the word ‘cabin’ mean?

2. ‘ Tis a fearful thing in winter to be shattered by the blast.

- a. What is referred to as a fearful thing?
- b. How did it affect the sailors?
- c. Where did the fearful thing appear?
- d. What did it shatter?

3. “ We are lost !” The captain shouted.

- a. Who does ‘we’ refer to ?
- b. Why did he say so?
- c. How did his daughter react to the situation?

4. “ Then we kissed the little maiden And we spake in better cheer”.
  - a. Who was the little maiden?
  - b. Why did they kiss her?
  - c. Who does ‘we’ refer to?
5. “ As thus we sat in darkness each one busy with his prayers”.
  - a. Who does ‘we’ referred here?
  - b. Why were they praying?
  - c. Why were they in darkness?
6. “ Isn’t God upon the ocean, Just the same as on the land?.
  - a. Who is the speaker?
  - b. When did the speaker say these words?
  - c. What do these words tell about the speaker?
7. “ So we shuddered there in silence," For the stoutest held his breath.
  - a. Who does ‘We’ refer here?
  - b. What made them silence?
  - c. What do you mean by ‘shudder’?
8. “ And we anchored safe in harbour, When the morn was shining clear”.
  - a. Who does the word ‘we’ refer here?
  - b. What made them anchor safe?
  - c. Which word refers to ‘space for a ship’ in the above lines?

## Unit-7

### COLOURS OF SILENCE

2 or 3 marks questions.

1. Satish met with an accident which changed his destiny. Explain
2. Narrate the circumstance that compelled Satish to stay at home.
3. Everything seemed like scenes from some Pantomime show to Satish. Why was it so?
4. Describe the incident that changed the life of Satish?
5. How do you say that Satish Gujral is popular all over the world?
6. Satish Gujral is a great artist. Support this statement mentioning his achievements.
7. The school he was attending informed Satish’s father something. What was it?
8. Name any 3 fields in which Satish Gujral has made his name.
9. “You want to do this very badly, don't you”. Why did father asked Satish so?

10. Why did Surender gave a strange look at Satish?
11. How did the books given by his father effect Sathish?
12. How did Sathish feel after his friend left him?
13. Why did Satish avoid going out to play?
14. What did Satish's father bring when he returned?
15. What are the awards that Satish Gujaral received?
16. What was the reason that carried him the loss of hearing?
17. How can you say that Avathar Narayan was helpless?
18. How both the parents were well wisher but each carried him in a different way?
19. How did Satish's father help him in reading? what was the effect on him of his reading books?
20. Why was Satish confined to bed? What was the worst thing for him?
21. Describe the bird in your own words?
22. Who was Inder? How did he help Satish?
23. Why did Satish avoid going out to play?
24. Who was Satish Gujral? What are the awards that Satish Gujral got?
25. What was the message of this lesson? Or What lessons do you learn from the life of Satish Gujral?
26. What was the reason that carried in loss of hearing?
27. Why did the school informed that they could not admit Satish?
28. How did Satish express his gratitude ?
29. How can you say that Satish became popular all over the World?
30. What made Avatar Narayan angry?
31. What did Satish see at the far corner at the garden? Why did it attract him?

## Unit-8

### SCIENCE AND HOPE OF SURVIVAL

#### 2 marks Questions

1. Earth Tremors was caused by two factors? What are they?
2. What was the most important decision that the politicians took before Geneva Summit?
3. With whose help can the world be ready with preparedness to face the challenges that the natural calamities pose?
4. Write three contributions of basi? science.
5. Who can best ensure our safety in the world? How?
6. What were the lessons learnt by Borrok in Geneva summit.
7. How can you say that scientists are the most practical people in the world.

8. How are scientists able to work in spite of political and cultural differences?
9. Who will be head hunted by financial institutions and pharmaceutical industries. Why?

### **POEM 8:**

#### **Off to the outer space tomorrow morning**

#### **2 marks Questions**

1. Why does the speaker has the feeling that he is imprisoned?
2. Why do the tea cups circle around the poet in space?
3. Why does the poet say that "calendars and clocks "are useless in space?
4. Why does the poet compare his stay in space to solitary confinement?
5. Why does the poet say "winter under lock "?
6. Give some instances of daily routine mentioned in the poem "off to outer space tomorrow morning ".

### **Supplementary Reading**

#### **Narayanpur Incident**

#### **2 marks Questions**

1. Why had the students been marching?
2. How was it an unusual march?
3. Babu and Manju were a bit disappointed with the way students were marching. Why?
4. How did the student leaders manage to protest?
5. What was there in the mysterious parcel?
6. Why had Patil, the sub-inspector, come there? Who believed him?

### **On Top of the World.**

#### **2 marks Questions**

1. How did the lofty Himalayas inspire Dolma?
2. How did Dicky Dolma prepare herself for the task of scaling Mount Everest??
3. How did Dicky Dolma face hardships and challenges in her early life?
4. When did Dicky Dolma climb Mt. Everest? and How does she describe her achievement?
5. What experience left a deep impact on Dicky Dolma?

## **A Great Martyr ever Cherished**

### **2 marks Questions**

1. What did Hanif choose as his mission? Why did he do so?
2. Life for Hanif in the beginning was never a smooth sail. Why was it so?
3. The absence of a mother from home taught the children something. What was that?
4. How does the writer describe the 'introvert' Hanif?
5. Hanif was a young man with varied talents and interests. Illustrate this statement drawing support from the text.
6. What were the two dreams of Hanif? Were they fulfilled?

## **The Bird of Happiness**

### **2 marks Questions**

1. What were the difficulties faced by the Wangjia's village people in Tibet?
2. What hardships did Wangjia undergo on his way to find the Bird?
3. What changes came over Wangjia as the Bird of Happiness caressed him?
4. What changes came over Wangjia when The Bird of Happiness caressed him?
5. The bird granted with all the wishes of Wangjia to his village. Sum up them.

## **POEM MEMORISATION**

### **Quality of Mercy ( 4 lines )**

1. The quality .....him that takes.
2. The throned..... Fear of kings.
3. It is enthroned..... Justice.

### **The Blind Boy ( 4 lines )**

1. O say ..... blind boy.

**2. You talk ..... Night.**

**3. My day ..... Day.**

**4. With heavy ..... Can know.**

**5. Then let ..... Blind boy.**

## Part B

### VOCABULARY

#### Collocative

Combine the word in column 'A' with its collocative word in 'B'

A	B	
1. Rapid	(growth, progress, movement, speed)	Ans: growth
2. Land	(quake, house, lord, rain)	Ans: lord
3. Lay	(attention, emphasis, notice, order)	Ans: emphasis
4. Table	(bag, salt, man, paper)	Ans: salt
5. Walking	(purse, bag, stick, cane).	Ans: stick
6. Swift	(action, escape, dance, habit).	Ans: action
7. Prompt	(payment, action, lift, life).	Ans: payment
8. Raise	(action, payment, double, money).	Ans: doubts
9. Do	(homework, food, money, noise).	Ans: homework
10. Break	(record, climbing, lunch, super).	Ans: record
11. take.	(race, chance, walk, haircut).	Ans: chance
12. catch.	(electricity, flood, fire, storm).	Ans: fire
13. make.	(money, business, homework, house).	Ans: money
14. arm.	(chair, bench, table, desk).	Ans: chair
15. pay	(bill, exam, development, donation).	Ans: bill
16. loud.	(voice, whisper, blink, simile).	Ans: voice
17. sweet.	(growth, memory, design, colour).	Ans: memory
18. book.	(pen, pencil, study, worm).	Ans: worm
19. post.	(book, box, pen, table).	Ans: post box
20. wall.	(door, clock, journey, book).	Ans: clock
21. blood.	(water, bank, post, food).	Ans: bank
22. money.	(order, stamps, coins, letter).	Ans: order
23. self	(myself, discipline, party, money).	Ans: discipline
24. wheel.	(paper, book, table, chair).	Ans: chair
25. police.	(nurse, doctor, constable, school).	Ans: constable
26. hand.	(pants, shirt, socks, kerchief).	Ans: kerchief
27. twinkling.	(star, moon, earth, sun).	Ans: star
28. break.	(last, first, past, fast).	Ans: fast
29. freedom.	(boxer, fighter, swimmer, men).	Ans: fighter
30. leave.	(question, letter, answer, box).	Ans: letter
31. gentle	(cow, dog, man, woman).	Ans: man
32. curly	(hair, journey, man, fight)	Ans: hair
33. fast.	( shower, rain, meal, train)	Ans : train
34. quick.	( food, shower, bus, drink)	Ans: shower
35. huge.	(pen, crime, fever, profit).	Ans: profit
36. pay	(attention, food, bus, woman)	Ans: attention
37. lengthy.	(car, meeting, aeroplane, building).	Ans: meeting
38. beautiful	(car, girl, boy, computer)	Ans: girl
39. seriously	(well, poor, sleeping, ill)	Ans: ill
40. mechanical	(car, chair, life, door)	Ans: life
41. vast.	(ocean, sand, tree, road).	Ans: ocean

42. handsome.	(girl, man, cat, flower)	Ans: man
43. ride.	(bicycle, car, train, plane).	Ans: bicycle
44. cute.	(novel, child, plant, building).	Ans: child
45. melodious	(song, story, book, girl).	Ans: song
46. bright.	(colour, book, car, tree)	Ans: colour
47. major.	(food, journey, work, problem).	Ans: problem
48. lose.	(patience, loan, train, thinking).	Ans: patience
49. speedy.	(recovery, train, music, talk)	Ans: recovery
50. Swift.	(action, escape, dance, habit).	Ans: action
51. sensitive	(plant, skin, leg, look).	Ans: skin
52. bright.	(future, car, story, song).	Ans: future
53. Earth.	(land, water, quake, sun)	Ans: quake

## PREFIXES

**Complete the sentences below. Use prefixes with the words underlined:**

1. He began to feel terribly drowsy and soon fell conscious.
2. The visible being laughed in scorn.
3. The Yaksha was pleased with Yudhistira's partiality.
4. Bindu was happy because she could not get good marks.
5. It is possible to sing like Bhimsen Joshi.
6. Anusha could not go to school because she was well.
7. The officer dismissed the clerk because he was competent.
8. Man is mortal but great work of art is mortal.
9. The school opens on June 1.
10. Manish eats meat. He is a Vegetarian.
11. Terrorists are Social.
12. Bakra Nangal is a purpose project.
13. Plastic chairs are expensive.
14. Please don't cause convenient to traveler.
15. That cinema is popular.
16. That answer is correct.
17. He is very fortunate in his life.
18. We are breathing pure air.
19. The boy turned to be an honest students.
20. Sunitha is regular to the class.
21. Rama Murthy's way of expressing facts is proper.
22. No one should respect the National Flag.
23. It was Rahul's fortune that he lost the game.
24. One's own signature is Graph.
25. Place of living organism is Sphere.
26. His interests are dimensional.
27. That is purpose project.
28. The doctor has given biotic to the child.
29. Half of the earth's surface is a sphere.
30. Plastics cannot be used without cycling.
31. Tissues are not visible to the naked eye it is scopic.
32. She has continued her studies.
33. That is a familiar sight.
34. I gave her a used towel.



35. He delivered a prepared speech.
36. The student is attentive in the class.
37. The burglar's attempt turned out to be successful.
38. The magic show was organized.
39. The shopkeeper is a satisfied person.
40. Satisfaction made the passengers to travel by bus instead of train.
41. The old man was hurried.
42. His house was small and pleasant but quaint.
43. They had plastered the old house.
44. They had pruned the tree.
45. The kids were polite.
46. I agree with your opinion.
47. I'm not grateful.
48. Tom's parents were appointed with his report card.
49. Sarah likes the taste of medicine.
50. The discounts available at the Christmas sales were believable.
51. Swami's parents thought the mess in his room was acceptable.
52. Mom said I had to wait until my birthday so wrap my presents.
53. We had to heat the oven before we could put the cookies in.
54. Sathish forgot his backpack and had to turn come to get it.
55. Smitha was sad because she was able to get tickets for the concert.
56. Mohan almost fell down because his shoelaces were tied.
57. Chandru can swim water for over 1 minute.
58. Our teacher told us not to behave on the field trip.
59. I had to read the questions, so that I could understand it.
60. We had to wear of snakes while we were hiking through the woods.
61. We watched the fireworks plode in the night sky.

## ANSWERS

1. Unconscious
2. In visible
3. Impartiality
4. Unhappy
5. Impossible
6. Unwell
7. Incompetent
8. Immortal
9. Reopens
10. Non vegetarian
11. Antisocial
12. Multi purpose
13. Inexpensive
14. Inconvenient
15. Unpopular
16. Incorrect
17. Unfortunate
18. Impure

19. Dishonest
20. Irregular
21. Improper
22. Disrespect
23. Misfortune
24. Autograph
25. Hemisphere
26. Multidimensional
27. Multipurpose
28. Antibiotic
29. Hemisphere
30. Recycling
31. Microscopic
32. Discontinued
33. Unfamiliar
34. Unused
35. Unprepared
36. Inattentive
37. Unsuccessful
38. Unorganized
39. Unsatisfied
40. Dissatisfaction
41. Unhurried
42. Unpleasant
43. Re plastered
44. Un pruned
45. Impolite
46. Disagree
47. Ungrateful
48. Disappointed
49. Dislikes
50. Unbelievable
51. Unacceptable
52. Unwrap
53. Preheat
54. Return
55. Unable
56. Untied
57. Underwater
58. Misbehave
59. Reread
60. Beware
61. Explode

### Suffixes:

**Complete the sentences below. Use suffixes with the words underlined.**

1. The judge said that only fresh evidence would make him change his judg89e
2. I didn't notice any serious differ\_\_\_\_\_ of opinion among the debaters.

3. The committee has decide to make Jagadish captain of the team.
4. Asking for forgive is as noble as willing to forgive.
5. My mother answered all the questions correct .
6. He request some youth stand nearby to save the boy.
7. All of them answer his questions different .
8. He should follow the time table strict
9. Please make room for wait customer .
10. When you blow air into the balloon it becomes big
11. As the train approach the station the sound of its whistle becomes loud
12. Man has been construct taller buildings in cities .
13. As you move away from a tree it looks small
14. He was comfort in his seat on the train.
15. He was act in a very child way.
16. She looked at her reflect in the mirror.
17. India has won the champion at Sharjah.
18. The rate of employ in India has been rising steadily.
19. Give him an appoint
20. The speaker accept the resigna of the legislator.
21. We should not have too much attach to anything.
22. The teacher admired the honest of Manjula.
23. Make meaning sentence.
24. Why are you afraid of the examina
25. Chemistry is an interest subject.
26. He has to take the measure of the cloth today.
27. Worth encouraging invent
28. Mohan usually drives on the right side of the road .He is a care driver .
29. The student is very care while crossing the road.
30. It was very cheer Diwali for Hari.
31. Most young people live in the present .They are often thought about the future.
32. The boxer lost his temper and gave him a power below.
33. Even as a child she had publish a book of fairy tales.
34. I wanted to help you .But I am help
35. Sham has given us a use suggestion.
36. The scientist was success in his effort.
37. Jyothi gave us an use information.
38. My sister bought an arm of dolls into her room.
39. Our puppy Max is very play
40. The farm took the hay into the barn.
41. The lights added magic touch to the pay.
42. She was the young girl in the whole class.
43. The ground was complete covered with snow.
44. Dad allowed me to take one big scoop of ice cream .
45. When I fell off my bike into the rocks ,it was very pain
46. We had lots of fun pop the balloons from the party.
47. The dolphin was flip in the air for the audience.
48. Venus is the hot planet in the solar system .
49. Please don't throw away that plastic bag .It's reuse
50. My new business is making lots of money .I'm happy that it's profit
51. My dirty jacket isn't wash
52. Be careful with that glass table. It's a very break piece of furniture.

53. The plane land at the airport a little late.  
54. The monkeys climb to the top of the tree.  
55. We watched the frogs as they jump on the glass.

**ANSWER**

1. Judgment
2. Difference
3. Decided
4. Forgiveness, willingness
5. Correctly
6. Requested, standing
7. Answered, differently
8. Strictly
9. Waiting
10. Bigger
11. Approaches, louder
12. Constructing
13. Smaller
14. Comfortable
15. Acting, childish
16. Reflection
17. Championship
18. Employment
19. Appointment
20. Accepted, resignation
21. Attachment
22. Honesty
23. Meaningful
24. Examination
25. Interesting
26. Measurement
27. Invention
28. Careless
29. Careful
30. Cheerful
31. Thoughtful
32. Powerful
33. Published
34. Helpless
35. Useless
36. Successful
37. Useful
38. armful
39. playful
40. farmer
41. magical
42. youngest
43. completely
44. scoopful
45. painful
46. popping

47. flipping
48. hottest
49. reusable
50. profitable
51. washable
52. breakable
53. landed
54. climbed
55. jumped

## 1. Rearranging the words

**Rearrange the jumbled words into a meaningful sentence.**

1. I/borrow/luggage/could/your?
2. bought/he/pen/a/made/which/is/Japan/in
3. their/students/were/of/full/to/know/interest/results
4. people/how/many/there/your/are/family/in ?
5. did/you/the/holidays/spend/how?
6. you/feel/about/did/how/it?
7. story/like/you/the/do?
8. to/man/is/music/gift/God's
9. like/to/some/buy/books/I'd
10. father/her/encouraging/her/is?
11. obey/the/everybody/constitution/should?
12. out/please/you/could/take/them?
13. Should/much/how/I/pay/this/for?
14. you/time/do/work/finish/what?
15. walk/many/he/could/kilometres/a/break/without
16. colour/favourite/is/red/your?
17. clean/did/her/she/home?
18. although/he/unhappy/is/is/he/rich
19. quite/was/I/happy/the/prize/first/receive/to
20. with/playing/I/enjoy/dog/my
21. upset/why/you/looking/are
22. must/we/our/protect/resources/natural
23. the/letter/to/I/post/forgot
24. you/will/school/to/come/tomorrow?
25. fond/riding/I/of/am/bicycle
26. come/school/to/yesterday/didn't/you/why?
27. present/I/my/project/could?
28. I/can/what/for/do/you
29. I/have/a/lamp/in/room/burning/the/can?
30. is/the/who/of/father/our/nation?
31. going/are/where/you?
32. saturday/are/late/on/many/how/students?
33. done/you/homework/your/have?
34. king/as/the/are/the/subjects/so
35. best/honesty/the/is/policy
36. a/where/is/will/there/a/is/way/there
37. launched/the/Aryabhata/ISRO/in/1975

38. love/my/I/motherland
39. waste/let's/our/not/time
40. man/a/long/boring/a/speech/made/large/moustachioed
41. climbed/she/pluck/tree/the/to/flowers
42. sight/what/beautiful/a/it/is/!
43. wonderful/a/place/it/what/is/!
44. dramatist/a/great/English/was/Shakespeare
45. from/my/brother/borrowed/a/bag/I
46. you/thinking/what/about/are?
47. snakes/afraid/of/you/are?
48. worried/you/looking/why/so/are?
49. ought/our/respect/we/teachers/to
50. beautiful /Taj/Mahal/is /the/how!

### Answers

1. Could I borrow your luggage?
2. He bought a pen which is made in Japan.
3. Students were full of interest to know their results
4. How many people are there in your family?
5. How did you spend the holidays?
6. How did you feel about it?
7. Do you like the story?
8. Music is God's gift to man
9. I'd like to buy some books.
10. Is her father encouraging her?
11. Should everybody obey the constitution?
12. Could you please take them out?
13. How much should I pay for this?
14. What time do you finish work?
15. He could walk many kilometers without a break.
16. Is red your favorite color?
17. Did she clean her home?
18. He is unhappy although he is rich.
19. I was quite happy to receive the first prize.
20. I enjoy playing with my dog.
21. Why are you looking upset?
22. We must protect our natural resources.
23. I forgot to post the letter.
24. Will you come to school tomorrow?
25. I am fond of riding bicycle.
26. Why didn't you come to school yesterday?
27. Could I present my project?
28. What can I do for you?
29. Can I have a lamp burning in the room?
30. Who is the father of our nation?
31. Where are you going?
32. How many students are late on Saturday?
33. Have you done your homework?
34. As the king so are the subjects.
35. Honesty is the best policy.
36. Where there is a will there is a way.

37. ISRO launched the Aryabhata in 1975
38. I love my motherland.
39. Let's not waste our time.
40. A large mustachioed man made a long boring speech.
41. She climbed tree to pluck the flowers.
42. What a beautiful sight it is!
43. What a wonderful place it is!
44. Shakespeare was a great English dramatist.
45. I borrowed a bag from my brother.
46. What are you thinking about?
47. Are you afraid of snakes?
48. Why are you looking so worried?
49. We ought to respect our teachers
50. How beautiful the Taj Mahal is!

## Syllabification

A syllable is a unit of sound. It can be a vowel, a diphthong or one or more vowels combined with one or more consonants.

1. Monosyllables : act, cat, book, slew, base, vile, oft, cause, crown, mourn, worse, fear, head, sword, tongue, plot, steel, wish one, school, break, make, see, all, ball, call, bat, bet, sweep, life.
2. Disyllabic or Bi-syllabic : Sen-se, cen-sure, va-liant, cap-tives, be-side, dec-tate, wo-men, cri-tic, in-stead, de-lay, a-gain, edu-cate, pro-gramme, se-nate, de-fate, dor-mant, out-break, mo-ral, dir-rect, co-ward, en-ding, care-ful, de-vil, dia-mond, sus-pect, deep-est, pur-pose, sil-ly, let-ter, mar-ble, plas-ma, A-pril, e-vil, Mar-y, fa-ther, Mon-day, in-sert, ta-ble, a-wake.
3. Tri-syllabic word : beau-ti-ful, to-mor-row, po-pu-lar, in-ten-tion, mu-ti-ny, le-ga-cy, be-lo-ved, me-mo-ry, un-kind-ly, for-tu-nate, a-ra-tion, coun-try-men, be-ne-fit, con-si-der, e-le-ment, tra-di-tion, im-plic-it, per-mis-sion, ex-peri-ment, e-ffec-tive, in-jus-tice, com-pa-nion.
4. Polysyllabic word: in-tel-le-gent, in-i-ti-at-ve, per-so-ni-fi-ca-tion, fun-da-men-tal-ly, syl-la-bi-fi-ca-tion.

Pick out the word which has only one syllable:

1. Table, honest, graph, device

Ans: graph

2. Devil, father, Mary, call

Ans : call

3. Able, ago, country, plot

Ans : plot

4. Benefit, diamond, careful, sweep

Ans : Sweep

5. Head, ending, monday, mother

Ans : head

6. April, ball, moral, direct

ball

7. Burglar, bench, confuse, radio

Ans : bench

8. Paper, police, bank, photo

Ans : bank

9. Friend, return, couple, beside  
Ans : Freind
10. Reason, protest, final, large  
Ans : Large
- Pick out the word which has two syllables:
1. Eight, cloud, tomorrow, printer  
Ans: printer
2. Attitude, table, temperature, friend  
Ans : table
3. Primary, idea, probable, school  
Ans : idea
4. Affection, friend, ago, phone  
Ans : ago
5. Topper, skill, pure, school  
Ans: topper
6. Bank, today, school, phone  
Ans: today
7. Bench, please, photo, graph  
Ans: photo
8. Cook, taught, money, laugh  
Ans : money
9. Mount, cause, orchard, board  
Ans: orchard
10. Pupil, flow, clause, pause  
Ans: pupil
11. Liver, chair, board, pinch  
Ans: Liver
12. Curd, outer, grind, church  
Ans: outer
13. Relation, accident, talent, adventure  
Ans : talent
14. Laugh, large, wisdom, dream  
Ans: wisdom
15. Moon, grand, English, continent  
Ans: English

## Homophones

- |                         |                   |                  |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. accessory, accessory | ad, add           | ail, ale         |
| 2. air, heir            | aisle, I'll, isle | all, awl         |
| 3. allowed, aloud       | alms, arms        | altar, alter     |
| 4. arc, ark             | aren't, aunt      | ate, eight       |
| 5. auger, augur         | auk, orc          | aural, oral      |
| 6. away, aweigh         | awe, oar, or, ore | axel, axle       |
| 7. aye, eye, I          | bail, bale        | bait, bate       |
| 8. baize, bays          | bald, bawled      | ball, bawl       |
| 9. band, banned         | bard, barred      | bare, bear       |
| 10. bark, barque        | baron, barren     | base, bass       |
| 11. bay, bey            | bazaar, bizarre   | be, bee          |
| 12. beach, beech        | bean, been        | beat, beet       |
| 13. beau, bow           | beer, bier        | bel, bell, belle |



14. berry, bury  
 15. billed, build  
 16. bloc, block  
 17. boarder, border  
 18. born, borne  
 19. brae, bray  
 20. brake, break  
 21. bridal, bridle  
 22. but, butt  
 23. calendar, calender  
 24. cast, caste  
 25. caw, core, corps  
 26. cheap, cheep  
 27. chord, cord  
 28. clew, clue  
 29. coal, kohl  
 30. colonel, kernel  
 31. coo, coup  
 32. cousin, cozen  
 33. cue, kyu, queue  
 34. cymbol, symbol  
 35. deviser, divisor  
 36. discreet, discrete  
 37. douse, dowse  
 38. earn, urn  
 39. faint, feint  
 40. farther, father  
 41. fay, fey  
 42. ferrule, ferule  
 43. file, phial  
 44. fizz, phiz  
 45. flea, flee  
 46. floe, flow  
 47. for, fore, four  
 48. forth, fourth  
 49. freeze, frieze  
 50. gait, gate  
 51. gamble, gambol  
 52. gild, guild  
 53. gnaw, nor  
 54. grate, great  
 55. grisly, grizzly  
 56. hail, hale  
 57. hangar, hanger  
 58. hay, hey  
 59. heard, herd  
 60. hew, hue  
 61. him, hymn  
 62. hoarse, horse  
 63. idle, idol

berth, birth  
 bitten, bittern  
 boar, bore  
 bold, bowled  
 bough, bow  
 braid, brayed  
 bread, bred  
 broach, brooch  
 buy, by, bye  
 call, caul  
 caster, castor  
 cent, scent, sent  
 check, cheque  
 cite, sight, site  
 climb, clime  
 coarse, course  
 complacent, complaisant  
 cops, copse  
 creak, creek  
 curb, kerb  
 dam, damn  
 dew, due  
 doe, doh, dough  
 draft, draught  
 eery, eyrie  
 fah, far  
 fate, fête  
 faze, phase  
 few, phew  
 find, fined  
 flair, flare  
 flex, flecks  
 flour, flower  
 foreword, forward  
 foul, fowl  
 friar, fryer  
 galipot, gallipot  
 gays, gaze  
 gilt, guilt  
 gneiss, nice  
 greave, grieve  
 groan, grown  
 hair, hare  
 hart, heart  
 heal, heel, he'll  
 he'd, heed  
 hi, high  
 ho, hoe  
 holey, holy, wholly  
 in, inn

bight, bite, byte  
 blew, blue  
 board, bored  
 boos, booze  
 boy, buoy  
 braise, brays, braze  
 brews, bruise  
 bur, burr  
 buyer, byre  
 canvas, canvass  
 caught, court  
 cereal, serial  
 choir, quire  
 clack, claque  
 close, cloze  
 cosign, coin  
 complement, compliment  
 council, counsel  
 crews, cruise  
 currant, current  
 desert, dessert  
 die, dye  
 done, dun  
 dual, duel  
 ewe, yew, you  
 fair, fare  
 faun, fawn  
 feat, feet  
 fie, phi  
 fir, fur  
 flaw, floor  
 flew, flu, flue  
 foaled, fold  
 fort, fought  
 franc, frank  
 furs, furze  
 gallop, galop  
 genes, jeans  
 giro, gyro  
 gorilla, guerilla  
 greys, graze  
 guessed, guest  
 hall, haul  
 haw, hoar, whore  
 hear, here  
 heroin, heroine  
 higher, hire  
 hoard, horde  
 hour, our  
 indict, indite

64. it's, its	jewel, joule	key, quay
65. knave, nave	knead, need	knew, new
66. knight, night	knit, nit	knob, nob
67. knock, nock	knot, not	know, no
68. knows, nose	laager, lager	lac, lack
69. lade, laid	lain, lane	lam, lamb
70. laps, lapse	larva, lava	lase, laze
71. law, lore	lay, ley	lea, lee
72. leach, leech	lead, led	leak, leek
73. lean, lien	lessen, lesson	levee, levy
74. liar, lyre	licence, license	licker, liquor
75. lie, lye	lieu, loo	links, lynx
76. lo, low	qload, lode	loan, lone
77. locks, lox	loop, loupe	loot, lute
78. made, maid	mail, male	main, mane
79. maize, maze	mall, maul	manna, manner
80. mantel, mantle	mare, mayor	mark, marque
81. marshal, martial	marten, martin	mask, masque
82. maw, more	me, mi	mean, mien
83. meat, meet, mete	medal, meddle	metal, mettle
84. meter, metre	might, mite	miner, minor, mynah
85. mind, mined	missed, mist	moat, mote
86. mode, mowed	moor, more	moose, mousse
87. morning, mourning	muscle, mussel	naval, navel
88. nay, neigh	nigh, nye	none, nun
89. od, odd	ode, owed	oh, owe
90. one, won	packed, pact	packs, pax
91. pail, pale	pain, pane	pair, pare, pear
92. palate, palette, pallet	pascal, paschal	paten, patten, pattern
93. pause, paws, pores, pours	pawn, porn	pea, pee
94. peace, piece	peak, peek, peke, pique	peal, peel
95. pearl, purl	pedal, peddle	peer, pier
96. pi, pie	pica, pika	place, plaice
97. plain, plane	pleas, please	plum, plumb
98. pole, poll	poof, pouffe	practice, practise
99. praise, prays, preys	principal, principle	profit, prophet
100. ring, wring	road, rode	roe, row
101. role, roll	roo, roux, rue	rood, rude
102. root, route	rose, rows	rota, rotor
103. rote, wrote	rough, ruff	rouse, rows
104. rung, wrung	rye, wry	saver, savour
105. spade, spayed	sale, sail	sane, seine
106. satire, satyr	sauce, source	saw, soar, sore
107. scene, seen	scull, skull	sea, see
108. seam, seem	sear, seer, sere	seas, sees, seize
109. sew, so, sow	shake, sheikh	shear, sheer
110. shoe, shoo	sic, sick	side, sighed
111. sign, sine	sink, synch	slay, sleigh
112. sloe, slow	sole, soul	some, sum
113. son, sun	sort, sought	spa, spar

114. staid, stayed	stair, stare	stake, steak
115. stalk, stork	stationary, stationery	steal, steel
116. stile, style	storey, story	straight, strait
117. sweet, suite	swat, swot	tacks, tax
118. tale, tail	talk, torque	tare, tear
119. taught, taut, tort	te, tea, tee	team, teem
120. tear, tier	teas, tease	terce, terse
121. tern, turn	there, their, they're	threw, through
122. throes, throws	throne, thrown	thyme, time
123. tic, tick	tide, tied	tire, tyre
124. to, too, two	toad, toed, towed	told, tolled
125. tole, toll	ton, tun	tor, tore
126. tough, tuff	troop, troupe	tuba, tuber
127. vain, vane, vein	vale, veil	vial, vile
128. wail, wale, whale	wain, wane	waist, waste
129. wait, weight	waive, wave	wall, waul
130. war, wore	ware, wear, where	warn, worn
131. wart, wort	watt, what	wax, whacks
132. way, weigh, whey	we, wee, whee	weak, week
133. we'd, weed	weal, we'll, wheel	wean, ween
134. weather, whether	weaver, weever	weir, we're
135. were, whirr	wet, whet	wheald, wheeled
136. which, witch	whig, wig	while, wile
137. whine, wine	whirl, whorl	whirled, world
138. whit, wit	white, wight	who's, whose
139. woe, whoa	wood, would	yaw, yore, your, you're
140. yoke, yolk		

## Passage Reading

Read the passage and answer the questions:

- I. A king had two clever sons, but they were very mischievous. They spent their time and money wastefully. They had a younger cousin whom they called 'simpleton' because he was quite and simple. They would make fun of him for his simplicity.
  1. How many sons the king had?
  2. How did they spend their time and money?
  3. Who was quite and simple?
  4. Why did they call their cousin as simpleton?
  
- II. Naveen was lazy and improvident and was quite incapable of thinking about tomorrow. If any money came his way, and it seldom did, he immediately bought guards of psalm-wine, called around his neighbors and made merry. Naveen was of course, a debtor and he owed every neighbor some money, from a few rupees to quite substantial amounts.
  1. How was Naveen's habit?
  2. What was Naveen's nature?
  3. What did he do when money comes?
  4. What was the result of his habits?
  
- III. Charlie Chaplin (Charles Spencer Chaplin) was born on 16<sup>th</sup> April at Kennington in London. At an early age Charlie performed on stage with his father and brother, Sydney, by the age of

eighth, Charlie Chaplin was already a seasoned stage performer. His skill as a comedian developed under the guidance of Fred Karno.

1. Who is the paragraph about?
2. Which sentence in the paragraph suggests that he was born into a family of actors?  
Write that sentence.
3. Charlie Chaplin was great comedian (true/false) tick the right one.
4. Who was his tutor in the art of acting?

IV. An elderly was ready to retire. He told his employer-contractor of his plans to leave the house-building business to live a more leisurely life with his wife and enjoy the extended family. He would miss the pay cheque<sup>3</sup>.

The contractor sorry to see his good worker leave and asked if he could built just one more house as a personal favour. The carpenter said yes, but overtime it was easy to see that his heart was not in his work. He resorted to shoddy workmanship and used inferior materials. It was an unfortunate way to end a dedicated career.

When the carpenter finished his work, his employer came to inspect the house. Then he handed the front door key to the carpenter and said, "This is your house ... my gift to you." How shocked the carpenter was! What a shame!

If he had only known that he was building his own house, he would have done it all differently.

1. Why did the carpenter want to retire?
2. What did the contractor ask the carpenter as a personal favour?
3. How did the carpenter build the house?
4. Pick put the words from the story that are pronounced same (homophones) as
  - a)Check
  - b)carrier
  - c)Check - cheque
  - d)carrier- career.

V. A merchant who was trading in salt, used to carry his load on a donkey to the next town. He had to wade through a stream on the way. One day by chance the donkey fell into the stream while crossing it and before he was able to get up, much of the salt had dissolved in the water. The animal was relieved of much of the burden. The donkey was taken to the town and the salt that remained was sold out. The next day, as the donkey was crossing the stream as usual with his load of salt, it deliberately rolled. On the third day he played the same trick to cure him of this trick, the next day the master loaded the donkey with sponges. When the donkey got up it was found that the weight had increased instead of decreasing. The sponge has absorbed much water and had become too heavy. Never from the day had the donkey played the trick.

1. What had happened to the salt when the donkey fell into the stream?
2. How many times did it play the trick deliberately?
3. What did the merchant load the donkey with on a fourth day?
4. Why did the donkey find that the weight had increased?

VI. An old man died and left his son a lot of money. But the son was a foolish young man, and he quickly spent all the money enjoying with his friends. Soon he had nothing left. Even his friends left him alone. When he was quite poor and alone, he went to see Nasreddin, who was a kind, clever old man and often helped people when they had troubles.

'My money has finished and my friends have gone,' said the young man. 'What will happen to me now?'

'Don't worry young man,' answered Nasreddin. 'Everything will soon be alright again. Wait and you will soon fell much happier.'

The young man was very glad. 'Am I going to get rich again then?' he asked Nasreddin.

**‘No, I didn’t mean that,’ said the old man. ‘I meant that you would soon get used to being poor and having no friends.’**

- 1. Why young man was called ‘foolish’ in the story?**
- 2. What made the young man to go to Nasreddin?**
- 3. Pick out a pair of words that mean the opposite to each other.**
- 4. What did Nasreddin mean when he said, ‘Wait and you will soon feel much happier.’?**

**VII. Good habits are always beneficial for life. Some habits like timely meals, doing physical exercises, running and jogging to keep one’s body and mind in good condition. Yoga and prayer help man to lead a happy and contented life. They help man to have perfect co-ordination between body and mind. Besides good habits, our body requires good food, fresh air, clean water, sleep and rest. Doctors tell us that some matters work against good health. Smoking, eating too much, irregular habits such as eating at odd times, going to bed very late and not doing one’s work at regular hours. One should follow good habits to lead a happy life.**

- 1. How do exercises like running and jogging help us?**
- 2. What are the good habits mentioned in the above passage?**
- 3. What do we need besides good habits?**
- 4. Some habits have bad effect on health. What are they?**

**VIII. According to TIME magazine, humans cut down about 15 billion trees each year. And almost 27 thousand trees are cut down every day just to make toilet paper. The wood from trees is used to make important things like furniture, homes and boats. We need trees for these things, but we also need trees to help us breath! Trees produce or make oxygen which is important to every living thing on earth. And trees are also homes for animals like birds, insects, and spiders. This earth day gives your planet a present . . . . plant anew tree!**

- 1. What do trees produce that every living being needs?**
- 2. How many trees are needed each day just to make toilet paper?**
- 3. How many trees are cut down each year?**
- 4. Who do the trees give shelter to?**

**IX. People think that the ass is a stupid animal. But there was once an ass that had sense enough to save the life of his master. Tom Brown was a peddler who went from village to village. His goods were carried on the back of his ass. Tom was lame and limp along holding on the tail of his ass. Thai tail was thus of a great help to him in walking.**

**One day in winter, there was a great snow storm. Tom and his ass lost their way and tumbled together in a deep pit. The ass got out of the pit making his way through the dense masses of snow but his master being lame, could not do so. Tom was hidden in the snow and would soon have lost his life. The ass forced away through the snow back again into the pit and stood there. So his master could get a good grip of his tail. So Tom was pulled out. There was a light in the distance. Holding fast the tail of his ass, Tom managed to reach a cottage and put up there for the night where he was looked after by the cottagers.**

- 1. What is the general idea of the people about the ass?**
- 2. Why did Tom hold on the tail of his ass while walking?**
- 3. Why was Tom on the point of death?**
- 4. The person who goes from place to place selling goods is called a \_\_\_\_\_. Peddler.**

**X. Once the chief priest of a temple at Banaras saw a shining plate of gold in front of the temple. It was a gift from heaven to the most loving among men. Everyone in the city wanted to get the plate. People, who had never given alms before, who had looked down upon the poor, made up their minds to give money and food to the poor. Thousands of beggars came to Banaras. The**

narrow streets were crowded with these miserable looking creatures. Some had no legs. They walked on crutches. Some crawled along the streets because their legs were swollen.

One day a poor peasant came to the city to worship at the temple. He did not know about the plate. On the way he saw a miserable beggar with his body full of sores. The peasant took pity on him. He knelt before him, cleaned the sores with his towel and gave him some food. Then he went to the temple. The chief priest saw him. He asked him to pick up the plate. As soon as he picked up the plate, it shone brighter than ever. Other people too picked up the plate earlier. But the plate never shone like this. Instead it turned into lead. At last God had chosen the poor peasant to be the most loving among men.

1. How did the peasant serve the miserable beggar?
2. What did the plate of gold turn into when others picked it up?
3. Whose was the gift?
4. Who was the most loving among men?

## **One Word**

### **Give one word for the following:**

1. A person who travels to his workplace regularly is called- COMMUTER
2. A place where fruit trees are grown is called- ORCHARD
3. Someone who breaks into a house for stealing is called- BURGLAR
4. One who is trained in the act of doing public service is called- SCOUT
5. A small narrow stream or river is called- CREEK
6. A great performer especially a musician is called- MAESTRO
7. Yellow or brown coloured wine- SHERRY
8. A decorated rod carried by a king as a symbol of power- SCEPTRE
9. Touch gently with love- CARESS
10. A long narrative poem is called- BALLAD
11. A violent storm is called- TEMPEST
12. Art of making figures in stone, wood, or metal- SCULPTURE
13. Very eager for knowledge- VORACIOUS
14. To breathe in a noisy way- SNORE
15. Unusual and attractive especially in an old fashioned way- QUAIN
16. To talk in a low voice- WHISPER
17. A place where ships are anchored- HARBOUR
18. A person who designs buildings and supervises their constructions- ARCHITECT
19. A journey by sea- VOYAGE
20. One who travels in a spacecraft- ASTRONAUT
21. Lower the body close to the ground- CROUCH
22. A person who loves his country- PATRIOT
23. A man that a woman is engaged to- FIANCE
24. To make movements with hands- GESTURE
25. To speak in a very kind way- POLITE
26. A person who is especially good at some art or achievement- WIZARD
27. Speak in a very unkind way- SNEER
28. To make movements with hands and arms- GESTICULATIONS
29. A frightening dream- NIGHTMARE
30. To treat someone very kindly and protect the person too much from anything unpleasant- MOLLY-CODDLE
31. A place outside a city -SUBURBAN

32. To become unconscious- **BLACK OUT**
33. Half awake due to drugs- **PARTLY SEDATED**
34. A stitch that is used to sew a wound together-**SUTURE**
35. A group of people related to family that existed long ago-**DESCENDANTS**
36. To cut off some branches of a tree to make it grow better-**PRUNE**
37. A very large farm-**RANCH**
38. Make something better- **AMELIORATION**
39. Ability to see, hear, understand-**PERCEPTION**
40. Cruel, unjust, oppressive rule- **TYRANNY**
41. Controlled by one country or organisation-**HEGEMONY**
42. Enthusiastic clapping by the audience who stand up from their seat as a sign of appreciation-**OVATION**
43. To twist and turn the body or part of it with quick short movements-**WRIGGLE**
44. A state of being alone-**SOLITUDE**
45. High deck at the end of the ship-**POOP**
46. A dead body is called-**CARCASS**
47. A sudden running of people excited or afraid-**STAMPEDE**
48. A metal device attached to a ship or boat by a cable and cast overboard to hold it in a particular place-**ANCHOR**
49. A private room on a ship or boat-**CABIN**
50. A dangerous part of a river which flows very fast because it is steep and sometimes narrow-**RAPIDS**

## **Editing**

**The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and correct them and rewrite the paragraph in the space provided. Clues are given**

1. Congratulations were showered on swami next day. His classmates looked at him with respect and his teacher pat his back.

1. Capital letter to be used                      2. Verbal mistake to be corrected

2. baleshwar showed himself to the door, and jump off the still-moving trains.

1. Capital letter to be used                      2. Verbal mistake to be corrected

3. "who goes there", he cried like a crows. "How dare you come here? What are you after?"

1. Capital letter to be used    2. Noun plural to be corrected

4. We've stood too much. We've run duped day in, day out, we're men with the common feelings of man.

1. Apostrophe to be used                      2. Noun plural to be used

5. Smita bit her lip for self-reproach. And she mother signaled her to be silent.

1. Preposition to be used                      2. Pronoun to be corrected

6. They were waits for the bus. After a long time, it came. The bus were heavily crowded. Anyway they managed to push through and squeezed themselves of.

1. Tense error to be corrected
2. Auxiliary error to be corrected
3. Preposition to be corrected

7. one day, when he was looking gloomily into a far corner in the garden, he see a bird that was unlike any he had ever seen before.

1. Capital letter to be used
2. Verbal mistake to be corrected
3. Correct article to be used
3. Correct preposition to be used

8. 'Are you coming, manju?' Babu asked. 'Coming where' said Manju. Even as the brother and sister were talking, they hear magical words 'they are coming'. The children like others, rushed out, heedless of a rain.

1. Capital letter to be used
2. Question mark to be used
3. Verbal mistake to be corrected
4. Article to be corrected

9. The old man came in. He bow to all of us. Then he removed his hat and glove. He handed over his things for the boy. The boy stood behind the old man's chair.

1. Verbal mistake to be corrected
2. Noun plural to be used
3. Preposition to be used
4. Apostrophe to be used

10. The old man came in. He bow to all of us. Then he removed his hat and glove. He handed over his things for the boy. The boy stood behind the old mans chair.

1. Verbal mistake to be corrected
2. Noun plurals to be corrected
3. Preposition to be corrected
4. Article to be corrected

11. Friendship break as a most hallowed to worms breaks. Discipline, duty and honourable obedience are bubble that burst at the first contact. Put him in irons! Devils tool!

1. Verbal mistake to be corrected
2. Noun plurals to be corrected
3. Preposition to be corrected
4. Article to be corrected

12. Once a lion was sleep under a tree. A mouse ran over his body and disturbed his sleep. A lion was annoyed. He took the mouse to his paw and got ready to crush it.

1. Verbal mistake to be corrected
2. Noun plurals to be corrected
3. Preposition to be corrected
4. Article to be corrected

13. Our school are one of the most famous school in Kodagu. Our school gets a few top ranks at the public examination every year. Our school is Government High School.

1. Verbal mistake to be corrected
2. Noun plurals to be corrected
3. Preposition to be corrected
4. Apostrophe to be used

14. A few months later, Robert come across the old man, again in another part of the cities. the man had a monkey, bought no doubt, at the money a crowd had given him.

1. Verbal mistake to be corrected
2. Noun plurals to be corrected
3. Preposition to be corrected
4. Article to be corrected

15. Shalini visited a history place during summer vacation. Her parents accompanies her. She tripped on a small stone while walking. As an result, she was injured.

1. Form of noun to be changed
2. Right preposition to be used
3. Verbal mistake to be corrected
4. Article to be corrected



16. Apes are similar to humans. The skeleton of an ape resembles the skeleton of an human and it has the same number of tooth as a human has. An ape's brain is small than the brain of a human, but its structure was the same as the human's brain.

- |                                   |                                |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Plural noun to be used         | 2. Correct word for comparison |
| 3. Verbal mistake to be corrected | 4. Article to be corrected     |

17.     Sunitha                     : You look very nervous.  
          Smitha                    : I am all right  
          Sunitha                  : But why you are carrying a bag with you. I don't understand.  
          Smitha                   : Oh, I forgot. Thanks for reminding me.

- |                                     |                             |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 Appropriate short form to be used | 2. Question form to be used |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|

18. Jonny was playing at his friend house when he saw an speeding car on the road. He was a clever boy. Immediately, he alerted the police. Thus he prevented a major mishap. The police awarded him for his timely act.

- |                        |                                      |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Correct the article | 2. Use apostrophe wherever necessary |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|

## Letter Writing

### Informal Letter

1. Imagine that you are / Menu/ Manasa, Govt. high School, Channagepura. Write a letter to your father requesting him to send you Rs. 5000 to provide food for 100 orphans on your birthday,

Government High School  
Hostel Road  
Channagepura  
25<sup>th</sup> April,20xx

Dear Papa,

Hope this letter finds you in good health. I am writing this letter to make a request to send me Rs.5,000 extra with my monthly allowance. Papa, you know that my birthday is approaching next month, so this time I have planned to celebrate my birthday in different way. I, along with my friends, will visit the nearby orphanage and provide food for 100 orphans living there. My class teacher Mr. Sahia has promised me his help. I hope you will not disappoint me.  
Pay regards to dear granny and mom and love to Aditi.

Yours Faithfully  
Manu

2. Imagine that you are Sunita/ Sandeep, Studying in Xth Standard, Govt. High School, Kolar, Write a letter to your friend inviting him attend your sister's marriage.

Govt. High School

Kolar

12 July, 20xx

Dear Garvit,

You will be glad to know that my sister is getting married on the 18<sup>th</sup> of August. We have arranged the wedding ceremony in Hotel Solitaire, Kolar. This letter is in the form of an affectionate invitation to your family. Please do come a week earlier as there will be some more ceremonies in that week. We all will have fun. The day prior to wedding date is a theme function and I will let you know about it is a few days, So that you can make preparation accordingly. I will eagerly wait for you.

Yours Faithfully

Sunita

3. Imagine you are Aruna X th standard Govt High School Lakshmananagar. Write a letter to a father about your Preparation for the Examination.

Govt. High school

Lakshmananagar

17<sup>th</sup> January, 20xx

Dear Father

As the exam dates are fast approaching, I know that you are worried about my studies. Please don't worry. I put in two hours of study every morning and 3 hours in the evening.

To tests have already been conducted and I am glad to inform you that in these preparatory exams I have scored above 85% in all the subjects. Teachers are satisfied with my performance all though they have warned me about careless mistakes. They have also given me some tips about time management.

I have set a time table for myself and hope to complete revision well in time. I have the confidence of doing well in the final exams.

Please convey my love to all.

Yours Faithfully

Aruna

4. Imagine you are Jeevan Studying in JNV Hospet. Write a letter to your friend using the clues given below. Your School climate- teachers- Food- Play Ground- Library

JNV Hospet

23<sup>rd</sup> March 20xx

**Dear Ajay,**

**You will be glad to know that I got admission in the JNV this year and am quite happy year.**

**The atmosphere of the school is very beautiful. Everyone whether it is teacher or a student, is very helpful and co-operative. All the teachers are well-versed in their subjects. They are always ready to help the students.**

**There is a canteen all so in the school which provides healthy food items to the students. The playground of the school is very big. There is a badminton court and a basketball court as well.**

**The Library of the school is well-Stocked with the latest editions of almost all books. We can find textbooks, reference books, Encyclopedia, Dictionaries in the library.**

**To conclude it gives me immense pleasure to be a part of this institution.**

**Convey my regards to your family.**

**Yours Faithfully**

**Jeevan**

- 5. Imagine that your Shashank X Standard VV High School Gorur. Write a letter to your Father about your stay in the hostel.**

**VV High School Hostel**

**Gorur**

**23<sup>rd</sup> July 20xx**

**Dear Father,**

**How are you? I am Fine and have adjusted to the hostel life.**

**Our hostel is neat and clean there are about 75 students. It has 25 rooms and each room is shared by 3 students. Usually, 2 juniors are put under a senior, who takes care of them. We have a good natured soft spoken and discipline warden. Though he is friendly with all the students, He does not tolerate any indiscipline. He has firm conviction, which makes the boys to follow all the rules and regulations of the hostels. The food served is of very good quality. We are provided breakfast, Lunch and dinner which is not only tasty, but also healthy. My roommates are very friendly with me. My senior is caring. We live in an amicable, friendly environment.**

**Please convey my regards to all**

**Yours Faithfully**

**Shashank.**

## **FORMAL LETTERS**

- 6. Imagine that you are Srinivasa of X Standard Mahathmagandhi School Mayasandra. Write an Application to Headmaster requesting him to issue Transfer certificate.**

**From,**

**Srinivasa**

**X Standard**

**Mahathmagandhi High School**

**Mayasandra.**  
**12<sup>th</sup> September 20xx**

**To,**  
**The Headmaster**  
**Mahathmagandhi High School**  
**Mayasandra**

**Respected Sir,**  
**Subject: - Application for to issue a Transfer Certificate**

I am a student of X standard. This letter is to request you to grant me a TC. My father is syndicate bank employee and he has been transferred to Karwar. Unfortunately, I too have to discontinue my studies here and continue my studies at Karwar.

I Hope you will issue me the TC at the earliest so that I can expedite my admission procedure. I remain grateful to you for all the encouragement I received as a student of your prestigious school.

**Your Obedient Student**  
**Srinivasa**

- 7. Write an application to the chairman of your village Panchayath request him to provide sufficient water supply to your area.**

**From,**  
**XYZ Street**  
**Danoli**  
**18<sup>th</sup> July 20xx**

**To,**  
**The chairmen**  
**Village Panchayath**  
**Danoli**

**Respected Sir,**

**Subject:- Insufficient Water supply**

This is to bring to your kind notice that there is inadequate water supply in our area. Sometimes there is water supply only for 2 hours a day and other times, when the water supply is for a loner period, The Pressure is very low. In both situations, we have to face a lot of problems. Since it is summer time, we need to get water supply for long period.

So through this letter of mine, I request you to look into the matter and make the concerned authorities aware about it so that the problem can be sorted out. Waiting for an early action from your end.

**Thanking You**

**Yours Sincerely**  
**Sandeep**

8. Write a letter to the general manager of KMF dairy Shivamogga Requesting permission to visit the dairy.

From,  
Radha  
Govt High School  
Bijapur  
1<sup>st</sup> April 20xx  
To,  
The General Manager  
KMF Dairy  
Shivamogga

Respected sir,

Subject:- Permission to visit the dairy

About 50 students of 10<sup>th</sup> Standard of our school like to visit your dairy as an educational visit on 20<sup>th</sup> April. I request you to give us permission for the same. You are also requested to arrange an official to explain the function of the dairy.

Thanking you

Yours sincerely  
Radha

9. Write a letter to the post office complaining about the loss of a parcel sent by you.

From,  
XXX  
Mathrukripa  
Bunts Hotel  
Mangalore

To,  
The Post Master  
Balmatta  
Mangalore

Respected Sir,

Subject: Loss of Parcel

This is to draw your attention to the parcel that is lost in transit. I had sent the parcel from your post office on the 5<sup>th</sup> of May to Mr. Kiran Shetty Puttur.

I was shocked to receive a complaint from Mr. Kiran shetty on the 25<sup>th</sup> of May about the non receipt of the parcel. For the past 2 weeks I have been calling the Puttur post office to trace the parcel. But today, I have received a letter from the Puttur post master stating that the parcel never reached Puttur.

What has happened to the parcel? Please follow up the case immediately and trace the parcel. It is not only question of financial loss but also question of my reputation. Seeking your prompt action.

Yours faithfully  
XXXX

10. Write a letter to the editor of My City News paper regarding the bad roads in your locality. The two wheelers riding on pavements and school going children facing problems. Request the Editor to bring this problem to the notice of the authorities concerned.

From,  
XXX  
Ganeshnagar  
Thavarekere  
18<sup>th</sup> Jan 20xx

To,  
The Editor  
My City  
Bangalore

Respected Sir,

Subject:- Problem of Bad Roads in the locality.

I want to draw the kind attention of higher authorities towards the bad road in our locality due to which the two-wheelers are riding on the pavements. The roads are in a very bad condition. There are ditches at every step. This leads the two wheelers and bicycles the pavements. As a result, it becomes for the pedestrians to walk on the footpath. During the rainy season it is a great danger to school going children as well as the old people as they cannot walk on the road.

I, therefore, warn to request you to bring this problem to the notice of the concerned authorities, so that the necessary repair work can be undertaken at the earliest. This will improve the state of the roads.

Yours Faithfully

Sandhya

## PROFILE WRITINGS

- 1) Given below is a profile of Dr. Nikitha .Write a paragraph using the clues given below:

Name: : Dr Nikitha  
Age: : 47years  
Qualification : M.Sc.Ph.D  
Occupation : Professor in Physics in Delhi University  
Hobbies : watching birds,reading magazines.  
Reasons for Popularity : soft spoken, warm -hearted and love to help students.  
Academic Achievements: Paper presentation on 'Waste Management 'Author of  
A book 'Ecological Crisis'

Ans Dr. Nikitha is a well known personality in Delhi University. She is 47 year old and is a M.Sc. PhD. She is serving as a physics professor in Delhi University. Her hobbies are somewhat

different from others; she likes to watch birds in her leisure time. She enjoys reading magazines also, she is very popular among her students as she is soft-spoken, warm hearted and loves to help her students. Recently she has presented her Paper on 'Waste Management '.She has written books also. One of her books is 'Ecological Crisis'. She is such a kind lady, that everyone wishes well for her.

2) Given below is a profile of Mr. Venkatesh. Write a paragraph based on the information.

Age	:	30
Qualification	:	M.B.B.S I
Profession	:	Doctor
Name & Address	:	Govt. Hospital, Malipatna
Native place	:	Basavapatna but resides at Malipatna
Reasons for his popularity	:	Works after 5 p.m. - always cheerful does not demand money from patients

Ans: Mr. Venkatesh is a doctor by profession. He is thirty years old. He is an M.B.B.S and works in a Government Hospital in Malipatna. His native place is Basavapatna but he resides at Malipatna because of his job there. He remains always cheerful all the time. He is a hard-working man who works even after 5 pm. He is loyal to his job and does not run after money. He never demands money from his patients. That's the reason why he is so popular among his patients .

3) Given below are notes on Jesse Owens. Write a brief account of his life in about 100 words /

Name	:	Jesse Owens
Birth	:	Danville, Alabama 1913.
Career	:	1935, participated in athletics meeting in Michigan.
Achievement	:	Beat or equaled world records for 100 yards, 220 yards, 220 yards hurdles and long jump, record lasted for 25 years; 1936 Berlin Olympics won four gold medals-100 meter, 2 (10 metre 4 s100 meter relay race and long Jump. The greatest track and field competitor
Death	:	He met his sad death in 1980.

Ans Jesse Owens, an American track and field athlete was born in 1913 at Danville, Alabama .In 1935; he participated in an athletics meeting held in Michigan. He was the most successful athlete who either beat or equaled the world records for 100 yards, 220 yards, 220 hurdles and long jump. The records he achieved lasted for 25 years. He achieved international fame by winning four gold medals one each in 100 meter, 200 meter, 4 x 100 meter relay race and long jump. He is the greatest track and field competitor ever born .He met his sad death in 1980.

4) Use the notes given below to write a paragraph on Sachin Tendulkar in 100 words.

Born	:	24th April, 1973 in Mumbai
Early training	:	Ramakant Achrekar at saradhashram vidyamandir.
Early fame	:	Early fame came when he made a 664 run stand with Vinod Kambli in Lord Harries Shield Inter-School competition
Career	:	Reached peak during (1994-1999)
Achievements:	:	Scored a century of centuries in International Cricket. Had been a part of the 2011 Cricket World Cup winning Indian Team.

**Ans :** Sachin Tendulkar, the great Indian batsman was born on 24 April 1973 in Mumbai. He got his early training in cricket from Ramakant Achrekar at Sardashram Vidyamandir. Early fame came to him when he made a 664 run stand with Vinod Kambli in Lord Shield Inter-School competition. His cricket career reached its peak during the period (1994-1999). He had been a part of the 2011 Cricket World Cup winning Indian Team. He has made India proud by scoring a century of centuries in International Cricket.

- 5) Given below are some particulars about Kalpana Chawla, the famous Indian astronaut. Based on these points, write a paragraph on Kalpana Chawla in about 100 words.

<b>Birth</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>July 01, 1961.</b>
<b>Birth Place</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Karnal, small town in Haryana, became US citizen in 1990.</b>
<b>Education</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Tagore Public School, karnal. Aeronautical Engineering -Punjab Engineering College.</b>
<b>Achievements</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Became an astronaut at Johnson Space Center-1985. First Flight-1996. the first Indian woman astronaut-1997</b>
<b>Qualities</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Determined, hard working, ambitious</b>
<b>Death</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Space Shuttle Columbia disaster-2003.</b>

**Ans:** The famous Indian Astronaut, Kalpana Chawla was born on July 01, 1961 in Karnal, a small town in Haryana. She did her schooling from Tagore Public school, Karnal and later qualified as an Aeronautical Engineer from Punjab Engineering College. Her determination and hard work led her to become an Astronaut at Johnson Space centre in 1985. In 1990, she became a U.S. citizen and took her first flight in to space in 1996. Her ambition made India proud. In 1997, she became the first Indian woman Astronaut Unfortunately; she met with a brave death in the Colombia Space Shuttle disaster 2003

- 6) Given below is a profile of Smt. Manorama. Write a paragraph based on the information.

<b>Age</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>48 years</b>
<b>Qualification</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>M.A in Music</b>
<b>Occupation</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Teaches Music to children of all ages</b>
<b>Reasons for popularity</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Cheerful, gives for individual popularity attention</b>
<b>Hobby</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Doll making</b>
<b>Achievements</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Dolls displayed at exhibitions. Performs at musical concerts</b>

**Ans:** Manorama is a music teacher. She is 48years old She is a post graduate in Music. She teaches music to children of all ages. She is always cheerful and gives individual attention to each child .She is also interested in making dolls. Her dolls have been displayed at a number of exhibitions. She participates at various musical concerts.

- 7) Given below is a profile of Dr Murthy. Write a paragraph based on the information.

<b>Place of work</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Vinayaka Hospital mysure.</b>
<b>Experience</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>15 Years</b>
<b>Specialization</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Heart specialist</b>
<b>Achievements</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>Performed heart Trans - patients from many countries</b>
<b>Future plans</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>To open free hospital in his village</b>

**Ans:** Dr. Murthy works at Vinayaka Hospital. He has been working there for 15 years. He is a heart specialist. He has performed a number of heart transplants and has patients from many countries. He wishes to open a hospital in his village where heart patients can be treated free of cost.

- 8) Given below is a profile of Nandan Patil. Write a paragraph based o the information



Age : 19 years  
 Education : B.A-Maharaja College  
 Talent : State level Kabaddi player  
 Achievement. : Represented state at national level  
 Hobbies : Listening to instrumental music - going for mountain treks with friends

**Ans :** Nandan Patil is 19 years old. He is a student of Maharaja's College. He has taken up degree course in Arts. He is a state level kabaddi player. He has represented the state at the national kabaddi tournament. In his spare time he likes to listen to instrumental music,. He also goes with his friends for mountain treks.

**9) Given below is a profile of P.T Usha . write a paragraph based on the information**

Born : 27<sup>th</sup> June, 1964  
 Nationality : Indian  
 Other Names : Payyoli Express, Golden Girl  
 Known for : Track and field athlete  
 Employed : Indian Railways  
 Awards : Padmashree

**Ans:** P.T Usha is an Indian Athlete born on 27<sup>th</sup> June 1964. She is popularly known as 'Payyoli Express 'and' Golden Girl'. She is well known track and field athlete. She is employed by Indian Railways. She is a recipient of Padmashree Award.

**10) Given below is a profile of Dr. Ravi Shankar, a professor. Write a paragraph using the clues given below:**

Age : 52 years  
 Height and weight : 5-6 feet, 64 kgs  
 Family : two sons, Engineers  
 Reason for his popularity : more helpful in the society, more friendly and engaged in social work  
 Education : MA, Ph. D  
 Awards : National award  
 Hobbies : Gardening, helping poor students, writing and reading books

**Ans:** Dr. Ravi Shankar, 52 years, is a professor. He is 5.6 feet and weighs 64 kgs. He is happy with his small family wife and two sons both are engineers. Gardening, helping poor students, writing books and reading, are some of his hobbies. He is MA; Ph.D. Dr. Shankar is the winner of a National Award. He is very popular person in his society because he is very helpful, friendlier. He is always engaged in social work.

## **Language Function**

**Read the given conversation and choose the language function of the underlined sentence:**

1. Mother : Hello my dear child, why are you looking so sad today?  
 Adithya : Yes mother, I am a bit upset as I got 2<sup>nd</sup> place in running race.  
 Mother : Oh! Is it? Come on my boy, it's a happy thing that you won 2nd place. Practice well; you will do better next time.

- Adithya : Sure mother, next time I'll work hard and win 1<sup>st</sup> place.  
 Mother : Good.  
 (A) Advice (B) Order (C) Request (D) Obey
2. Student : Good morning, Sir  
 In-charge: Good morning. Thank you. What can I do for you?  
 Student: I am Geetha, a student of Class IX.  
 I am interested in joining the summer camp.  
Could I have the details, please?  
 (A) Order (B) Request (C) Obey (D) Advice
3. Suprit: Pappa , could you get me lollypop please ?  
 Father: Yes, of course.  
 (A) Order (B) Request (C) Suggestion (D) Advice
4. Student: May I come in , Sir?  
 Teacher: Yes, you should not be late next time.  
 (A) Seeking information (B) Seeking permission  
 (C) Granting permission (D) Request
5. Stranger : Excuse me sir, Could you tell me the way to 'Unique International School?'  
 Mahesh : Yes, you go straight and take left turn walk for about ½ km you will find the school on your left.  
 (A) Seeking information (B) Giving direction  
 (C) Seeking information (D) Offering helps
6. Old lady: Excuse me,  
 Boy: Yes, what can I do for you ?  
 Old lady: Could you help me to cross the road ?  
 Boy: Yes, of course  
 (A) Offering helps (B) Offering information  
 (C) Seeking information (D) Taking help
7. Patient : Good evening Sir,  
 Doctor : Very Good evening. What can I do for you ?  
 Patient : I have severe chest burning sensation.  
 Doctor : Yes, You will have to give up smoking now onwards.  
 (A) Advice (B) Order (C) Suggestion (D) Instruction
8. Veena : Excuse me , Shall I have your pen?  
 Samhitha: Yes , by all means.  
 (A) Seeking permission (B) Offering information  
 (C) Seeking information (D) Seeking help
9. Bindu: You're stepping on my saree.  
 Passenger: Oh, I,m really sorry.  
 Bindu: That's OK  
 (A) Regretting (B) Abusing (C) Suggesting (D) Apologizing
10. Principal: Sir, We are planning to organise a workshop for the teachers of English.  
 Resource person: That's a good idea. But ----- what can I do for you ?  
 Principal: We would be delighted if you could come and spare some time with our teachers.  
 (A) Invitation (B) Permission (C) Direction (D) Suggestion
11. Anil: Could you drop me at the railway station ?

Rahul: Yes, of course

Anil: Thank you very much.

Rahul: You are welcome.

- (A) Expressing sympathy                      (B) Expressing gratitude  
(C) Offering help                                (D) Seeking help

12. Chaithra: Why were you absent yesterday ?

Dhanya: My brother met with an accident.

Chaithra: Oh ! I'm really sorry. Don't be upset. He will be alright soon.

- (A) Expressing sympathy                      (B) Expressing gratitude  
(C) Expressing condolence                      (D) Seeking help

13. Ramesh : Daddy , our exams start today. Can I use your watch ?

Father : Yes ,you can. But don't leave it on the desk and don't leave any questions unanswered.

- (A) Request (B) advice (C) command (D) wish

14. Mother : Where had you been Akash ? You are so late?

Akash : I went to hospital, mom.

Mother : Why ? What happened ?

Akash : My friend is sick and hospitalised. His mother asked me to buy some fruits for him.

- (A) order (B) giving instruction (C) suggestion (D) giving information

15. Would you allow me to use your dictionary?

- (A) seeking permission (B) seeking help (C) enquiring (D) seeking advice

16. You have helped me a lot. I'm highly grateful to you.

- (A) offering (B) Expressing gratitude (C) suggestion (D) complimenting

17. You must drive carefully or else you'll meet with an accident.

- (A) order (B) request (C) suggestion (D) threat

18. Go down at KR circle, walk a few yards on to your left, you'll find CPI's office.

- (A) giving instruction (B) giving direction  
(C) suggestion (D) seeking information

19. The clouds are black and thick. It is going to rain tonight.

- (A) doubt (B) probability (C) wish (D) suggestion

20. You must not smoke in public places.

- (A) threat (B) anger (C) suggestion (D) prohibition

21. May you live long!

- (A) advice (B) wish (C) request (D) certainty

22. Head master: We have decided to honour you.

Swami: Many thanks, sir. But I've an important function at my grandpa's house.

- (A) advice (B) apologies (C) refusing invitation (D) accepting invitation

23. You're absolutely right.

- (A) expressing agreement (B) expressing disagreement  
(C) complementing (D) wishing

24. If you don't mind could I use your pen ?

- (A) Questioning (B) seeking information  
(C) Seeking help (D) seeking permission

25. I'm really grateful to you.

- (A) complementing (B) wishing (C) requesting (D) expressing gratitude

26. Sachin : Hi, Praveen. I've got some good news for you.

I won three gold medals –all first places.

Praveen: That's fantastic.

Sachin: The sports authority is going to have an awarding winning ceremony,

Tomorrow, at the Town hall. It will be at 4 in the evening. I want you to be there.

Praveen: Certainly, I'll will be there at 4pm.

- (A) apologizing (B) ordering  
(C) Accepting invitation (D) expressing gratitude

27. Don't worry everything will be alright.

- (A) Sympathizing (B) ordering (C) requesting (D) suggesting

28. Don't pluck the flower.

- (A) Sympathizing (B) ordering (C) giving direction (D) suggesting

29. Story books are on fifth shelf in second row from here.

- (A) sympathizing (B) ordering (C) giving direction (D) suggesting

30. Jane : Good morning, Robert.

Robert : Very Good morning.

Jane : Let's go for a movie tonight?

Robert : Sure, why not?

- (A) sympathizing (B) ordering (C) giving direction (D) suggestion

31. Teacher : Please, get me a duster, Lakshmi.

Lakshmi : Madam , will you please teach us reported speech?

Teacher : Yes, I will.

Lakshmi : Thank you.

- (A) sympathizing (B) order (C) request (D) suggestion

32. Santhosh : Where did you go yesterday?

Sachin : I went to Bangalore to meet my friend.

- (A) enquiry (B) order (C) request (D) suggestion

33. Sahana : I have been to Delhi last week.

Thejas : Did you see the Taj?

Sahana : Yes, what a beautiful monument it is !

- (A) enquiry (B) surprise (C) exclaiming (D) answering

34. Rajeev : Hello Rakesh, welcome to the birthday party.

Rakesh : Thank you.

- (A) enquiry (B) surprise (C) exclaiming (D) greeting

35. Dinesh : Hari, can you climb the coconut tree?

Hari : No, I cannot.

- (A) enquiry (B) surprise (C) ability (D) questioning

36. Laksh : Please stop this work immediately.

Prashanth : No, I have to meet the deadline or the editor will give the work to somebody else

- (A) enquiry (B) surprise (C) ability (D) request

37. Mr. Rao : Abhinav , there is a letter for you.

Abhinav : I'm busy .Can you please read it for me?

- (A) seeking help (B) surprise (C) ability (D) request

38. Manasa : Please inform mom that I'll be late today.

Manoj : Why ?

Manasa : I'm going to Varsha's house to complete my project work.

(A) seeking help (B) giving information (C) ability (D) request

39. Sita : I would like to borrow an Encyclopedia.

Librarian : I am sorry, you can't do that.

(A) seeking help (B) giving information (C) expressing inability (D) request

40. Anitha: Hello, can I speak to Suman ?

Arun: Sorry, Suman is not at home. May I know who is speaking?

Anitha: I'm Anitha. Please tell Suman to meet near Gandhi Square bus stop at 5 pm

(A) seeking help (B) giving information (C) leaving message (D) request

41. Mother: Reena, why have you scored less in Maths subject?

Reena: Sorry mom, I could not understand Maths properly.

(A) apologizing (B) requesting (C) suggesting (D) sympathizing

42. Employer : Why did you leave your job ?

Applicant : They did not meet my requirement.

(A) apologizing (B) giving reason (C) expressing gratitude (D) sympathizing

43. Bina: How does your science teacher teach you?

Tina: She teaches very well.

Bina: Does she teach you diagrams?

Tina: Yes. I was really bad at diagrams . Now I can draw them easily.

Bina: Oh, really ! I wish I had such a good teacher.

(A) apologise (B) giving reason (C) wish (D) sympathizing

44. Keerthi : Could you please spare some time for me Kiran?

Kiran : Yes, by all means.

(A) obey (B) order (C) request (D) suggestion

45. Radha : Good morning , Ramana.

Ramana : Very Good morning.

Radha : Please, bring the books to my office.

Ramana : OK madam.I will.

(A) wish (B) order (C) request (D) permission

46. Swathi : Can you run 100 meters in 9 seconds ?

Leena : No, I can't.

(A) ability (B) order (C) request (D) obligation

47. Father : It is very hot inside this room.

Sagar : Dad, the fan is not working.

Father : Will you please open the window ?

Sagar : Yes dad, I shall do it.

(A) permission (B) order (C) request (D) wish

48. Rajesh : Good morning, Radha.

Radha : Very good morning.

Rajesh : Please be seated.

Radha : Thank you sir.

- (A) permission (B) wish (C) request (D) order

49. Headmaster : Harish, can you go and meet CEO?

Harish : By all means Sir. It's my pleasure.

Head master : Good I give you a file. Please lend it to him immediately.

Harish : OK sir.

- (A) permission (B) wish (C) request (D) suggestion

50. Visitor: Excuse me, can you help me in locating the book, 'War and Peace'?

Librarian: Sure. Go to the sixth row and the book is on the third shelf.

Visitor: Thank you very much.

- (A) Advice (B) Giving direction (C) request (D) suggestion

51. Ramya : Hello Salma, Good morning.

Salma : Good morning, Ramya.

Ramya : Why are you carrying so many files? They are heavy. I'll carry them for you.

Salma : Thank you. It's very kind of you.

- (A) Giving suggestion (B) offering help  
(C) making a request (D) Expressing gratitude

52. Ravi: How about meeting doctor ?

Rekha: Which doctor do you mean?

Ravi: Dr. Suneeth.

- (A) seeking suggestion (B) offering help  
(C) making a request (D) Expressing gratitude

53. Father : Sunil, go to the railway station at 4 P.M and bring your grandpa.

Sunil : I will daddy, don't worry.

- (A) seeking suggestion (B) instruction  
(C) making a request (D) Expressing gratitude

54. Cook: What shall I cook for dinner tonight, Sir ?

Master: Prepare some special items. I am expecting two guests to come for dinner.

- (A) seeking suggestion (B) instruction  
(C) making a request (D) seeking help

## LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS KEY ANSWERS

- |                          |                           |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. A –advice             | 29. C – giving direction  |
| 2. C -request            | 30. D -suggestion         |
| 3. B -request            | 31. C -request            |
| 4. B –seeking permission | 32. A - enquiry           |
| 5. B –giving direction   | 33. C -exclaiming         |
| 6. D -taking help        | 34. D -greeting           |
| 7. A -advice             | 35. C -ability            |
| 8. A –seeking permission | 36. D-request             |
| 9. D –apologizing        | 37. D- request            |
| 10. A - invitation       | 38. B- giving information |

- |                              |                             |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 11. B -expressing gratitude  | 39. C –expressing inability |
| 12. A – expressing sympathy  | 40. C - leaving message     |
| 13. B -advice                | 41. A -apologising          |
| 14. D –giving information    | 42. B - giving reason       |
| 15. A – seeking permission   | 43. C -wish                 |
| 16. B – expressing gratitude | 44. C- request              |
| 17. C -suggestion            | 45. C -request              |
| 18. B -giving direction      | 46. A -ability              |
| 19. B - probability          | 47. C -request              |
| 20. D -prohibition           | 48. C -request              |
| 21. B - wish                 | 49. C -request              |
| 22. C –refusing invitation   | 50. B –giving direction     |
| 23. A -expressing agreement  | 51. B - offering help       |
| 24. D –seeking permission    | 52. A –seeking suggestion   |
| 25. D – expressing gratitude | 53. B - instruction         |
| 26. C - accepting invitation | 54. A -suggestion           |
| 27. A -sympathizing          |                             |
| 28. B – ordering             |                             |

### Question Tag

**Question Tags are not questions, but expect agreement of the listener with what is said by the speaker.**

1. She will never help. [Will she?]
2. She is very brilliant. [Isn't she?]
3. Satish is not interested in music. [Is he?].
4. He drives carefully. [Doesn't he ?].
5. The students won't waste time. [Will he?].
6. I am a famous lawyer. [aren't I?].
7. Akshay is an actor. [Isn't he?].
8. Leela and Sheela were awarded. [Weren't they?]
9. Children are playing. [Aren't they?].
10. Jazz met his friend in Delhi. [Doesn't he?].
11. Meera can do the sum. [Can't she?].
12. Amith never tells lies. [Does he?].
13. Ramesh is a famous doctor. [Isn't he?].
14. The tiger is cruel. [Isn't it?].
15. Meera doesn't tolerate any mistake. [Does he?].
16. The old man sat under a tree to rest. [Didn't he?].
17. They play football on Sunday. [Don't they?].
18. He is from Germany. [Isn't he?].
19. We must be at home at 8pm. [mustn't we?].
20. I am late. [Aren't I?].
21. Let's go to the party. [Shall we?].
22. You can't come with us. [Can you?].
23. Ravi can ride a horse. [Can't she?].
24. We can't play here. [Can we?].
25. I am fond of eating sweets. [Aren't I?].
26. The rope won't break. [Will it?].

27. We should check the map. [Shouldn't we?].
28. He didn't bring the book. [Did he?].
29. She likes tennis. [Doesn't she?].
30. He is a student. [Isn't he?].
31. You can speak English. [Can't you?].
32. They went to the park last week. [Didn't they?].
33. She was late for dinner. [Wasn't she?].
34. We are going by bus. [Aren't we?].
35. He will tell us truth. [Won't he?].
36. He wasn't happy. [Was he?].
37. He drives carefully. [Doesn't he?].
38. Sachin doesn't know the value. [Does he?].
39. She saved me from danger. [Didn't she?].
40. He was intelligent and honest. [Wasn't he?].
41. The constitution is the fundamental document. [Isn't it?].
42. Raju got 100% in mathematics. [Didn't he?].
43. He can fly an aero plane. [Can't he?].
44. It rained heavily yesterday. [Didn't it?].
45. You have done a fine job. [Haven't you?]
46. Let's start now. [Shall we?]
47. She is afraid. [Isn't she?].
48. Everyone liked him. [Didn't they?].
49. Films are not interesting nowadays. [Are they?].
50. Sunitha walks faster than Suma. [Doesn't she?].

### Frame a 'wh' question :

1. They see P.M. in the parliament.
  - a) Where do they see the P.M.?
  - b) Where are they seeing the P.M.?
  - c) Where did they see the P.M. ?
  - d) Where were they seeing the P.M.?

Ans : a) Where do they see the P.M.?
2. Sujay and Supriya are Radha's cousins.
  - a) Who do Radha's cousins?
  - b) Who are Radha's cousins?
  - c) Who Radha's cousins are?
  - d) Who were Radha's cousins?

Ans : b) Who are Radha's cousins?
3. Yoga keeps the body fit and healthy.
  - a) What does yoga keep the body?
  - b) How does yoga keep the body?
  - c) How did yoga keep the body?
  - d) What did yoga keep the body

Ans: b) How does yoga keep the body?



**4. The children love playing with Rambo.**

- a) How do children love?
- b) What do children love?
- c) Who did children love?
- d) What do children love?

**Ans : d) What do children love?**

**5. The novel was written in 1946.**

- a) What was this novel written?
- b) How was this novel written?
- c) When was this novel written?
- d) Why was this novel written?

**Ans : c) When was this novel written?**

**6. Sundaram earns money by stitching clothes.**

- a) How did Sundaram earn money?
- b) How was Sundaram earning money?
- c) How does Sundaram earn money?
- d) How will Sundaram earn money?

**Ans : c) How does Sundaram earn money?**

**7. I come from a village.**

- a) Where are you coming from?
- b) Where do you come from?
- c) Where will you come from?
- d) Where did you come from?

**Ans : b) Where do you come from?**

**8. Murthy plays football.**

- a) What is Murthy playing?
- b) What did Murthy play?
- c) What will Murthy play?
- d) What does Murthy play?

**Ans : d) What does Murthy play?**

**9. Shalini celebrates her birthday on Sunday.**

- a) When is Shalini celebrating her birthday?
- b) When does Shalini celebrate her birthday?
- c) When did Shalini celebrate her birthday?
- d) When would Shalini celebrate her birthday?

**Ans : b) When does Shalini celebrate her birthday?**

**10. General Kariappa was a man of principles.**

- a) Why was he a man of principles?
- b) Who was a man of principles?
- c) How was he a man of principles?
- d) Who was a man of principles?

**Ans : b) Who was a man of principles?**

**11. Mysore zoo is one of the best zoos in India.**

- a) What is one of the best zoos in India?
- b) Which is one of the best zoos in India?
- c) When is one of the best zoos in India?
- d) How is one of the best zoos in India?

**Ans : b) Which is one of the best zoos in India?**

**12. Shahjahan built Tajmahal in memory of his wife Mumtaz.**

- a) What did Shahjahan build in memory of his wife?
- b) When did Shahjahan build in memory of his wife?
- c) How did Shahjahan build in memory of his wife?
- d) What was built Shahajahan in memory of his wife?

**Ans : a) What did Shahjahan build in memory of his wife?**

**13. Mysore silk is the costliest saree.**

- a) Which is the costliest saree?
- b) What will be the costliest saree?
- c) Why is the costliest of the saree?
- d) Where is the costliest saree?

**Ans : a) Which is the costliest saree?**

**14. Ravi wants to go to Shimla ?**

- a) Why does Ravi want to go?
- b) Where does Ravi want to go?
- c) When does Ravi want to go?
- d) What does Ravi want to go?

**Ans : b) Where does Ravi want to go?**

**15. Jahnavi took class for two hours.**

- a) How long Jahnavi took the class?
- b) Why did Jahnavi take the class?
- c) When did Jahnavi take the class?
- d) How did Jahnavi take the class?

**Ans : a) How long Jahnavi took the class?**

**16. Sir M. Vishvesvaraiah was a disciplined person.**

- a) Why was Sir M. Vishvesvaraiah a disciplined person?
- b) When was Sir M. Vishvesvaraiah a disciplined person?
- c) Who was a disciplined person?
- d) Who will be a disciplined person?

**Ans : c) Who was a disciplined person?**

**17. Bhima felt terribly thirsty.**

- a) Who felt terribly thirsty?
- b) Why did Bhima feel thirsty?
- c) How did Bhima feel thirsty?
- d) Who was feeling thirsty?

**Ans : a) Who felt terribly thirsty?**

**18. Rathan was absent because he was not well.**

- a) Why is Rathan absent?
- b) When was Rathan absent?
- c) Why was Rathan absent?
- d) How was Rathan absent?

**Ans : c) Why was Rathan absent?**

**19. Gandhiji was born on 2<sup>nd</sup> October 1869**

- a) When is Gandhiji born?
- b) When did Gandhiji born?
- c) Where was Gandhiji born?
- d) When was Gandhiji born?

**Ans : d) When was Gandhiji born?**

**20. I feel very happy.**

- a) How did you feel?
- b) How does you feel?
- c) How are you feeling
- d) How do you feel

**Ans : d) How do you feel?**

**21. Marconi invented Radio.**

- a) Who did invent Radio?
- b) Who has invented Radio?
- c) Who invented Radio?
- d) Who is invented radio?

**Ans : c) Who invented Radio?**

**22. Lal Bahadur was born at Mughal Sarai.**

- a) When was Lal Bahadur born?
- b) Where was Lal Bahadur born?
- c) Why was Lal Bahadur born?
- d) What was Lal Bahadur born?

**Ans : b) Where was Lal Bahadur born?**

**23. Dinesh went to market to buy vegetables?**

- a) Why had Dinesh gone to market?
- b) Why did Dinesh go to market?
- c) Why is Dinesh going to market?
- d) When has Dinesh gone to market?

**Ans : b) Why did Dinesh go to market?**

**24. Yudhistira asked Nakula to look for water.**

- a) Who did Yudhistira ask to look for water?
- b) Why did Yudhistira ask to look for water?
- c) Where did Yudhistira ask to look for water?
- d) When did Yudhistira ask to look for water

**Ans : a) Who did Yudhistira ask to look for water?**

**25. Gagan went to school by bus.**

- a) How does Gagan go to school
- b) How was Gagan going to school?
- c) How did Gagan go to school?
- d) How is Gagan going to school?

Ans : c) How did Gagan go to school?

26. Hockey is the national game of India?

- a) How is the national game of India?
- b) What has been the national game of India?
- c) When is the national game of India?
- d) Which is the national game of India?

Ans : d) Which is the national game of India?

27. Velentina went round the earth on 16 June ,1963

- a) When did Velentina go round the earth?
- b) Where did Velentina go round the earth?
- c) How did Velentina go round the earth?
- d) Why had Velentina gone round the earth?

Ans : a) When did Velentina go round the earth?

28. Ranjan is a naughty boy.

- a) How is Ranjan?
- b) What is Ranjan?
- c) Where is ranjan?
- d) When is Ranjan?

Ans : a) How is Ranjan?

29. I get up at 6.30 A.M.

- a) What time will you get up?
- b) What time do you get up?
- c) What time are you getting up?
- d) What time have you got up?

Ans: b) What time do you get up?

30. She will go home in the evening.

- a) When would she go home?
- b) When will she be going home?
- c) When is she going home?
- d) When will she go home?

Ans : d ) When will she go home?

31. Rekha lives in Mangalore.

- a) Where is Rekha living?
- b) Where was Rekha living?
- c) Where did Rekha live ?
- d) Where does Rekha live?

Ans : d) Where does Rekha live?

32. Virat Kohli is the best cricketer.

- a) Who is the best cricketer?

- b) Who was the best cricketer?
- c) Who are the best creicketers?
- d) Who was the best cricketer?

Ans : a) Who is the best cricketer?

33. I saw a magician.

- a) Whom did you see?
- b) Whom do you see ?
- c) Whom have you seen?
- d) Who do you see?

Ans : a) Whom did you see?

34. The Examination was very easy.

- a) How was the examination?
- b) How is the examination?
- c) How are the examination?
- d) How were the examination?

Ans: a) How was the examination?

35. Nearly Thousand people live here.

- a) How many people lived here?
- b) How many people are living here?
- c) How many people live here?
- d) How many people were living here ?

Ans: How many people live here?

36. I visit my hometown once in a week.

- a) How often do you visit to your hometown?
- b) How often did you visit to your hometown?
- c) How often do you visit to your home town?
- d) How often are you visiting to your home town?

Ans: a) How often do you visit to your hometown?

37. Her favorite colour is red.

- a) What was her favorite colour?
- b) What is her favorite colour?
- c) What are her favorite colours?
- d) What were her favorite colours?

Ans: b) What is her favourite colour?

38. The shops open at 9 AM

- a) When do the shops open?
- b) When did the shops open?
- c) When do the shops open?
- d) When were the shops opened?

Ans: c) When do the shops open?

39. Mr Kulkarni is the Pricipal of this college.

- a) Who is the Principal of this college?

- b) Who was the Principal of this college?
- c) Who were the Principal of this college?
- d) Who are the Principals of this college?

Ans: a) Who is the Principal of this college?

40. Patna is the capital of Bihar.
- a) Which is the capital of Bihar?
  - b) Which was the capital of Bihar?
  - c) Which is the capital of Bihar?
  - d) Which were the capitals of Bihar?

Ans: a) Which is the capital of Bihar?

41. They brought vegetables from the market?
- a) How do they bring from the market?
  - b) What did they bring from the market?
  - c) What do they bring from the market?
  - d) Where does they brought from the market?

Ans. b) what did they bring from the market?

42. They ate lunch at 2 PM.
- a) When are they eating lunch?
  - b) When did they eat lunch?
  - c) When do they eat lunch?
  - d) When were they eating lunch?

Ans: b) When did they eat lunch?

43. Misha brings fresh flowers.
- a) What did Misha bring?
  - b) What is Misha bringing?
  - c) What was Misha bringing?
  - d) What does Misha bring?

Ans: d) What does Misha bring?

44. They earn so much money by working in a factory.
- a) How do they earn so much money?
  - b) How are they earning so much money?
  - c) How did they earn so much money?
  - d) How were they earning so much money?

Ans : a) How do they earn so much money?

45. They stay at the Ashoka hotel.
- a) Where did they stay?
  - b) Where are they staying?
  - c) Where do they stay?
  - d) Where were they staying?

Ans : c) Where do they stay?

46. They keep fit by taking exercise daily.
- a) How do they keep fit?

- b) How did they keep fit?
- c) How are they keeping fit?
- d) How have they kept fit?

Ans : a) How do they keep fit?

47. People hate him because he is dishonest.

- a) Why do people hate him?
- b) Why did people hate him?
- c) Why do people hate him?
- d) Why have people hated him?

Ans : a) Why do people hate him?

48. The teacher drew a map on the black board.

- a) What does the teacher draw on the black board?
- b) What did the teacher draw on the black board?
- c) What is the teacher drawing on the black board?
- d) What was the teacher drawing on the black board?

Ans : b) What did the teacher draw on the black board?

49. Hari will draw that picture.

- a) How will draw that picture?
- b) Who will draw that picture?
- c) Who was drawing that picture?
- d) Who has drawn that picture?

Ans : b) Who will draw that picture?

50. I am reading 6<sup>th</sup> lesson.

- a) Which lesson are you reading?
- b) Which lesson did you read?
- c) Which lesson have you read?
- d) Which lesson has you read?

Ans : a) Which lesson are you reading?

## Articles

**Fill in the blank with a suitable article and write it in the answer booklet**

1. Rajesh is \_\_\_\_\_ excellent football player.
2. Democracy is \_\_\_\_\_ best form of government.
3. His father is \_\_\_\_\_ Assistant Engineer.
4. It was \_\_\_\_\_ tough situation.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ Taj Mahal is \_\_\_\_\_ wonderful building.
6. Keep it in \_\_\_\_\_ safe place.
7. Sir. C.V.Raman was awarded \_\_\_\_\_ Nobel Prize.

8. Raman wanted to go to \_\_\_\_\_ UK.
9. Raman was \_\_\_\_\_ great scientist.
10. Ritika went to \_\_\_\_\_ market. But \_\_\_\_\_ market was very crowded.
11. The old folk said that happiness was \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful bird, far away in \_\_\_\_\_ east.
12. Write \_\_\_\_\_ letter to your Headmaster.
13. Suresh is \_\_\_\_\_ honest person
14. She lives in \_\_\_\_\_ small village.
15. King Ashoka was \_\_\_\_\_ kind ruler, who spent all his time for \_\_\_\_\_ welfare of his subjects.
16. Atlas is \_\_\_\_\_ book of maps.
17. Mrs. Reena is \_\_\_\_\_ M.L.A.
18. January is \_\_\_\_\_ first month.
19. The girl is standing on \_\_\_\_\_ pavement.
20. I have to attend \_\_\_\_\_ interview.
21. He gave me \_\_\_\_\_ one rupee note.
22. He is \_\_\_\_\_ best of \_\_\_\_\_ singers.
23. The old man hung his head for \_\_\_\_\_ moment.
24. On \_\_\_\_\_ very first day Kalpana met Jean Pierre Harrison.
25. Narendra was \_\_\_\_\_ all rounder and had \_\_\_\_\_ ready wit.
26. Columbus set out to discover \_\_\_\_\_ new land.
27. Look at \_\_\_\_\_ picture.
28. Raghu goes for walk in \_\_\_\_\_ morning.
29. He had just seen \_\_\_\_\_ young woman in \_\_\_\_\_ black salwar kameez.
30. Rajath bought \_\_\_\_\_ pen.
31. Lakshmi is \_\_\_\_\_ advocate. She is \_\_\_\_\_ lady of principles.
32. It took months of negotiation to come to \_\_\_\_\_ understanding with him.
33. 'Quality of mercy' is \_\_\_\_\_ extract from Merchant of Venice.
34. \_\_\_\_\_ English and \_\_\_\_\_ Germans were at war.
35. There had been \_\_\_\_\_ accident.
36. They were crossing \_\_\_\_\_ rickety bridge.
37. After \_\_\_\_\_ hour he lay relaxed on \_\_\_\_\_ smooth rocks.
38. In reply to \_\_\_\_\_ second question \_\_\_\_\_ king must prepare \_\_\_\_\_ timetable.
39. \_\_\_\_\_ Sun was hot overhead.
40. Samarth is \_\_\_\_\_ shortest boy in the class.
41. \_\_\_\_\_ Earth is \_\_\_\_\_ greatest vessel.
42. Once \_\_\_\_\_ man found \_\_\_\_\_ Eagle's egg.
43. Jean Val jean said that he was \_\_\_\_\_ convict.
44. Jumman had \_\_\_\_\_ old aunt.
45. He looked like \_\_\_\_\_ apparition.
46. Get up, said father for \_\_\_\_\_ third time.
47. He remembered all \_\_\_\_\_ stories.
48. My grandmother was \_\_\_\_\_ genius.
49. Baleshwar was \_\_\_\_\_ bold young man.
50. One of \_\_\_\_\_ boys was punished.

## Preposition

**They show relationship between an action or state and a person place or thing.**

Above	Along	Between	Out	Outside	Too
about	Among	Beside	Through	Till	With



<b>Cross</b>	<b>At</b>	<b>Beyond</b>	<b>Until</b>	<b>Like</b>	<b>Beneath</b>
<b>After</b>	<b>Before</b>	<b>Opposite</b>	<b>For</b>	<b>Near</b>	<b>Unless</b>
<b>Against</b>	<b>On</b>	<b>Since</b>	<b>From</b>	<b>Next</b>	<b>Unto</b>
<b>Off</b>	<b>Round</b>	<b>By</b>	<b>In</b>	<b>To</b>	<b>Concerning</b>
<b>Past</b>	<b>Under</b>	<b>Despite</b>	<b>Inside</b>	<b>Of</b>	<b>Top</b>
<b>Towards</b>	<b>Below</b>	<b>Down</b>	<b>Into</b>	<b>Over</b>	<b>Bottom</b>

1. Generally people have great affection \_\_\_\_ their native place

Ans – On

2. The Americans bought the trees \_\_\_\_ the descendants of Don Anselmo

Ans – from

3. Dr. Ambedkar had talented skill \_\_\_\_ the field of law and legislation

Ans – in

4. Our school is organizing kite flying competition on \_\_\_\_\_ the students

Ans – for

5. Working hard \_\_\_\_ satisfy everybody's wants.

Ans – to

6. During my second month \_\_\_\_ Nursing school, our professor gave us a pop quiz.

Ans – of

7. Suresh arrives \_\_\_\_ Bangalore City Railway station at 6.am

Ans- At

8. The tiger was shot by me \_\_\_\_ my new gun.

Ans – with

9. He came \_\_\_\_\_ the room

Ans – into

10. The loan will be repaid \_\_\_\_\_ a year

Ans – within

11. The ship sailed \_\_\_\_\_ the Atlantic

Ans – Across

12. I saw him walking \_\_\_\_\_ the park

Ans – Towards

13. Tippu fought \_\_\_\_\_ his enemy

Ans – against

14. He crawled out from \_\_\_\_ the bench, hugged it with all his might and used his teeth.

Ans – under

15. The bus went \_\_\_\_\_ the corner

Ans – around

16. I had to go \_\_\_\_\_ him

Ans – without

17. I hate \_\_\_\_ my friend

Ans – with

18. He sent the pin \_\_\_\_ an apple

Ans – through

19. She walked \_\_\_\_ the fence

Ans – along

20. He stood \_\_\_\_ the door.

Ans – behind

21. You must return \_\_\_\_ sunset

Ans – before

22. The house was \_\_\_\_ the river.

Ans – beside

23. They were \_\_\_\_\_ a rickety bridge over sum rapids

Ans – crossing

24. \_\_\_\_\_ Doctor was a hard worker at home and clinic.

Ans – the

25. I went \_\_\_\_ the market and bought apple to the children.

Ans – to

26. Geetha comes from an affluent family she gets up \_\_\_\_\_ 5.Am every day morning.

Ans – at

27. Kabir is an angry person so he is not respected \_\_\_\_\_ any one.

Ans – by

28. Columbus set out \_\_\_\_\_ a vogage it a ship to discover newland

Ans – for

29. The milk is \_\_\_\_\_ hot I can't drink it.

Ans – too

30. Babu sat \_\_\_\_\_ alert and attentive.

Ans – outside

31. It was deserted in little while the 9.o,clock siren went \_\_\_\_\_

Ans – off

32. Mohan and suman stayed \_\_\_\_\_ and Mohan close the door of the room

Ans – inside

33. Grandma couldnot come \_\_\_\_\_ the tree

Ans – down

34. Get \_\_\_\_\_ from here.

Ans – out

35. We will meet \_\_\_\_\_ the class.

Ans – after

36. We will discus \_\_\_\_\_ the skills

Ans –about

37. \_\_\_\_\_ the pain and loss, Hanif has earned hen his family a glory that will see them through the years.

Ans – despite

38. Wangijia walked esterwards for many days \_\_\_\_ he saw a head of him a large mountain.

Ans – until

39. In a fury the old monster blew \_\_\_\_ his long beard and wangjia's bread bag flew in to the sky.

Ans – through

40. He walks 10 meters towards south and takes a left turn \_\_\_\_\_ shanthala skilk house

Ans – near

41. A 10 year old girl his in conversation on with her father \_\_\_\_ the telephone

Ans – over

42. He stayed half day \_\_\_\_\_ sum people came that way and killed the tiger.

Ans – till

43. He is very good boy \_\_\_\_\_ the boys.

Ans – among

44. \_\_\_\_ is past

Ans – past

45. Baleshwar and the driver had no choice but to move her back \_\_\_\_\_ the truck

Ans – into

46. Gandhiji did so by remindinding the higher castes of their duty \_\_\_\_ the depressed classes

Ans – towards

47. The \_\_\_\_\_ day as smitha and her father were leaving for the concert.

Ans – next

48. He is going \_\_\_\_\_ from this place.

Ans – away

49. Crew crowded \_\_\_\_\_ a cabin and prayed.

Ans – in

50. For a movement Asha stared \_\_\_\_\_ the bird

Ans – at

## Verb Forms

Fill in the blank with suitable verb form.

- 1) I'm sure he \_\_\_\_\_ (find) his way easily, although he never \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) before.
- 2) When we \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) home this morning, the Sun \_\_\_\_\_ (be + shine) brightly.
- 3) I \_\_\_\_\_ (send) him a mail last week, but he \_\_\_\_\_ (had not reply) yet.
- 4) See, how he \_\_\_\_\_ (be + stand). His face is \_\_\_\_\_ (wrinkle).
- 5) The teacher \_\_\_\_\_ (turn) into the students and \_\_\_\_\_ (ask) them a few questions.
- 6) The student \_\_\_\_\_ (be) successful in his efforts. Therefore he \_\_\_\_\_ (be + award).
- 7) When silence \_\_\_\_\_ (be+ restore), the teacher \_\_\_\_\_ (start) teaching.
- 8) When Manu \_\_\_\_\_ (be) six, he \_\_\_\_\_ (be + admit) to the first standard.
- 9) Raju \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in the police department. His work is \_\_\_\_\_ (appreciate) by all.
- 10) A person who \_\_\_\_\_ (know) me came into the office and \_\_\_\_\_ (introduce) himself.
- 11) Nag's friends \_\_\_\_\_ (be + frighten) and ran away but Nag \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) where he was.
- 12) Yudhistira \_\_\_\_\_ (ask) Bhima to get some flowers. As he \_\_\_\_\_ (like) them very much.
- 13) My uncle \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a Cow. He \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) it in the market yesterday.
- 14) Swami's father \_\_\_\_\_ (sit) gloomily \_\_\_\_\_ (gaze) at the newspaper on his lap.
- 15) Granny \_\_\_\_\_ (be + sit) on her bed, \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for him.
- 16) When Satish \_\_\_\_\_ (regain) his consciousness his legs \_\_\_\_\_ (be + injure).
- 17) Satish \_\_\_\_\_ (be) suffering and he had lost his \_\_\_\_\_ (hear).
- 18) Satish \_\_\_\_\_ (be) the good example for the \_\_\_\_\_ (disable) could also achieve the best.
- 19) Satish \_\_\_\_\_ (be + confine) to bed due to illness. He \_\_\_\_\_ (be + look) at the garden.
- 20) Ganesh \_\_\_\_\_ (be) fond of \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) bicycle.
- 21) Raja \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) with an accident and \_\_\_\_\_ (be + bruise) badly.
- 22) The war \_\_\_\_\_ (affect) the people badly and many \_\_\_\_\_ (be + injure).
- 23) Ram's sister's marriage \_\_\_\_\_ (be + arrange) and all are \_\_\_\_\_ (invite).
- 24) Congratulations \_\_\_\_\_ (be + shower) on Swami. His friends \_\_\_\_\_ (respect) him.
- 25) Mother \_\_\_\_\_ (support) Swami and \_\_\_\_\_ (suggest) him to sleep beside granny.
- 26) Swami's father \_\_\_\_\_ (return) from the club and \_\_\_\_\_ (ask) his wife about Swami.
- 27) Swami \_\_\_\_\_ (hug) it and \_\_\_\_\_ (bit) with all his strength.
- 28) All old people \_\_\_\_\_ (fear) that if granny \_\_\_\_\_ (climb) the tree, she might fall.
- 29) Grandma \_\_\_\_\_ (order) that she \_\_\_\_\_ (want) a house on tree top.
- 30) Baleswar \_\_\_\_\_ (grab) the train's red emergency chain and \_\_\_\_\_ (pull) it down.
- 31) Baleswar \_\_\_\_\_ (be + struggle) to hold the \_\_\_\_\_ (blood – stain) women in his arm.
- 32) A truck driver \_\_\_\_\_ (help) Baleswar in getting Roma \_\_\_\_\_ (admit) to the hospital.
- 33) The hospital \_\_\_\_\_ (lack) staff and equipment, so they \_\_\_\_\_ (refuse) to treat her.
- 34) Mercy is \_\_\_\_\_ (compare) to gentle rain from heaven and it is twice \_\_\_\_\_ (bless).
- 35) The American's \_\_\_\_\_ (warn) the children but they simply \_\_\_\_\_ (laugh).
- 36) The tree \_\_\_\_\_ (be + plant) in the name of new born child and it \_\_\_\_\_ (belong) to them.
- 37) He \_\_\_\_\_ (be+ sit) on a bed and \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) his food.
- 38) The prices of essential goods \_\_\_\_\_ (had go) up recently.
- 39) She \_\_\_\_\_ (tear) up the letter in anger and \_\_\_\_\_ (repent) later on.

- 40) Gandhiji \_\_\_\_\_ (love) India and \_\_\_\_\_ (fight) for its freedom.  
 41) He \_\_\_\_\_ (write) a letter and \_\_\_\_\_ (post) it.  
 42) The boy has \_\_\_\_\_ (swim) across the English Channel and \_\_\_\_\_ (create) a record.  
 43) I have \_\_\_\_\_ (see) the ups and downs of life. It has \_\_\_\_\_ (teach) me a lot.  
 44) My teacher \_\_\_\_\_ (teach) me good values.  
 45) The committee \_\_\_\_\_ (be + appoint) to frame the constitution.  
 46) I \_\_\_\_\_ (ask) him for his address and he \_\_\_\_\_ (refuse) to tell.  
 47) It \_\_\_\_\_ (be+rain) heavily and the boy was totally \_\_\_\_\_ (drench) when he reached home.  
 48) I \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) my grandparents and they are \_\_\_\_\_ (age) people.  
 49) A crow \_\_\_\_\_ (steal) a piece of cheese and \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) with it on to a tree.  
 50) The Tiger \_\_\_\_\_ (pounce) on its prey and \_\_\_\_\_ (kill) it.

## **Finite and Nonfinite**

Read the conversation and identify the infinity.

1. Master : I have a guest tonight. Prepare something good. But don't forget to make some sweets.

Cook : Fine sir, is Dhal Roti and Halwa okay?

Master : Yes.

- (a) Have (b) Prepare (c) forget (d) to make

Answer: to make

2. Chef : What shall I cook for dinner, sir?

Master : Prepare something special items .I am expecting two guests to come for dinner

Chef : Alright sir what about pulav and jamun?

Master : Okay, also make some fruit salad

Chef : Yes sir.

- (a) Prepare (b) expecting (c) to come (d) make

Answer: to come

3. Mother : Sunanda, where are you going now?

Sunanda : I am going to market to buy books.

- (a)Going (b) are (c) am (d) to buy

Answer : to buy

4. Ram : Good morning john, how are you?

John : Very good morning, I am fine, thank you.

Ram : where are you going?

Ram : I am going to market to buy vegetables.

- (a)Going (b) am (c) to buy (d) going to

Answer: to buy

5. Sachin : When do you come, Shruti?

Shruti : I am coming tomorrow.

Sachin : Will be waiting to meet you

- (a)Am (b) do you (c) to meet (d) coming

Answer: to meet

6. Amar : Hai, what do you like to do on the weekend?

**Akbar : I would like to play games**

**(a) Would (b) weekend (c) play (d) to play**

**Answer: to play**

**7. John : Is there anything specific you would like to learn?**

**Jack : Yes, I would like to learn to play chess.**

**(a)Anything (b) to learn (c) chess (d) would**

**Answer: to learn**

**8. Sham : what do you want to do this coming break?**

**Ganesh : I like to have a coffee.**

**(a)Want (b) coming (c) to have (d) like**

**Answer: to have**

**9. Ravi : What is something crazy you would like to try?**

**Madhu : I would like to try bungee jump.**

**(a) To try (b) like (c) jump (d) something**

**Answer: to try**

**10. Ramesh : What is something you plan to do soon?**

**Suresh : I am planning to travel around the world.**

**(a)Something (b) planning (c) around (d) to travel**

**Answer: to travel**

**11. Jerry : Why do you have to go to work?**

**Jenny : Because I have to earn some money.**

**(a) earn (b)To earn (c) work (d) money**

**Answer: to earn**

**12. Teacher : Hello students, get ready for drawing and colouring competition tomorrow**

**Raghav : Oh! Nice sir.**

**Raki : Are there any prizes for that sir?**

**Teacher : Yes, sure, there will be three prizes. Don't forget to bring colours and other necessary things.**

**(a) Ready (b) to bring (c) sure (d) will**

**Answer : to bring**

**13. Old lady : Can you do me a favour?**

**Little boy : Sure! Tel me, grandma.**

**Old lady : I want to go to the other side. Will you help me cross the road?**

**Little boy : Sure grandma. I will hold my hand.**

**(a) do (b) tell (c)want (d)to go**

**Answer : to go**

**14. Mother : Why is she anxious, Appu?**

**Son : She is anxious to know her result Amma.**

**(a) Is (b) anxious (c) to know (d) result**

**Answer: to know**

15. Ashok : Did you miss the bus?  
Akshay : Yes, I'd better not to be late  
(a) To be (b) had (c) did (d) miss  
Answer: To be
16. Sujatha : Why are you late, Supriya?  
Supriya : I went to post office to post a letter  
(a) Are (b) went (c) late (d) to post  
Answer: To post
17. Rakesh : Would you like to dance with me?  
Rani : Yes, of course.  
(a) Would (b) to dance (c) like (d) me  
Answer: To dance
18. Raju : Did you buy stamps?  
Ganesh : I forgot to buy stamps today.  
(a) To buy (b) forgot (c) stamps (d) today  
Answer: To buy
19. Ram : What would you like to do after dinner?  
Sham : I would like to take a walk after dinner  
(a) Would (b) to take (c) dinner (d) walk  
Answer: To take
20. Ashok : Would you like to watch movie?  
Avin : Yes, I love to watch scary movies.  
(a) Love (b) movie (c) to watch (d) would.  
Answer: To watch
21. Manju : Hello, Satish please stop for a minute. I would like to know where you are going?  
Satish : I am going to the market  
Manju : I see. I think you are in a hurry. Why are you going to market?  
Satish : I am going to market to buy vegetables.  
a) going (b) are (c) to buy (d) am  
b) Answer: to buy
22. Jony : What did your father advice?  
Ram : He adviced me to sell all my shares of stock.  
a) Adviced (b) father (c) to sell (d) shares  
Answer: to sell
23. Rajev : Did they make him to pay for the things he had broken?  
Rakesh : Yes, he was made to pay  
(a) Things (b) to pay (c) broken (d) pay  
Answer: to pay

24. Manu : Why do you have to earn some money?  
 Tanu : I have to earn money for my family.  
 (a) To earn (b) money (c) family (d) some  
 Answer: To earn
25. Rakha : What is the best way to get to the airport?  
 Ravi : Continue straight and take the first right.  
 (a) Best (b) to get (c) continue (d) straight  
 Answer: To get
26. Robin : Would you like to stay with me for some time?  
 Duke : Sorry, I cant I am in a hurry.  
 (a) Sorry (b) to stay (c) hurry (d) cant  
 Answer: to stay
27. Father : Imran, when is the parent meeting in your school?  
 Imran : Dad, it seems to be on 12<sup>th</sup> January  
 (a)Parent (b) to be (c) school (d) January  
 Answer: to be
28. Raju : Why are you sad?  
 Rani : What's that to you?  
 (a)Why (b) to you (c) that (d) sad  
 Answer: to you
29. Suma : Hello, may I speak to Anitha?  
 Asha : She is out of station.  
 (a)Station (b) Speak (c) to Anitha (d) she  
 Answer: To Anitha
30. Master : Why dint you do your homework?  
 Joseph : I had no time to do.  
 (a)Dint (b) time (c) to do (d)homework  
 Answer: to do
31. Teacher : Why did he stand?  
 Student : He stood up to ask a question.  
 (a) Stood (b) to ask (c) question (d) stand  
 Answer: To ask
32. Bindya : The climate is to cold  
 Shilpa : Ya, it may rain to night  
 (a)Climate (b) rain (c) tonight (d) cold  
 Answer: To night
33. Teacher : What is your aim?  
 Student : My aim is to earn a good name.  
 (a)Aim (b) good (c) name (d) to earn  
 Answer: to earn

34. Old lady : Excuse me,  
Boy : Yes, what can I do for you?  
Old lady : Could you help me to cross the road?  
Boy : Yes, of course  
(a) Could (b) help (c) to cross (d) road  
Answer: To cross

35. Sahana : I had been to Delhi last week  
Akila : Did you see the Taj?  
Sahana : Yes, what a nice monument it is  
(a) Taj (b) monument (c) To Delhi (d) nice  
Answer: To Delhi

36. Manu : Why did you climb the mountain?  
Kiran : I climbed the mountain to see the view  
(a) climb (b) mountain (c) to see (d) view  
Answer: To see

37. Ram : What did company decide in the meeting?  
Yash : The company decided to give everyone a raise  
(a) Decided (b) to give (c) raise (d) meeting  
Answer: to give

38. Pooja : What was Mary's request?  
Geetha : Mary requested to see you  
(a) Mary (b) to see (c) request (d) you  
Answer: to see

39. Preethi : What is the goal of comedians?  
Bharath : To be funny is the goal of comedians  
(a) to be (b) goal (c) funny (d) comedians  
Answer: to be

40. Shanthi : What is your little girls dream?  
Kanthi : To dance is my little girls dream  
(a) girls (b) dream (c) to dance (d) your  
Answer: to dance

41. Manju : What did Sam offer you?  
Sanju : Sam offered to help me study  
(a) offered (b) study (c) you (d) to help  
Answer: to help

42. Sachin : Can you arrange for the day off?  
Rajeev : Yes, I can arrange to have the day off  
(a) you (b) arrange (c) to have (d) can  
(b) Answer: to have  
(c)

43. Chandan : Did you take vitamin tablet today?



**Laxman : I forgot to take my vitamins tablet today**  
(a) vitamins (b)to take (c)today (d)you  
**Answer: to take**

**44. Latha : What is his ambition?**  
**Nirmala : His ambition is to fly**  
(a) ambition (b)is (c)his (d)to fly  
**Answer: to fly**

**45. Lalitha : Why did you start your journey early?**  
**Malathi : I started my journey early in order to avoid traffic**  
(a) start (b) journey (c)to avoid (d) traffic  
**Answer: to avoid**

**46. Prashanth : Did she answer all the questions?**  
**Preethi : She refused to answer questions about her personal**  
(a) refused (b)to answer (c)she (d)about  
**Answer: to answer**

**47. Sahana : What help can I do for you?**  
**Kalpana : I wish to publish an advertisement in your news paper**  
(a) to publish (b)your (c)wish (d)advertisement  
**Answer: to publish**

**48. Rosy : Why dint you swim?**  
**Radha : The water was too cold to swim in**  
(a) water (b) to swim (c)dint (d)the  
**Answer: to swim**

**49. Vidya : Did he arrive on time to see the actors?**  
**Reeta : No, he arrived too late to see the actors**  
(a) arrived (b)to see (c)actors (d)did  
**Answer: to see**

**50. Chandru : Why dint you park your car in the parking lot?**  
**Arun : It was a stupid place to park the car**  
(a) dint (b)to park (c)stupid (c)was  
**Answer: to park**

## **If Clause**

**A possible situation in the future.**

- |                                                                |         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| 1) If you work hard,you ----- get good result.                 | a. will |
| 2) If you study well , you-----get good marks                  |         |
| 3) If you eat well, you-----get good health.                   |         |
| 4) If Nisha sings melodiously, she -----get the prize.         |         |
| 5) If students practice well ,they -----succeed                |         |
| 6) If people vote wisely, they ----- choose a good government. |         |

- 7) If you water plants regularly, it -----grow well.
- 8) If my father agrees, I -----come to the concert.
- 9) If you close the window, the water-----not spatter in.
- 10) If you do good to others, god -----help you.
- 11) If it rains, we-----cancel the trip.
- 12) If people smoke,their health-----suffer
- 13) If you rest , you -----feel better
- 14) If you set your mind to a goal, you-----achieve your goal.
- 15) If you pelt stones, the mangoes -----fall.
- 16) If you studied well, you ..... get good marks. ans. Would
- 17) If it rained well, you -----get good crop.
- 18) If my father agreed, I .....come to the concert.
- 19) If I knew the answer, I..... tell you.
- 20) If I inherited a core, I.....travel the world.
- 21) If I found her address, I.....send her invitation
- 22) If it didn't rain, we ..... go on a picnic.
- 23) If I didn't smoke, I ..... be healthy.
- 24) If Raman stopped eating so much, he.....loses weight.
- 25) If she walked every day, she.....become fit.
- 26) If she drank medicine, she.....feels fit.
- 27) If he promised to behave well, his mom.....forgives him.
- 28) If I saw robbery, I .....inform the police.
- 29) If a snake came to the house, I ..... run away.

### **Third conditional-past perfect + would have + verb**

Imaginary situation that did not happen

- 30) If he had talked to me, I ..... listened to him.ans :would have
- 31) If it had rained last weekend , we .....stayed at home.
- 32) If she had saved enough money, she ..... bought a new house.
- 33) If the government had built a subway, people .....lost much time in traffic.

Ans: would not have.

- 34) If I had not wasted my time during exam, .....passed it.
- 35) If I had prepared for the interview, I ..... been so nervous.

Ans: would not have

- 36) If we had left earlier, we .....missed the bus.ans :would not have
- 37) If I had not been sick, I..... have gone to the party.ans: would have
- 38) If I had drunk coffee last night, I .....have slept well.

Ans: would not have.

- 39) If I had run faster, I .....won the race.
- 40) If I had met Priya last week, I .....given her the book.
- 41) If Mohan had finished his homework, he.....gone to the movies.

Ans : could have.

- 42) If you had listened to me , you ..... have failed. Ans: would not have
- 43) If they sold the house, they..... been rich.
- 44) If you had cooked well, the food .....been tasty.
- 45) If it had not rained, I ..... carried the umbrella. Ans: would not have
- 46) If John had passed the exam, his father .....bought him a bicycle.
- 47) If I had not lost the money, I .....purchased a new bag.
- 48) If you had saved the money you .....bought a new computer. Ans : could've
- 49) If you had driven more carefully, you .....had an accident. Ans: would not have

50) If she had not been sick, she .....visited you. Ans: would have

## **Voices - ACTIVE AND PASSIVE VOICE**

### **PRESENT TENSE**

1. I don't waste water.

Ans: Water is not wasted by me.

2. He doesn't write Answer.

Ans: Answer is not written by him.

3. I do not attend the classes

Ans: The classes are not attended by me.

4. Send invitations to all the parents.

Ans: Let invitations be sent to all the parents.

5. Give me book.

Ans: Let the book be given.

### **PRESENT CONTINUOUS**

6. I am writing an article on corruption.

Ans: An article on corruption is being written by me.

7. I am going to present a dictionary.

Ans: A dictionary is going to be presented by me.

8. We are reading stories.

Ans: Stories are being read by us.

9. They are playing chess.

Ans: Chess is being played by them.

10. Ramya is watching T.V.

Ans: T.V is being watched by Ramya.

11. Ramu is playing cricket.

Ans: Cricket is being played by Ramu.

### **PRESENT PERFECT**

12. Somebody has stolen it.

Ans: It has been stolen.

13. I have completed the homework.

Ans: The homework has been completed by me.

14. I have attended the programme.

Ans: The programme has been attended by me.

15. My sister has distributed all the invitation cards.

Ans: All the invitation cards have been distributed by my sister.

16. You have given me a great prize.

Ans: A great prize has been given to me by him.

17. She has solved the problem.

Ans: The problem has been solved by her.

18. She has bought many flowers.

Ans: Many flowers have been bought by her.

19. Rani has written a poem.

Ans: A poem has been written by Rani.

20. He has Answered all the questions.

Ans: All the questions have been Answered by him.

### **PAST TENSE**

21. Naveen cooked the food.

Ans: The food was cooked by Navin.

**22. I did not pay the bill.**

**Ans: The bill was not paid by me.**

**23. I bought a new car.**

**Ans: A new car was bought by me.**

**24. We did not waste time.**

**Ans: Time was not wasted by us.**

**25. He did the work.**

**Ans: The work was done by him.**

**26. The chief guest distributed the prizes.**

**Ans: The prizes were distributed by the chief guest.**

**27. The kind hearted boy helped the villagers.**

**Ans: The villagers were helped by the kind hearted boy.**

**28. She led many struggles.**

**Ans: Many struggles were led by her.**

**29. Narendra Answered all the questions.**

**Ans: All the questions were Answered by Narendra.**

**30. Vivekananda established Ramakrishna Mission.**

**Ans: Ramakrishna Mission was established by Vivekananda.**

**31. Sarabhai personally supervised all the work.**

**Ans: All the work was supervised personally by Sarabhai.**

**32. ISRO launched a number of satellites.**

**Ans: A number of satellites were launched by ISRO.**

**33. The king asked many questions to the farmer.**

**Ans: Many questions to the farmer were asked by the king.**

**34. I did not scold the attender.**

**Ans: The attender was not scolded by me.**

**35. They took away all jeweler.**

**Ans: All jewellery was taken away by them.**

**36. Who wrote Shakunthala?**

**Ans: By whom was Shakunthala written?**

**37. Vikram set up Sarabhai Chemicals.**

**Ans: Sarabhai Chemicals was set up by Vikram.**

**38. Why did you bring it?**

**Ans: Why was it brought by you?**

### **PAST CONTINUOUS**

**39. The students were decorating the college hall.**

**Ans: The college hall was being decorated by the students.**

**40. She was cooking meal.**

**Ans: Meal was being cooked by her.**

**41. They were singing a song.**

**Ans: A song was being sung by her.**

**42. He was not taking lunch.**

**Ans: Lunch was not being taken by her.**

**43. He was giving a lecture.**

**Ans: A lecture was being given by him.**

### **PAST PERFECT**

**44. He had taken lunch.**

**Ans: Lunch had been taken by him.**

**45. They had not written a letter.**

**Ans: A letter had not been written by them.**

46. Had she made a picnic plan?

Ans: Had a picnic plan been made by her?

47. We had not read the book.

Ans: The book had not been read by us.

48. She had cooked meal.

Ans: Meal had been cooked by her

### **FUTURE TENSE**

49. She will write a poem.

Ans: A poem will be written by her.

50. You will receive the letter.

Ans: The letter will be received by them.

51. I will not make a cake.

Ans: A cake will not be made by me.

52. They will enjoy the game.

Ans: The game will be enjoyed by them.

53. I will do my home work.

Ans: My homework will be done.

### **FUTURE PERFECT**

54. He will have received the letter.

Ans: The letter will have been received by her.

55. They will have restored the building.

Ans: The building will have been restored by them.

56. She will have sung a song.

Ans: A song will have been sung by her.

57. The children will have seen the show.

Ans: The show will have been seen by the children.

58. They will have sold the house.

Ans: The house will have been sold by them.

59. I can't speak English fluently.

Ans: English can't be spoken fluently by me.

60. Air pollution can damage crops.

Ans: Crops can be damaged by air pollution.

## **Reported Speech**

We may report the words of a speaker in two ways:

(i) We may quote his actual words. This is called Direct Speech.

(ii) We may report what he said without quoting his exact words. This is called Indirect (or Reported) Speech.

Direct: Rama said 'I am very busy now'.

Indirect: Rama said that he was very busy then.

It will be noticed that in Direct Speech, we use inverted commas to mark off the exact words of the speaker. In Indirect Speech we do not.

It will be further noticed that in changing the above Direct Speech into Indirect certain changes have been made. Thus:

(i) We have used the conjunction 'that' before the Indirect statement.

(ii) The pronoun 'I' is changed to he. (The pronoun is changed in person.)

(iii) The verb 'am' is changed to 'was'. (Present Tense is changed to Past.)

(iv) The adverb 'now' is changed to 'then'.

### **Rules for changing Direct Speech into an Indirect Speech**

When the reporting or principal verb is in the Past Tense, all Present Tenses of the Direct are changed into the corresponding Past Tenses. Thus:

(a) A simple present becomes a simple past.

Direct: He said "I am unwell".

Indirect: He said (that) he was unwell.

(b) A present continuous becomes a past continuous.

Direct: He said "My master is writing letters".

Indirect: He said (that) his master was writing letters.

(c) A present perfect becomes a past perfect.

Direct: He said "I have passed the examination".

Indirect: He said (that) he had passed the examination.

Note: The 'shall' of the Future Tense is changed to 'should'.

The 'will' of the Future Tense is changed into 'would' or 'should'.

(d) The simple past in the Direct becomes the past perfect in the Indirect.

Direct: He said "The horse died in the night".

Indirect: He said that the horse had died in the night.

The tenses may not change if the statement is still relevant or if it is a universal truth. We can often choose whether to keep the original tenses or change them.

Direct: "I know her address", said Gopi.

Indirect: Gopi said he knows/knew her address.

Direct: The teacher said, "The earth goes round the sun".

Indirect: The teacher said the earth goes/went round the sun.

Direct: "German is easy to learn", she said.

Indirect: She said German is/was easy to learn.

The past tense is often used when it is uncertain if the statement is true or when we are reporting objectively.

If the reporting verb is in the Present Tense, the tenses of the Direct speech do not change. For example we may rewrite the above examples. Putting the reporting verb in the Present Tense, thus;

He says he is unwell.

He has just said his master is writing letters.

He says he has passed the examination.

He says the horse died in the night.

The pronouns of the Direct speech are changed, where necessary, so that their relations with the reporter and his hearer, rather than with the original speaker, are indicated. Observe the following examples:

Direct: He said to me, "I don't believe you".

Indirect: He said he didn't believe me.

Direct: She said to him, "I don't believe you".

Indirect: She said she didn't believe him.

Direct: I said to him "I don't believe you".

Indirect: I said I didn't believe him.

Direct: I said to you "I don't believe you".

Indirect: I said I didn't believe you.

Words expressing nearness in time or place are generally changed into words expressing distance.  
Thus:

now - then, today - that day, here - there, tomorrow - the next day, ago - before,

yesterday - the day before, thus - so, last night - the night before

Direct: He said, "I am glad to be here this evening".

Indirect: He said that he was glad to be there that evening.

The changes do not occur if the speech is reported during the same period or at the same place;

e.g.,

Direct: He says, "I am glad to be here this evening".

Indirect: He says that he is glad to be here this evening.

Similarly this and these are changed to that and those unless the thing pointed out is near at hand at the time of reporting the speech.

## QUESTIONS

In reporting questions the Indirect Speech is introduced by some such verbs as asked, inquired, etc.

When the question is not introduced by an interrogative word, the reporting verb is followed by whether or if.

Direct: He said to me, "What are you doing?"

Indirect: He asked me what I was doing.

Direct: "Where do you live" asked the stranger.

Indirect: The stranger enquired where I lived.

Direct: The policeman said to us, "Where are you going?"

Indirect: The policeman enquired where we were going.

Direct: He said, "Will you listen to such a man?"

Indirect: He asked them whether they would listen to such a man.

[or] Would they, he asked, listen to such a man.

1. Ramesh: Rajesh, will you come with me?

Rajesh: Yes I will Ramesh.

Ans: Ramesh asked Rajesh whether he would come with him.

Rajesh replied he would go with him.

2. Father: Why aren't you doing your home work, Joseph?

Joseph: They didn't give us any home work today, daddy.

Ans: Father asked him why he was why he wasn't doing his home work.

Joseph replied that they hadn't given them any home work that day.

3. Manoj : How are you?

Shiva : I'm fine you?

Manoj : Fine, thank you. Why did you go to Delhi last week?

Shiva: I went to Delhi to see the minister.

Ans: Manoj asked Shiva why he had gone to Delhi the previous week.

Shiva replied that he had gone to Delhi to see the minister.

4. Sachin : Sonal, can you speak English Fluently?

Sonal : I can speak English correctly but not fluently.

Ans: Sachin asked Soha whether she could speak English fluently

Sonal replied that she could speak english correctly but not fluently.

5. **Teacher:** My dear students don't copy answers from you neighbours.  
**Students:** Sir, we don't have the habit of copying. We write answers on our own.  
**Ans:** The teacher instructed the students not to copy the answers from the neighbours, Students replied that they didn't have the habit of copying. They wrote answers on their own.
6. **Santosh :** Where did you go yesterday?  
**Sachin :** I went to Bengaluru to meet my friend  
**Santhosh** asked Sachin where he had gone the day before  
**Sachin** replied that he had gone to Bengaluru to meet his friend.
7. **Akash :** Where are you going now?  
**Sourabh :** Going to the temple.  
**Akash** asked him where he was going then  
**Sourabh** replied that he was going to the temple.
8. **Teacher :** Please bring me a duster, Lakshmi  
**Lakshmi :** Madam, where can I find it in the staffroom?  
**Teacher :** It is on my table.  
**Lakshmi :** Ok madam, I will bring it now.  
**The teacher** asked Lakshmi to bring her the duster. **Laxmi** asked the teacher where she could find it in the staffroom. **The teacher** replied **Laxmi** that it was on her table.
9. **Raghu :** How is your father?  
**Kiran :** He is doing good but his age is 100 years  
**Raghu** asked **Kiran** how was his father  
**Kiran** replied that his father was doing well but his age was 100 years.
10. **Police:** What are you doing here?  
**Thief:** I am helping this old man sir  
**Ans:** Police officer asked / enquired thief what he was doing there.  
**The thief** replied that he was helping that old man
11. **Ganesh:** Did you complete your home work?  
**Ramesh:** Yes, I completed yesterday itself  
**Ans:** Ganesh asked Ramesh if he had completed his home work  
**Ramesh** replied **Ganesh** that he had completed the day before it.
12. **Father :** Son , is it raining outside?  
**Son :** Yes dad, it is.  
**Father :** Where is my umbrella?  
**Son :** It's on the table.  
**Ans:** Father asked his son if it was raining outside  
**To which** his son replied positively. **Father** asked him where his umbrella was. **Son** replied that it was on the table.
13. **Suma:** I went to see a movie yesterday.  
**Suguna :** Oh, is it! Which one?  
**Suma :** Uri, the surgical strike.  
**Ans:** Suma told her friend Suguna that she had gone to see a movie the previous day



Suguna asked her which one? Suma replied that it was 'Uri the surgical strike'.

14. Wife : Our TV is out of order

Husband: God has answered my prayer.

Wife: What do you mean?

Husband: Now I can sleep peacefully.

Ans: Wife complained to her husband that their T V was out of order

The husband said that god had answered his prayer

When the wife asked him what he meant, he replied that then he could sleep peacefully

15. Raju : Sunil, how are you?

Sunil: I'm fine thank you. How about you?

Raju : Fine, thank you. Will you please help me to get a job?

Sunil: Yes , I will

Ans: Raju and Sunil exchanged pleasantries

Raju requested Sunil to help him to get a job

Sunil replied that he would

16. His friend said, "I am going tomorrow."

17. She said, "My mother is writing a letter to the principal."

18. Laxmi said, "I have passed the examination."

19. The girl said to her friend, "I shall write a novel."

20. Doctor said, "The patient died in the night."

21. The girl says, "I may not sing today."

22. Rahim will say, I have not done my homework."

23. The teacher said to the students, "The earth is round."

24. He said, "I cried out when I saw the thief coming."

25. He says, "I am glad to be here this evening."

26. He says, "I am going to Delhi."

27. I said to Mohan, "You will have to read the book."

28. Rita said to me, "He will be defeated in the battle."

29. He said to me, "what are you doing?"

30. "Where do you live?" asked the manager.

31. He said, "Will you listen to such a man?"

32. Ganguly said to Sachin, "Go to the boundary."

33. Principal said to the visitor, "Please wait here till I return."

34. He said, "Alas! I am ruined."

35. He said, "Bravo! You have done well."

36. He said to me, "There is no water."

37. He said, "I must go now."

38. He said, "I needn't go."

39. He said, "I must finish this book on Monday."

40. He said him, "Close the door."

### Answers:

16. His friend said that he was going the next day.

17. She said that her mother was writing a letter to the principal.

18. Laxmi said that she has passed the examination.

19. The girl told her friend that she would write a novel.

20. Doctor said that the patient had died in the night.

21. The girl says that she may not sing today.

22. Rahim will say that he has not done his homework.

23. The teacher said to the students that the earth is round.
24. He said that he cried out when he saw the thief coming.
25. He says that he was glad to be there that evening.
26. He says that he was going to Delhi.
27. I said to Mohan that he would have to read the book.
28. Rita said to me that he would be defeated in the battle.
29. He asked me what I was doing.
30. The manager enquired where I lived.
31. He asked them whether they would listen to such a man.
32. Ganguly instructed Sachin to go to the boundary.
33. Principal requested the visitor to wait there till he returned.
34. He exclaimed sadly that he was ruined.
35. He applauded him, saying that he had done well.
36. He told me that there was no more water.
37. He said that he had to go then.
38. He said that he will not have to go.
39. He said that he would have to finish that book on Monday. 4
40. He ordered him to close the door.

## **Essays-**

1. Environment pollution
2. Swachh Bharat Abhiyan
3. Internet
4. Use of technology in education
5. Role of sports in life
6. Population explosion
7. Importance of values education in early life
8. Plastic - an enemy of nature.
9. Mobile/smart phones.

## **Picture reading**

**Study the picture given below. Write a description or an account of what the picture suggests to you in a paragraph.**

**1.**



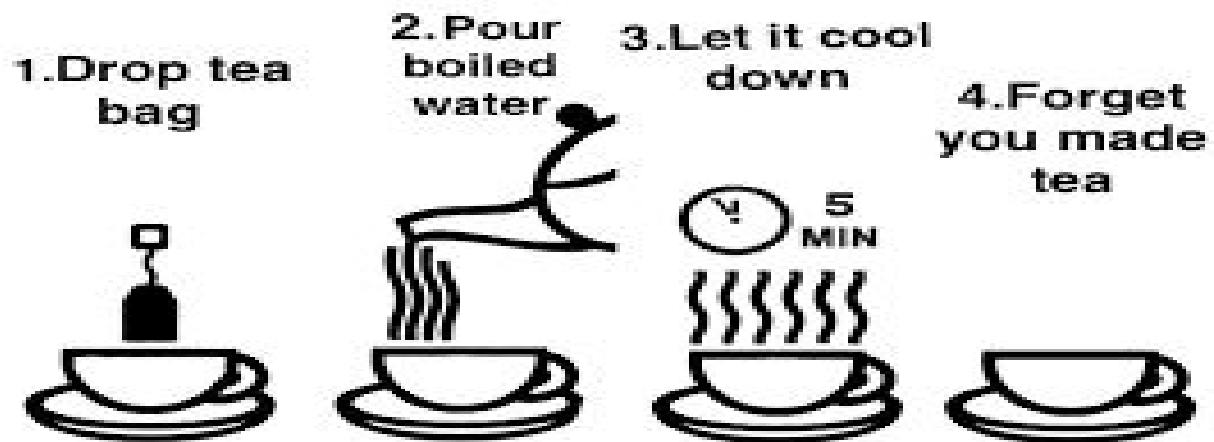
Source : <https://www.pinterest.com/pin/487303622169240317/>

2.



Source:  
<https://theinnovativeeducator.blogspot.com/2013/02/finally-research-based-proof-that.html>

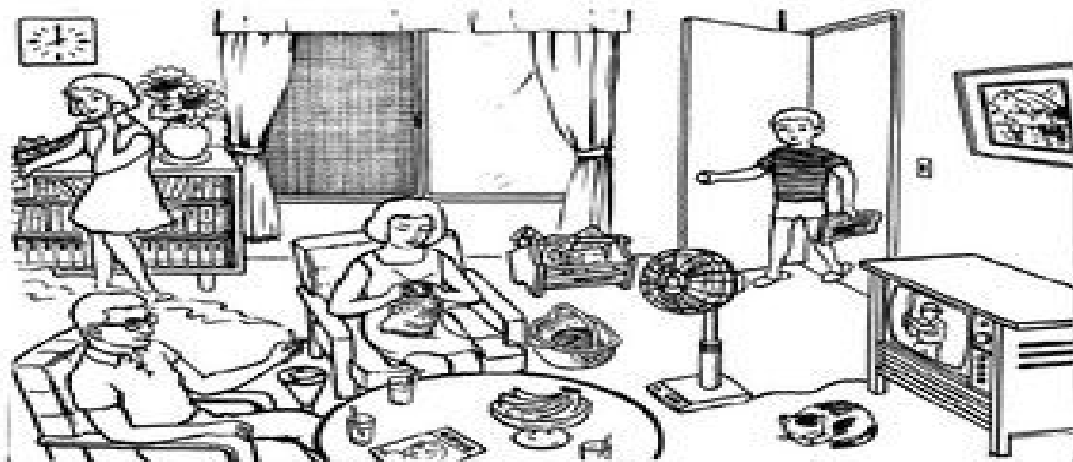
3.



Source :

[https://www.reddit.com/r/tea/comments/8s1kvl/the\\_whatactually\\_happens\\_steps\\_to\\_making\\_tea/](https://www.reddit.com/r/tea/comments/8s1kvl/the_whatactually_happens_steps_to_making_tea/)

4.



Source -

<https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Product/Picture-description-4843928>

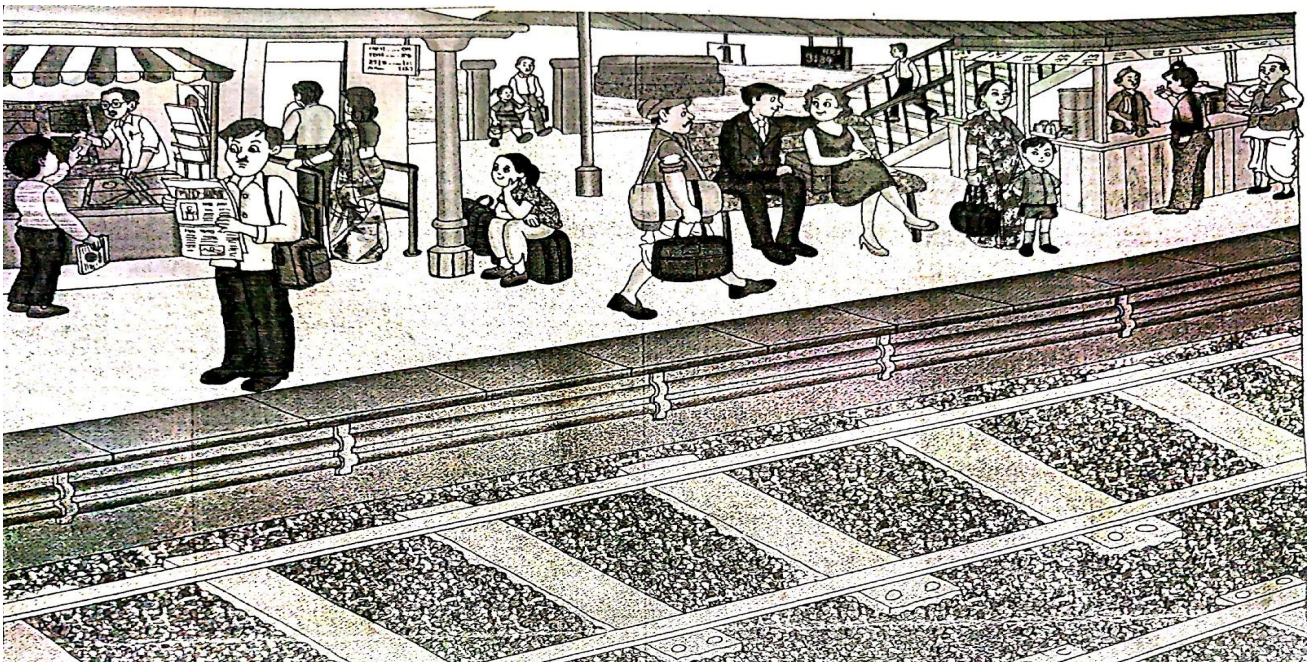


5.



Source-<https://brainly.in/question/746427>

6.

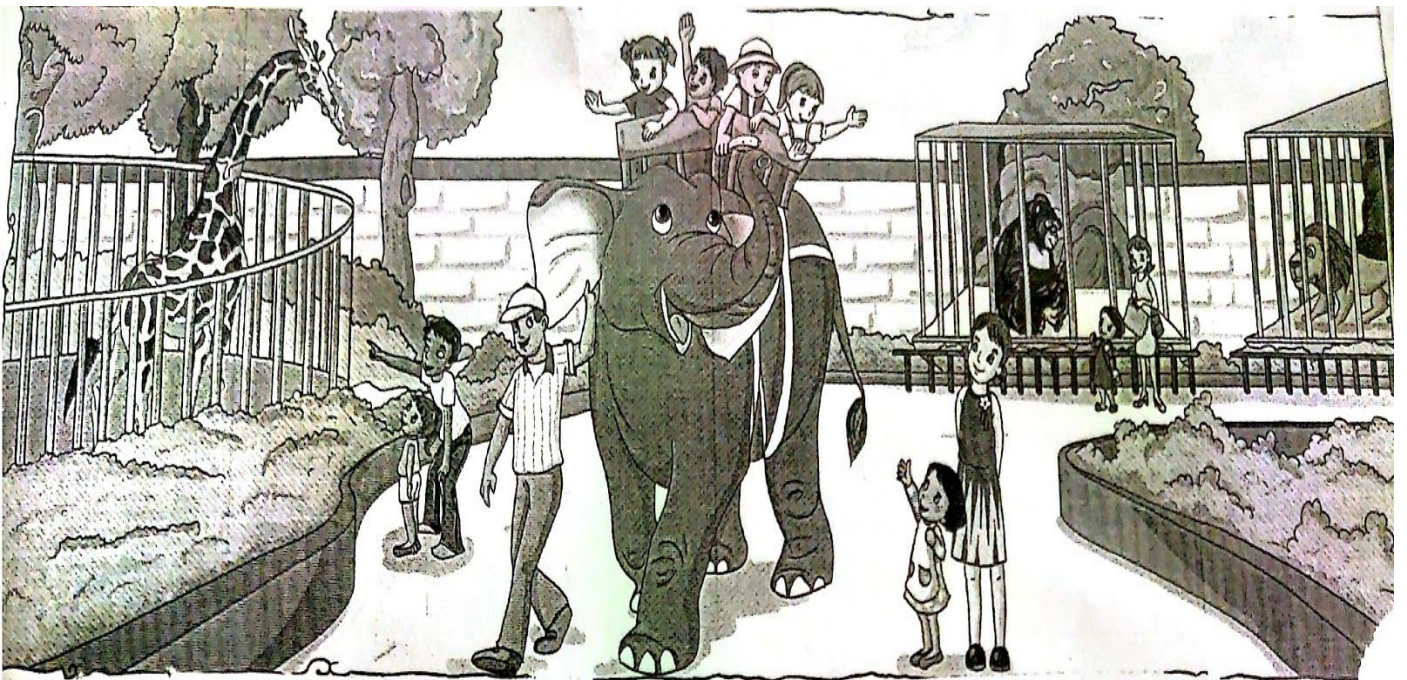




7.



8.





9.



10.



## **Story development**

**Develop the story using the clues given below**

- 1. A rich farmer – lot of land – Cattle and servants – two sons – happy life – After some years younger son unhappy – asked for his share of the property – wouldn't listen father's advice – got his share - sold them all – went away to another country – fell into bad ways – soon all money gone – poor – no one to help him – understand his mistake.**
- 2. Rabbit – proud of speed – met tortoise- race- both run- rabbit saw tortoise – far behind- sleep- tortoise slowly walk- reach goal- rabbit wake up- see for tortoise- reached goal-shame- learnt lesson.**
- 3. Silly cricket — sang and danced all the summer — didn't store food — winter came — dying of hunger — went to an ant — begged for food — ant refused to help and asked the cricket to dance till winter away — moral.**
- 4. A farmer — hen — laid golden eggs. Sold — rich. But — greedy — at a time. — cut — no eggs — sad. Lost — hen and eggs.**
- 5. An old woman.....in village.....had a goose.....lay a golden egg.....sold and earned.....her living.....thought had eggs in the stomach .....planned to kill.....thinking that.....becoming rich.....killed and found only one egg.**
- 6. Ramappa.....wood cutter....earned livelihood by cutting trees.....once his axe fell into the river.....prayed .... river goddess... appeared.....with golden axe....he refuses to take.....she..showed silver axe....he refuses..she showed his own axe.....finally she blessed him with all the three axes.**
- 7. Once lion-was asleep-mouse began running up and down - awoke the lion - caught the mouse -"Pardon, O King!" cried the little mouse. The lion was kind-he lifted his paw and let him go -Sometime later, a few hunters captured the lion - little mouse happened to pass by- he ran up to him and chewed the ropes that bound him - the king of the jungle freed – lion thanked mouse- mouse was very happy to help the lion.**
- 8. A silly cricket - sings all the summer - does not store food - dying of hunger in winter - goes to an ant - begs for food - ant refuses - remarks - dance all the winter - moral.**



9. In a village ..... An elephant ..... River .....go for bath daily..... on the way a tailor.....gave .....banana daily.....one day ....pricked needle....elephant angry....brought muddy water.....sprayed ....the new clothes dirty.

10. A farmer - three sons - always quarrel - decides to teach them a lesson - gives them a bundle of sticks to break - none could break, advises them to untie the bundle and break - could break the sticks - moral.

